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**Technical Specification** 

3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Channels and Modulation (Release 10)





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### Foreword

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- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

### 1 Scope

The present document describes the physical channels for evolved UTRA.

### 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 36.201: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Layer General Description".
- [3] 3GPP TS 36.212: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Multiplexing and channel coding".
- [4] 3GPP TS 36.213: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical layer procedures".
- [5] 3GPP TS 36.214: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical layer Measurements".
- [6] 3GPP TS 36.104: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception".
- [7] 3GPP TS 36.101: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception".
- [8] 3GPP TS36.321, "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification"

## 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

### 3.1 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

(k,l)Resource element with frequency-domain index k and time-domain index l $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ Value of resource element (k,l) [for antenna port p]DMatrix for supporting cyclic delay diversity $D_{\rm RA}$ Density of random access opportunities per radio frame $f_0$ Carrier frequency

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f	PRACH resource frequency index within the considered time-domain location
$f_{RA}$ M PUSCH	
$M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$	Scheduled bandwidth for uplink transmission, expressed as a number of subcarriers
$M_{\rm RB}^{\rm PUSCH}$	Scheduled bandwidth for uplink transmission, expressed as a number of resource blocks
$M_{\rm bit}^{(q)}$	Number of coded bits to transmit on a physical channel [for codeword $q$ ]
$M_{ m symb}^{(q)}$	Number of modulation symbols to transmit on a physical channel [for codeword $q$ ]
$M_{ m symb}^{ m layer}$	Number of modulation symbols to transmit per layer for a physical channel
$M_{ m symb}^{ m ap}$	Number of modulation symbols to transmit per antenna port for a physical channel
Ν	A constant equal to 2048 for $\Delta f = 15$ kHz and 4096 for $\Delta f = 7.5$ kHz
$N_{\mathrm{CP},l}$	Downlink cyclic prefix length for OFDM symbol $l$ in a slot
N <sub>CS</sub>	Cyclic shift value used for random access preamble generation
$N_{ m cs}^{(1)}$	Number of cyclic shifts used for PUCCH formats 1/1a/1b in a resource block with a mix of formats 1/1a/1b and 2/2a/2b
$N_{ m RB}^{(2)}$	Bandwidth available for use by PUCCH formats $2/2a/2b$ , expressed in multiples of $N_{sc}^{RB}$
$N_{ m RB}^{ m HO}$	The offset used for PUSCH frequency hopping, expressed in number of resource blocks (set by higher layers)
$N_{ m ID}^{ m cell}$	Physical layer cell identity
$N_{ m ID}^{ m MBSFN}$	MBSFN area identity
$N_{ m RB}^{ m DL}$	Downlink bandwidth configuration, expressed in multiples of $N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$
$N_{ m RB}^{ m min,DL}$	Smallest downlink bandwidth configuration, expressed in multiples of $N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$
$N_{ m RB}^{ m max,DL}$	Largest downlink bandwidth configuration, expressed in multiples of $N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$
$N_{ m RB}^{ m UL}$	Uplink bandwidth configuration, expressed in multiples of $N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$
$N_{ m RB}^{ m min,UL}$	Smallest uplink bandwidth configuration, expressed in multiples of $N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$
$N_{\rm RB}^{\rm max,UL}$	Largest uplink bandwidth configuration, expressed in multiples of $N_{sc}^{RB}$
$N_{ m symb}^{ m DL}$	Number of OFDM symbols in a downlink slot
$N_{ m symb}^{ m UL}$	Number of SC-FDMA symbols in an uplink slot
$N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$	Resource block size in the frequency domain, expressed as a number of subcarriers
$N_{\rm sb}$	Number of sub-bands for PUSCH frequency-hopping with predefined hopping pattern
$N_{ m RB}^{ m sb}$	Size of each sub-band for PUSCH frequency-hopping with predefined hopping pattern, expressed
$N_{\rm SP}$	as a number of resource blocks Number of downlink to uplink switch points within the radio frame
$N_{\rm RS}^{\rm PUCCH}$	Number of reference symbols per slot for PUCCH
$N_{\mathrm{TA}}$	Timing offset between uplink and downlink radio frames at the UE, expressed in units of $T_s$
$N_{\rm TA  offset}$	Fixed timing advance offset, expressed in units of $T_s$
$n_{ m PUCCH}^{(1,\widetilde{p})}$	Resource index for PUCCH formats 1/1a/1b
$n_{ m PUCCH}^{(2,\widetilde{p})}$	Resource index for PUCCH formats 2/2a/2b
$n_{ m PUCCH}^{(3,\widetilde{p})}$	Resource index for PUCCH formats 3
n <sub>PDCCH</sub>	Number of PDCCHs present in a subframe
n <sub>PRB</sub>	Physical resource block number
$n_{\rm PRB}^{\rm RA}$	First physical resource block occupied by PRACH resource considered
$n_{\rm PRBoffset}^{\rm RA}$	First physical resource block available for PRACH
$n_{\rm VRB}$	Virtual resource block number
n <sub>RNTI</sub>	Radio network temporary identifier
$n_{ m f}$	System frame number

n <sub>s</sub>	Slot number within a radio frame
Р	Number of antenna ports used for transmission of a channel
р	Antenna port number
q	Codeword number
$r_{\rm RA}$	Index for PRACH versions with same preamble format and PRACH density
$Q_m$	Modulation order: 2 for QPSK, 4 for 16QAM and 6 for 64QAM transmissions
$s_l^{(p)}(t)$	Time-continuous baseband signal for antenna port $p$ and OFDM symbol $l$ in a slot
$t_{\rm RA}^{(0)}$	Radio frame indicator index of PRACH opportunity
$t_{\mathrm{RA}}^{(1)}$	Half frame index of PRACH opportunity within the radio frame
$t_{\rm RA}^{(2)}$	Uplink subframe number for start of PRACH opportunity within the half frame
$T_{ m f}$	Radio frame duration
T <sub>s</sub>	Basic time unit
$T_{\rm slot}$	Slot duration
W	Precoding matrix for downlink spatial multiplexing
$\beta_{ m PRACH}$	Amplitude scaling for PRACH
$eta_{ ext{PUCCH}}$	Amplitude scaling for PUCCH
$\beta_{ m PUSCH}$	Amplitude scaling for PUSCH
$eta_{ m SRS}$	Amplitude scaling for sounding reference symbols
$\Delta f$	Subcarrier spacing
$\Delta f_{\rm RA}$	Subcarrier spacing for the random access preamble
υ	Number of transmission layers

### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

CCE	Control channel element
CDD	Cyclic delay diversity
CSI	Channel-State Information
PBCH	Physical broadcast channel
PCFICH	Physical control format indicator channel
PDCCH	Physical downlink control channel
PDSCH	Physical downlink shared channel
PHICH	Physical hybrid-ARQ indicator channel
PMCH	Physical multicast channel
PRACH	Physical random access channel
PUCCH	Physical uplink control channel
PUSCH	Physical uplink shared channel

## 4 Frame structure

Throughout this specification, unless otherwise noted, the size of various fields in the time domain is expressed as a number of time units  $T_s = 1/(15000 \times 2048)$  seconds.

Downlink and uplink transmissions are organized into radio frames with  $T_f = 307200 \times T_s = 10 \text{ ms}$  duration. Two radio frame structures are supported:

- Type 1, applicable to FDD,
- Type 2, applicable to TDD.

Transmissions in multiple cells can be aggregated where up to four secondary cells can be used in addition to the primary cell. Unless otherwise noted, the description in this specification applies to each of the up to five serving cells. In case of multi-cell aggregation, the UE may assume the same frame structure is used in all the serving cells.

### 4.1 Frame structure type 1

Frame structure type 1 is applicable to both full duplex and half duplex FDD. Each radio frame is  $T_{\rm f} = 307200 \cdot T_{\rm s} = 10 \,\text{ms}$  long and consists of 20 slots of length  $T_{\rm slot} = 15360 \cdot T_{\rm s} = 0.5 \,\text{ms}$ , numbered from 0 to 19. A subframe is defined as two consecutive slots where subframe *i* consists of slots 2i and 2i + 1.

For FDD, 10 subframes are available for downlink transmission and 10 subframes are available for uplink transmissions in each 10 ms interval. Uplink and downlink transmissions are separated in the frequency domain. In half-duplex FDD operation, the UE cannot transmit and receive at the same time while there are no such restrictions in full-duplex FDD.



Figure 4.1-1: Frame structure type 1.

### 4.2 Frame structure type 2

Frame structure type 2 is applicable to TDD. Each radio frame of length  $T_f = 307200 \cdot T_s = 10 \text{ ms}$  consists of two half-frames of length  $153600 \cdot T_s = 5 \text{ ms}$  each. Each half-frame consists of five subframes of length  $30720 \cdot T_s = 1 \text{ ms}$ . The supported uplink-downlink configurations are listed in Table 4.2-2 where, for each subframe in a radio frame, "D" denotes the subframe is reserved for downlink transmissions, "U" denotes the subframe is reserved for uplink transmissions and "S" denotes a special subframe with the three fields DwPTS, GP and UpPTS. The length of DwPTS and UpPTS is given by Table 4.2-1 subject to the total length of DwPTS, GP and UpPTS being equal to  $30720 \cdot T_s = 1 \text{ ms}$ . Each subframe *i* is defined as two slots, 2i and 2i+1 of length  $T_{slot} = 15360 \cdot T_s = 0.5 \text{ ms}$  in each subframe.

Uplink-downlink configurations with both 5 ms and 10 ms downlink-to-uplink switch-point periodicity are supported.

In case of 5 ms downlink-to-uplink switch-point periodicity, the special subframe exists in both half-frames.

In case of 10 ms downlink-to-uplink switch-point periodicity, the special subframe exists in the first half-frame only.

Subframes 0 and 5 and DwPTS are always reserved for downlink transmission. UpPTS and the subframe immediately following the special subframe are always reserved for uplink transmission.

In case multiple cells are aggregated, the UE may assume the same uplink-downlink configuration across all the cells and that the guard period of the special subframe in the different cells have an overlap of at least  $1456 \cdot T_s$ .



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Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Special subframe	Norma	I cyclic prefix i	n downlink	Exte	nded cyclic prefix	in downlink						
configuration	DwPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	Up	PTS						
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink						
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_{\rm s}$							
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		$2560 \cdot T_s$						
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$23040 \cdot T_s$		2500·1 <sub>s</sub>						
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$									$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$								
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$						
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	5120 T	$23040 \cdot T_s$								
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$	$4364.1_{8}$	$5120 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	-		-						
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-		-						

Table 4.2-1: Config	uration of specia	al subframe (len	aths of DwP	TS/GP/UnPTS)
Table 4.2-1. Coming	uration of specie	a submanic (ich	guis or Dwi	10/01/00110/.

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configuration	ns.
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Uplink-downlink Downlink-to-Uplink		Subframe number									
configuration Switch-point periodicity		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

## 5 Uplink

### 5.1 Overview

The smallest resource unit for uplink transmissions is denoted a resource element and is defined in section 5.2.2.

#### 5.1.1 Physical channels

An uplink physical channel corresponds to a set of resource elements carrying information originating from higher layers and is the interface defined between 36.212 and 36.211. The following uplink physical channels are defined:

- Physical Uplink Shared Channel, PUSCH
- Physical Uplink Control Channel, PUCCH
- Physical Random Access Channel, PRACH

#### 5.1.2 Physical signals

An uplink physical signal is used by the physical layer but does not carry information originating from higher layers. The following uplink physical signals are defined:

- Reference signal

### 5.2 Slot structure and physical resources

#### 5.2.1 Resource grid

The transmitted signal in each slot is described by one or several resource grids of  $N_{RB}^{UL}N_{sc}^{RB}$  subcarriers and  $N_{symb}^{UL}$ 

SC-FDMA symbols. The resource grid is illustrated in Figure 5.2.1-1. The quantity  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}$  depends on the uplink transmission bandwidth configured in the cell and shall fulfil

$$N_{\rm RB}^{\rm min, UL} \le N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} \le N_{\rm RB}^{\rm max, UL}$$

where  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{min,UL}} = 6$  and  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max,UL}} = 110$  are the smallest and largest uplink bandwidths, respectively, supported by the current version of this specification. The set of allowed values for  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}$  is given by [7].

The number of SC-FDMA symbols in a slot depends on the cyclic prefix length configured by the higher layer parameter *UL-CyclicPrefixLength* and is given in Table 5.2.3-1.

An antenna port is defined such that the channel over which a symbol on the antenna port is conveyed can be inferred from the channel over which another symbol on the same antenna port is conveyed. There is one resource grid per antenna port. The antenna ports used for transmission of a physical channel or signal depends on the number of antenna ports configured for the physical channel or signal as shown in Table 5.2.1-1. The index  $\tilde{p}$  is used throughout Section 5 when a sequential numbering of the antenna ports is necessary.



Figure 5.2.1-1: Uplink resource grid.

Physical channel or signal	Index $\widetilde{p}$	Antenna port number $p$ as a function of the number of antenna ports configured for the respective physical channel/signal						
		1	2	4				
	0	10	20	40				
PUSCH	1	-	21	41				
FUSCH	2	-	-	42				
	3	-	-	43				
	0	10	20	40				
SRS	1	-	21	41				
363	2	-	-	42				
	3	-	-	43				
PUCCH	0	100	200	-				
FUCCH	1	-	201	-				

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#### 5.2.2 Resource elements

Each element in the resource grid is called a resource element and is uniquely defined by the index pair (k,l) in a slot where  $k = 0, ..., N_{RB}^{UL} N_{sc}^{RB} - 1$  and  $l = 0, ..., N_{symb}^{UL} - 1$  are the indices in the frequency and time domains, respectively. Resource element (k,l) on antenna port p corresponds to the complex value  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ . When there is no risk for confusion, or no particular antenna port is specified, the index p may be dropped. Quantities  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$  corresponding to resource elements not used for transmission of a physical channel or a physical signal in a slot shall be set to zero.

#### 5.2.3 Resource blocks

A physical resource block is defined as  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{UL}}$  consecutive SC-FDMA symbols in the time domain and

 $N_{sc}^{RB}$  consecutive subcarriers in the frequency domain, where  $N_{symb}^{UL}$  and  $N_{sc}^{RB}$  are given by Table 5.2.3-1. A physical resource block in the uplink thus consists of  $N_{symb}^{UL} \times N_{sc}^{RB}$  resource elements, corresponding to one slot in the time domain and 180 kHz in the frequency domain.

Table 5.2.3-1: Resource block parameters.

Configuration	$N_{ m sc}^{ m RB}$	$N_{ m symb}^{ m UL}$
Normal cyclic prefix	12	7
Extended cyclic prefix	12	6

The relation between the physical resource block number  $n_{PRB}$  in the frequency domain and resource elements (k, l) in a slot is given by

$$n_{\rm PRB} = \left| \frac{k}{N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}} \right|$$

### 5.3 Physical uplink shared channel

The baseband signal representing the physical uplink shared channel is defined in terms of the following steps:

- scrambling
- modulation of scrambled bits to generate complex-valued symbols
- mapping of the complex-valued modulation symbols onto one or several transmission layers
- transform precoding to generate complex-valued symbols
- precoding of the complex-valued symbols
- mapping of precoded complex-valued symbols to resource elements
- generation of complex-valued time-domain SC-FDMA signal for each antenna port



Figure 5.3-1: Overview of uplink physical channel processing.

#### 5.3.1 Scrambling

For each codeword q, the block of bits  $b^{(q)}(0),...,b^{(q)}(M^{(q)}_{bit}-1)$ , where  $M^{(q)}_{bit}$  is the number of bits transmitted in codeword q on the physical uplink shared channel in one subframe, shall be scrambled with a UE-specific scrambling sequence prior to modulation, resulting in a block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}^{(q)}(0),...,\tilde{b}^{(q)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(q)}-1)$  according to the following pseudo code

Set 
$$i = 0$$

while  $i < M_{\text{bit}}^{(q)}$ 

if  $b^{(q)}(i) = x$ // ACK/NACK or Rank Indication placeholder bits

 $\tilde{b}^{(q)}(i) = 1$ 

else

if  $b^{(q)}(i) = y // ACK/NACK$  or Rank Indication repetition placeholder bits

$$\widetilde{b}^{(q)}(i) = \widetilde{b}^{(q)}(i-1)$$

// Data or channel quality coded bits, Rank Indication coded bits or ACK/NACK coded bits

$$\hat{b}^{(q)}(i) = (b^{(q)}(i) + c^{(q)}(i)) \mod 2$$

end if

end if

i = i + 1

end while

where x and y are tags defined in [3] section 5.2.2.6 and where the scrambling sequence  $c^{(q)}(i)$  is given by Section 7.2. The scrambling sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = n_{\text{RNTI}} \cdot 2^{14} + q \cdot 2^{13} + \lfloor n_{\text{s}}/2 \rfloor \cdot 2^9 + N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}}$  at the start of each subframe where  $n_{\rm RNTI}$  corresponds to the RNTI associated with the PUSCH transmission as described in Section 8 in [4].

Up to two codewords can be transmitted in one subframe, i.e.,  $q \in \{0,1\}$ . In the case of single-codeword transmission, q = 0.

#### 5.3.2 Modulation

For each codeword q, the block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}^{(q)}(0),...,\tilde{b}^{(q)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(q)}-1)$  shall be modulated as described in Section 7.1, resulting in a block of complex-valued symbols  $d^{(q)}(0),...,d^{(q)}(M_{symb}^{(q)}-1)$ . Table 5.3.2-1 specifies the modulation mappings applicable for the physical uplink shared channel.

Table 5.3.2-1: Uplink modulation schemes.

Physical channel	Modulation schemes
PUSCH	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM

#### 5.3.2A Layer mapping

The complex-valued modulation symbols for each of the codewords to be transmitted are mapped onto one or two layers. Complex-valued modulation symbols  $d^{(q)}(0),...,d^{(q)}(M_{symb}^{(q)}-1)$  for codeword q shall be mapped onto the layers  $x(i) = \left[x^{(0)}(i) \dots x^{(\nu-1)}(i)\right]^T$ ,  $i = 0,1,...,M_{symb}^{layer}-1$  where v is the number of layers and  $M_{symb}^{layer}$  is the number of modulation symbols per layer.

#### 5.3.2A.1 Layer mapping for transmission on a single antenna port

For transmission on a single antenna port, a single layer is used, v = 1, and the mapping is defined by

$$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(i)$$

with  $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}} = M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)}$ .

#### 5.3.2A.2 Layer mapping for spatial multiplexing

For spatial multiplexing, the layer mapping shall be done according to Table 5.3.2A.2-1. The number of layers v is less than or equal to the number of antenna ports P used for transmission of the physical uplink shared channel. The case of a single codeword mapped to multiple layers is only applicable when the number of antenna ports used for PUSCH is four.

Number of layers	Number of codewords	Codeword-to-layer mapping $i = 0,1,,M_{symb}^{layer} - 1$
1	1	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(i)$ $M^{\text{layer}}_{\text{symb}} = M^{(0)}_{\text{symb}}$
2	1	$ \begin{array}{c} x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i) \\ x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i+1) \end{array} \qquad M^{\text{layer}}_{\text{symb}} = M^{(0)}_{\text{symb}} / 2 \end{array} $
2	2	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(1)}(i)$ $M^{\text{layer}}_{\text{symb}} = M^{(0)}_{\text{symb}} = M^{(1)}_{\text{symb}}$
3	2	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(1)}(2i)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(1)}(2i+1)$ $M^{\text{layer}}_{\text{symb}} = M^{(0)}_{\text{symb}} = M^{(1)}_{\text{symb}}/2$
4	2	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i+1)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(1)}(2i)$ $x^{(3)}(i) = d^{(1)}(2i+1)$ $M^{\text{layer}}_{\text{symb}} = M^{(0)}_{\text{symb}} / 2 = M^{(1)}_{\text{symb}} / 2$

Table 5.3.2A.2-1: Codeword-to-layer mapping for spatial multiplexing.

### 5.3.3 Transform precoding

For each layer  $\lambda = 0, 1, ..., \upsilon - 1$  the block of complex-valued symbols  $x^{(\lambda)}(0), ..., x^{(\lambda)}(M_{symb}^{layer} - 1)$  is divided into  $M_{symb}^{layer}/M_{sc}^{PUSCH}$  sets, each corresponding to one SC-FDMA symbol. Transform precoding shall be applied according to

$$y^{(\lambda)}(l \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH} + k) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{M_{sc}^{PUSCH}}} \sum_{i=0}^{M_{sc}^{PUSCH}-1} x^{(\lambda)}(l \cdot M_{sc}^{PUSCH} + i)e^{-j\frac{2\pi k}{M_{sc}^{PUSCH}}}$$
$$k = 0, \dots, M_{sc}^{PUSCH} - 1$$
$$l = 0, \dots, M_{symb}^{layer} / M_{sc}^{PUSCH} - 1$$

resulting in a block of complex-valued symbols  $y^{(\lambda)}(0),..., y^{(\lambda)}(M_{symb}^{layer}-1)$ . The variable  $M_{sc}^{PUSCH} = M_{RB}^{PUSCH} \cdot N_{sc}^{RB}$ , where  $M_{RB}^{PUSCH}$  represents the bandwidth of the PUSCH in terms of resource blocks, and shall fulfil

$$M_{\rm RB}^{\rm PUSCH} = 2^{\alpha_2} \cdot 3^{\alpha_3} \cdot 5^{\alpha_5} \le N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL}$$

where  $\alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_5$  is a set of non-negative integers.

#### 5.3.3A Precoding

The precoder takes as input a block of vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} y^{(0)}(i) & \dots & y^{(\nu-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ ,  $i = 0, 1, \dots, M_{symb}^{layer} - 1$  from the transform precoder and generates a block of vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} z^{(0)}(i) & \dots & z^{(P-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ ,  $i = 0, 1, \dots, M_{symb}^{ap} - 1$  to be mapped onto resource elements.

#### 5.3.3A.1 Precoding for transmission on a single antenna port

For transmission on a single antenna port, precoding is defined by

$$z^{(0)}(i) = y^{(0)}(i)$$

where  $i = 0, 1, ..., M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} - 1$ ,  $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} = M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}}$ .

#### 5.3.3A.2 Precoding for spatial multiplexing

Precoding for spatial multiplexing is only used in combination with layer mapping for spatial multiplexing as described in Section 5.3.2A.2. Spatial multiplexing supports P = 2 or P = 4 antenna ports where the set of antenna ports used for spatial multiplexing is  $p \in \{20,21\}$  and  $p \in \{40,41,42,43\}$ , respectively.

Precoding for spatial multiplexing is defined by

$$\begin{bmatrix} z^{(0)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ z^{(P-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W \begin{bmatrix} y^{(0)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y^{(\nu-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}$$

where  $i = 0, 1, ..., M_{symb}^{ap} - 1$ ,  $M_{symb}^{ap} = M_{symb}^{layer}$ .

The precoding matrix W of size  $P \times v$  is given by one of the entries in Table 5.3.3A.2-1 for P = 2 and by Tables 5.3.3A.2-2 through 5.3.3A.2-5 for P = 4 where the entries in each row are ordered from left to right in increasing order of codebook indices.

Table 5.3.3A.2-1: Codebook for transmission on antenna ports {20,21}.

Codebook	Number of layers	
index	$\upsilon = 1$	$\upsilon = 2$

0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$	-
2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ j \end{bmatrix}$	-
3	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ -j \end{bmatrix}$	-
4	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	-
5	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	-

Table 5.3.3A.2-2: Codebook for transmission on antenna ports  $\{\!40,\!41,\!42,\!43\}$  with  $\upsilon\!=\!1$  .

Codebook index				Number of I	ayers $v = 1$			
0 – 7	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\1\\-1\end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\j\\j \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 1\\ -j\\ -j \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ j\\ 1\\ j \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\j\\j\\1\end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ j\\ -1\\ -j \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\j\\-j\\-1\end{bmatrix}$
8 – 15	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array} $	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\j\\-j\end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ -1\\ -1\\ -1\\ -1 \end{array} $	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ -1\\ -j\\ j \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\-j\\1\\-j\end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\-j\\j\\-1\end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ -j\\ -1\\ j \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ -j\\ -j\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
16 – 23	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\0\\1\\0\end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ 1\\ 0\\ -1\\ 0 \end{array} $	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\0\\j\\0\end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\0\\-j\\0\end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}0\\1\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ 1\\ 0\\ -1 \end{array} $	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}0\\1\\0\\j\end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c}     1 \\     1 \\     2 \\     0 \\     -j \end{array} $

Codebook index		Number of	layers $v = 2$	
0 - 3	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -j \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & j \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 0 \\ -j & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{array} $	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -j & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
4 - 7	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -j \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & j \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 0 \\ j & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{array} $	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0\\ j & 0\\ 0 & 1\\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
8 – 11	$ \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{array} $	$ \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} $
12 – 15	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0\\ 0 & 1\\ 0 & 1\\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{array} $	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Table 5.3.3A.2-3: Codebook for transmission on antenna ports  $\{40,41,42,43\}$  with v = 2.

Table 5.3.3A.2-4: Codebook for transmission on antenna ports  $\{40,41,42,43\}$  with v = 3.

Codebook index		Number of I	ayers $v = 3$	
0 – 3	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
4 - 7	$\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
8 – 11	$ \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} $	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Table 5.3.3A.2-5: Codebook for transmission on antenna ports	{40,41,42,43	$\}$ with $v = 4$ .
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Codebook index	Number of layers $\upsilon = 4$			
	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$			
0	1 0 1 0 0			
	$\frac{1}{2}$ 0 0 1 0			

#### 5.3.4 Mapping to physical resources

For each antenna port p used for transmission of the PUSCH in a subframe the block of complex-valued symbols  $z^{(\tilde{p})}(0),...,z^{(\tilde{p})}(M_{symb}^{ap}-1)$  shall be multiplied with the amplitude scaling factor  $\beta_{PUSCH}$  in order to conform to the transmit power  $P_{PUSCH}$  specified in Section 5.1.1.1 in [4], and mapped in sequence starting with  $z^{(\tilde{p})}(0)$  to physical resource blocks on antenna port p and assigned for transmission of PUSCH. The relation between the index  $\tilde{p}$  and the antenna port number p is given by Table 5.2.1-1. The mapping to resource elements (k, l) corresponding to the physical resource blocks assigned for transmission and

- not used for transmission of reference signals, and
- not part of the last SC-FDMA symbol in a subframe, if the UE transmits SRS in the same subframe, and
- not part of the last SC-FDMA symbol in a subframe configured with cell-specific SRS, if the PUSCH transmission partly or fully overlaps with the cell-specific SRS bandwidth, and
- not part of an SC-FDMA symbol reserved for possible SRS transmission in a UE-specific aperiodic SRS subframe

shall be in increasing order of first the index k, then the index l, starting with the first slot in the subframe.

If uplink frequency-hopping is disabled or the resource blocks allocated for PUSCH transmission are not contiguous in frequency, the set of physical resource blocks to be used for transmission is given by  $n_{\text{PRB}} = n_{\text{VRB}}$  where  $n_{\text{VRB}}$  is obtained from the uplink scheduling grant as described in Section 8.1 in [4].

If uplink frequency-hopping with type 1 PUSCH hopping is enabled, the set of physical resource blocks to be used for transmission is given by Section 8.4.1 in [4].

If uplink frequency-hopping with predefined hopping pattern is enabled, the set of physical resource blocks to be used for transmission in slot  $n_s$  is given by the scheduling grant together with a predefined pattern according to

$$\begin{split} \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) &= \left(\widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} + f_{\text{hop}}(i) \cdot N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{sb}} + \left( \left( N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{sb}} - 1 \right) - 2 \left( \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} \mod N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{sb}} \right) \right) \cdot f_{\text{m}}(i) \right) \mod \left( N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{sb}} \cdot N_{\text{sb}} \right) \\ i &= \begin{cases} \lfloor n_{\text{s}}/2 \rfloor & \text{inter - subframe hopping} \\ n_{\text{s}} & \text{intra and inter - subframe hopping} \end{cases} \\ n_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) &= \begin{cases} \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) & N_{sb} = 1 \\ \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) + \left\lceil N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{HO}}/2 \right\rceil & N_{sb} > 1 \end{cases} \\ \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} &= \begin{cases} n_{\text{VRB}} & N_{sb} = 1 \\ n_{\text{VRB}} - \left\lceil N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{HO}}/2 \right\rceil & N_{sb} > 1 \end{cases} \end{split}$$

where  $n_{\text{VRB}}$  is obtained from the scheduling grant as described in Section 8.1 in [4]. The parameter *pusch*-HoppingOffset,  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{HO}}$ , is provided by higher layers. The size  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{sb}}$  of each sub-band is given by,

$$N_{\rm RB}^{\rm sb} = \begin{cases} N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} & N_{\rm sb} = 1\\ \left\lfloor \left( N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} - N_{\rm RB}^{\rm HO} - N_{\rm RB}^{\rm HO} \bmod 2 \right) / N_{\rm sb} \\ \end{bmatrix} & N_{\rm sb} > 1 \end{cases}$$

where the number of sub-bands  $N_{sb}$  is given by higher layers. The function  $f_m(i) \in \{0,1\}$  determines whether mirroring is used or not. The parameter *Hopping-mode* provided by higher layers determines if hopping is "inter-subframe" or "intra and inter-subframe".

The hopping function  $f_{hop}(i)$  and the function  $f_{m}(i)$  are given by

$$f_{\text{hop}}(i) = \begin{cases} 0 & N_{\text{sb}} = 1\\ (f_{\text{hop}}(i-1) + \sum_{k=i:10+1}^{i\cdot10+9} c(k) \times 2^{k-(i\cdot10+1)}) \mod N_{\text{sb}} & N_{\text{sb}} = 2\\ (f_{\text{hop}}(i-1) + \left(\sum_{k=i\cdot10+1}^{i\cdot10+9} c(k) \times 2^{k-(i\cdot10+1)}\right) \mod (N_{\text{sb}} - 1) + 1) \mod N_{\text{sb}} & N_{\text{sb}} > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$f_{\rm m}(i) = \begin{cases} i \mod 2 & N_{\rm sb} = 1 \text{ and intra and inter - subframe hopping} \\ \text{CURRENT_TX_NB mod 2} & N_{\rm sb} = 1 \text{ and inter - subframe hopping} \\ c(i \cdot 10) & N_{\rm sb} > 1 \end{cases}$$

where  $f_{hop}(-1) = 0$  and the pseudo-random sequence c(i) is given by section 7.2 and CURRENT\_TX\_NB indicates the transmission number for the transport block transmitted in slot  $n_s$  as defined in [8]. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{init} = N_{ID}^{cell}$  for frame structure type 1 and  $c_{init} = 2^9 \cdot (n_f \mod 4) + N_{ID}^{cell}$  for frame structure type 2 at the start of each frame.

### 5.4 Physical uplink control channel

The physical uplink control channel, PUCCH, carries uplink control information. Simultaneous transmission of PUCCH and PUSCH from the same UE is supported if enabled by higher layers. For frame structure type 2, the PUCCH is not transmitted in the UpPTS field.

The physical uplink control channel supports multiple formats as shown in Table 5.4-1. Formats 2a and 2b are supported for normal cyclic prefix only.

PUCCH format	Modulation scheme	Number of bits per subframe, $M_{\rm bit}$
1	N/A	N/A
1a	BPSK	1
1b	QPSK	2
2	QPSK	20
2a	QPSK+BPSK	21
2b	QPSK+QPSK	22
3	QPSK	48

Table 5.4-1: Supported PUCCH formats.

All PUCCH formats use a cell-specific cyclic shift,  $n_{cs}^{cell}(n_s, l)$ , which varies with the symbol number l and the slot number  $n_s$  according to

$$n_{\rm cs}^{\rm cell}(n_{\rm s},l) = \sum_{i=0}^{7} c(8N_{\rm symb}^{\rm UL} \cdot n_{\rm s} + 8l + i) \cdot 2^{i}$$

where the pseudo-random sequence c(i) is defined by section 7.2. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialized with  $c_{init} = N_{ID}^{cell}$  corresponding to the primary cell at the beginning of each radio frame.

The physical resources used for PUCCH depends on two parameters,  $N_{\text{RB}}^{(2)}$  and  $N_{\text{cs}}^{(1)}$ , given by higher layers. The variable  $N_{\text{RB}}^{(2)} \ge 0$  denotes the bandwidth in terms of resource blocks that are available for use by PUCCH formats 2/2a/2b transmission in each slot. The variable  $N_{\text{cs}}^{(1)}$  denotes the number of cyclic shift used for PUCCH formats 1/1a/1b in a resource block used for a mix of formats 1/1a/1b and 2/2a/2b. The value of  $N_{\text{cs}}^{(1)}$  is an integer multiple of  $\Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}}$  within the range of  $\{0, 1, ..., 7\}$ , where  $\Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}}$  is provided by higher layers. No mixed resource block is present if  $N_{\text{cs}}^{(1)} = 0$ . At most one resource block in each slot supports a mix of formats 1/1a/1b and 2/2a/2b. Resources

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used for transmission of PUCCH formats 1/1a/1b, 2/2a/2b and 3 are represented by the non-negative indices  $n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$ ,

$$n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(2,\tilde{p})} < N_{\text{RB}}^{(2)} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} + \left| \frac{N_{\text{cs}}^{(1)}}{8} \right| \cdot (N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} - N_{\text{cs}}^{(1)} - 2), \text{ and } n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(3,\tilde{p})}, \text{ respectively.}$$

#### 5.4.1 PUCCH formats 1, 1a and 1b

For PUCCH format 1, information is carried by the presence/absence of transmission of PUCCH from the UE. In the remainder of this section, d(0) = 1 shall be assumed for PUCCH format 1.

For PUCCH formats 1a and 1b, one or two explicit bits are transmitted, respectively. The block of bits  $b(0),...,b(M_{bit}-1)$  shall be modulated as described in Table 5.4.1-1, resulting in a complex-valued symbol d(0). The modulation schemes for the different PUCCH formats are given by Table 5.4-1.

The complex-valued symbol d(0) shall be multiplied with a cyclically shifted length  $N_{\text{seq}}^{\text{PUCCH}} = 12$  sequence  $r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\tilde{p}})}(n)$  for each of the *P* antenna ports used for PUCCH transmission according to

$$y^{(\tilde{p})}(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{P}} d(0) \cdot r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\tilde{p}})}(n), \qquad n = 0, 1, ..., N_{\text{seq}}^{\text{PUCCH}} - 1$$

where  $r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\tilde{p}})}(n)$  is defined by section 5.5.1 with  $M_{sc}^{RS} = N_{seq}^{PUCCH}$ . The antenna-port specific cyclic shift  $\alpha_{\tilde{p}}$  varies between symbols and slots as defined below.

The block of complex-valued symbols  $y^{(\tilde{p})}(0), \dots, y^{(\tilde{p})}(N_{\text{seq}}^{\text{PUCCH}} - 1)$  shall be scrambled by  $S(n_s)$  and block-wise spread with the antenna-port specific orthogonal sequence  $w_{n^{(\tilde{p})}}(i)$  according to

$$z^{(\tilde{p})}\left(m' \cdot N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PUCCH}} \cdot N_{\text{seq}}^{\text{PUCCH}} + m \cdot N_{\text{seq}}^{\text{PUCCH}} + n\right) = S(n_{\text{s}}) \cdot w_{n_{\text{oc}}^{(\tilde{p})}}(m) \cdot y^{(\tilde{p})}(n)$$

where

$$m = 0,..., N_{SF}^{PUCCH} - 1$$
  
 $n = 0,..., N_{seq}^{PUCCH} - 1$   
 $m' = 0,1$ 

and

$$S(n_{\rm s}) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s}) \mod 2 = 0\\ e^{j\pi/2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

with  $N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PUCCH}} = 4$  for both slots of normal PUCCH formats 1/1a/1b, and  $N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PUCCH}} = 4$  for the first slot and  $N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PUCCH}} = 3$  for the second slot of shortened PUCCH formats 1/1a/1b. The sequence  $w_{n_{\infty}^{(\bar{p})}}(i)$  is given by Table 5.4.1-2 and Table 5.4.1-3 and  $n_{\bar{p}}'(n_{\text{s}})$  is defined below.

Resources used for transmission of PUCCH format 1, 1a and 1b are identified by a resource index  $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p})}$  from which the orthogonal sequence index  $n_{\text{oc}}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_s)$  and the cyclic shift  $\alpha_{\tilde{p}}(n_s, l)$  are determined according to

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$$\begin{split} n_{\rm oc}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\rm s}) &= \begin{cases} \left\lfloor n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s}) \cdot \Delta_{\rm shift}^{\rm PUCCH} \left/ N' \right\rfloor & \text{for normal cyclic prefix} \\ 2 \cdot \left\lfloor n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s}) \cdot \Delta_{\rm shift}^{\rm PUCCH} \left/ N' \right\rfloor & \text{for extended cyclic prefix} \end{cases} \\ \alpha_{\tilde{p}}(n_{\rm s}, l) &= 2\pi \cdot n_{\rm cs}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\rm s}, l) \left/ N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} \\ n_{\rm cs}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\rm s}, l) &= \begin{cases} \left[ n_{\rm cs}^{\rm cell}(n_{\rm s}, l) + \left( n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s}) \cdot \Delta_{\rm shift}^{\rm PUCCH} + \left( n_{\rm oc}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\rm s}) \mod \Delta_{\rm shift}^{\rm PUCCH} \right) \right) \mod N' \right] \mod N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} \\ \left[ n_{\rm cs}^{\rm cell}(n_{\rm s}, l) + \left( n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s}) \cdot \Delta_{\rm shift}^{\rm PUCCH} + n_{\rm oc}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\rm s}) / 2 \right) \mod N' \right] \mod N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} \\ & \text{for extended cyclic prefix} \end{cases} \end{split}$$

where

$$N' = \begin{cases} N_{cs}^{(1)} & \text{if } n_{PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})} < c \cdot N_{cs}^{(1)} / \Delta_{shift}^{PUCCH} \\ N_{sc}^{RB} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
$$c = \begin{cases} 3 & \text{normal cyclic prefix} \\ 2 & \text{extended cyclic prefix} \end{cases}$$

The resource indices within the two resource blocks in the two slots of a subframe to which the PUCCH is mapped are given by

$$n_{\tilde{p}}^{\prime}(n_{\rm s}) = \begin{cases} n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})} & \text{if } n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})} < c \cdot N_{\rm cs}^{(1)} / \Delta_{\rm shift}^{\rm PUCCH} \\ \left( n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(1,\tilde{p})} - c \cdot N_{\rm cs}^{(1)} / \Delta_{\rm shift}^{\rm PUCCH} \right) \text{mod} \left( c \cdot N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} / \Delta_{\rm shift}^{\rm PUCCH} \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

for  $n_s \mod 2 = 0$  and by

$$n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{s}) = \begin{cases} \left[ c \left( n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{s}-1)+1 \right) \right] \mod \left( c N_{sc}^{\text{RB}} \big/ \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}} + 1 \right) - 1 & n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p})} \ge c \cdot N_{cs}^{(1)} \big/ \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}} \\ \left| h_{\tilde{p}} / c \right| + \left( h_{\tilde{p}} \mod c \right) N' / \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

for  $n_s \mod 2 = 1$ , where  $h_{\tilde{p}} = \left(n'_{\tilde{p}}(n_s - 1) + d\right) \mod \left(cN'/\Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}}\right)$ , with d = 2 for normal CP and d = 0 for extended CP.

The parameter *deltaPUCCH-Shift*  $\Delta_{shift}^{PUCCH}$  is provided by higher layers.

Table 5.4.1-1: Modulation symbol	d(0)	for PUCCH formats 1a and 1b.
----------------------------------	------	------------------------------

PUCCH format	$b(0),,b(M_{\text{bit}}-1)$	<i>d</i> (0)
1a	0	1
Ia	1	-1
	00	1
1b	01	-j
ai	10	j
	11	-1

Table 5.4.1-2: Orthogonal sequences  $\left[w(0) \quad \cdots \quad w(N_{SF}^{PUCCH} - 1)\right]$  for  $N_{SF}^{PUCCH} = 4$ .

Sequence index $n_{\rm oc}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\rm s})$	<b>Orthogonal sequences</b> $\begin{bmatrix} w(0) & \cdots & w(N_{SF}^{PUCCH} - 1) \end{bmatrix}$
0	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$
1	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & +1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
2	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & -1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$

 Sequence index  $n_{oc}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_s)$  Orthogonal sequences  $[w(0) \cdots w(N_{SF}^{PUCCH} - 1)]$  

 0
  $[1 \ 1 \ 1]$  

 1
  $[1 \ e^{j2\pi/3} \ e^{j4\pi/3}]$  

 2
  $[1 \ e^{j4\pi/3} \ e^{j2\pi/3}]$ 

Table 5.4.1-3: Orthogonal sequences  $\left[w(0) \cdots w(N_{SF}^{PUCCH} - 1)\right]$  for  $N_{SF}^{PUCCH} = 3$ .

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#### 5.4.2 PUCCH formats 2, 2a and 2b

The block of bits b(0),...,b(19) shall be scrambled with a UE-specific scrambling sequence, resulting in a block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(19)$  according to

$$\widetilde{b}(i) = (b(i) + c(i)) \mod 2$$

where the scrambling sequence c(i) is given by Section 7.2. The scrambling sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = (\lfloor n_s/2 \rfloor + 1) \cdot (2N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} + 1) \cdot 2^{16} + n_{\text{RNTI}}$  at the start of each subframe where  $n_{\text{RNTI}}$  is C-RNTI.

The block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(19)$  shall be QPSK modulated as described in Section 7.1, resulting in a block of complex-valued modulation symbols d(0),...,d(9).

Each complex-valued symbol d(0),...,d(9) shall be multiplied with a cyclically shifted length  $N_{\text{seq}}^{\text{PUCCH}} = 12$  sequence  $r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\tilde{p}})}(n)$  for each of the *P* antenna ports used for PUCCH transmission according to

$$z^{(\tilde{p})}(N_{\text{seq}}^{\text{PUCCH}} \cdot n + i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{P}} d(n) \cdot r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\tilde{p}})}(i)$$
$$n = 0, 1, \dots, 9$$
$$i = 0, 1, \dots, N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} - 1$$

where  $r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\tilde{p}})}(i)$  is defined by section 5.5.1 with  $M_{sc}^{RS} = N_{seq}^{PUCCH}$ .

Resources used for transmission of PUCCH formats 2/2a/2b are identified by a resource index  $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(2,\tilde{p})}$  from which the cyclic shift  $\alpha_{\tilde{p}}(n_{s}, l)$  is determined according to

$$\alpha_{\tilde{p}}(n_{\rm s},l) = 2\pi \cdot n_{\rm cs}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\rm s},l) / N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$$

where

$$n_{\rm cs}^{(\widetilde{p})}(n_{\rm s},l) = \left(n_{\rm cs}^{\rm cell}(n_{\rm s},l) + n_{\widetilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s})\right) \mod N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$$

and

$$n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s}) = \begin{cases} n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(2,\tilde{p})} \mod N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} & \text{if } n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(2,\tilde{p})} < N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} N_{\rm RB}^{(2)} \\ \left( n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(2,\tilde{p})} + N_{\rm cs}^{(1)} + 1 \right) \mod N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

for  $n_s \mod 2 = 0$  and by

$$n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s}) = \begin{cases} \left[ N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} \left( n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s}-1)+1 \right) \right] \mod \left( N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}+1 \right) - 1 & \text{if } n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(2,\tilde{p})} < N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} N_{\rm RB}^{(2)} \\ \left( N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}-2 - n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(2,\tilde{p})} \right) \mod N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

for  $n_s \mod 2 = 1$ .

For PUCCH formats 2a and 2b, supported for normal cyclic prefix only, the bit(s)  $b(20),...,b(M_{bit} - 1)$  shall be modulated as described in Table 5.4.2-1 resulting in a single modulation symbol d(10) used in the generation of the reference-signal for PUCCH format 2a and 2b as described in Section 5.5.2.2.1.

PUCCH format	$b(20),,b(M_{bit}-1)$	<i>d</i> (10)
2a	0	1
28	1	-1
	00	1
2b	01	-j
20	10	j
	11	-1

Table 5.4.2-1: Modulation symbol d(10) for PUCCH formats 2a and 2b.

#### 5.4.2A PUCCH format 3

The block of bits  $b(0),...,b(M_{\text{bit}}-1)$  shall be scrambled with a UE-specific scrambling sequence, resulting in a block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(M_{\text{bit}}-1)$  according to

$$\widetilde{b}(i) = (b(i) + c(i)) \mod 2$$

where the scrambling sequence c(i) is given by Section 7.2. The scrambling sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = (\lfloor n_s/2 \rfloor + 1) \cdot (2N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} + 1) \cdot 2^{16} + n_{\text{RNTI}}$  at the start of each subframe where  $n_{\text{RNTI}}$  is the C-RNTI.

The block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(M_{\text{bit}}-1)$  shall be QPSK modulated as described in Section 7.1, resulting in a block of complex-valued modulation symbols  $d(0),...,d(M_{\text{symb}}-1)$  where  $M_{\text{symb}} = M_{\text{bit}}/2 = 2N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}$ .

The complex-valued symbols  $d(0),...,d(M_{symb}-1)$  shall be block-wise spread with the orthogonal sequences  $w_{n_{oc,0}^{(\bar{p})}}(i)$ and  $w_{n_{oc,1}^{(\bar{p})}}(i)$  resulting in  $N_{SF,0}^{PUCCH} + N_{SF,1}^{PUCCH}$  sets of  $N_{sc}^{RB}$  values each according to

$$y_{n}^{(\tilde{p})}(i) = \begin{cases} w_{n_{oc,0}^{(\tilde{p})}}(\bar{n}) \cdot e^{j\pi \left\lfloor n_{cs}^{\text{cell}}(n_{s},l)/64 \right\rfloor / 2} \cdot d(i) & n < N_{\text{SF},0}^{\text{PUCCH}} \\ w_{n_{oc,1}^{(\tilde{p})}}(\bar{n}) \cdot e^{j\pi \left\lfloor n_{cs}^{\text{cell}}(n_{s},l)/64 \right\rfloor / 2} \cdot d(N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} + i) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
  
$$\bar{n} = n \mod N_{\text{SF},0}^{\text{PUCCH}} \\ n = 0, \dots, N_{\text{SF},0}^{\text{PUCCH}} + N_{\text{SF},1}^{\text{PUCCH}} - 1 \\ i = 0, 1, \dots, N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} - 1 \end{cases}$$

where  $N_{\text{SF},0}^{\text{PUCCH}} = N_{\text{SF},1}^{\text{PUCCH}} = 5$  for both slots in a subframe using normal PUCCH format 3 and  $N_{\text{SF},0}^{\text{PUCCH}} = 5$ ,  $N_{\text{SF},1}^{\text{PUCCH}} = 4$  holds for the first and second slot, respectively, in a subframe using shortened PUCCH format 3. The orthogonal sequences  $w_{n_{oc,0}^{(\tilde{p})}}(i)$  and  $w_{n_{oc,1}^{(\tilde{p})}}(i)$  are given by Table 5.4.2A-1. Resources used for transmission of PUCCH formats 3 are identified by a resource index  $n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(3,\tilde{p})}$  from which the quantities  $n_{oc,0}^{(\tilde{p})}$  and  $n_{oc,1}^{(\tilde{p})}$  are derived according to

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$$\begin{split} n_{\text{oc},0}^{(\tilde{p})} &= n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(3,\tilde{p})} \mod N_{\text{SF},1}^{\text{PUCCH}} \\ n_{\text{oc},1}^{(\tilde{p})} &= \begin{cases} \left(3n_{\text{oc},0}^{(\tilde{p})}\right) \mod N_{\text{SF},1}^{\text{PUCCH}} & \text{if } N_{\text{SF},1}^{\text{PUCCH}} = 5 \\ n_{\text{oc},0}^{(\tilde{p})} \mod N_{\text{SF},1}^{\text{PUCCH}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{split}$$

Each set of complex-valued symbols shall be cyclically shifted according to

$$\widetilde{y}_n^{(\widetilde{p})}(i) = y_n^{(\widetilde{p})} \left( \left( i + n_{\rm cs}^{\rm cell}(n_{\rm s}, l) \right) \bmod N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} \right)$$

where  $n_{cs}^{cell}(n_s, l)$  is given by Section 5.4,  $n_s$  is the slot number within a radio frame and l is the SC-FDMA symbol number within a slot.

The shifted sets of complex-valued symbols shall be transform precoded according to

$$z^{(\tilde{p})}(n \cdot N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} + k) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{P}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}}} \sum_{i=0}^{N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}-1} \tilde{y}_n^{(\tilde{p})}(i) e^{-j\frac{2\pi k}{N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}}}$$
$$k = 0, \dots, N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} - 1$$
$$n = 0, \dots, N_{\rm SF,0}^{\rm PUCCH} + N_{\rm SF,1}^{\rm PUCCH} - 1$$

where *P* is the number of antenna ports used for PUCCH transmission, resulting in a block of complex-valued symbols  $z^{(\tilde{p})}(0),...,z^{(\tilde{p})}(N_{SF,0}^{PUCCH} + N_{SF,1}^{PUCCH})N_{sc}^{RB} - 1)$ .

Sequence index $n_{\rm oc}$	Orthogonal sequence $\left[ w_{n_{oc}} \right]$	(0) $\cdots w_{n_{oc}} (N_{SF}^{PUCCH} - 1) ]$
	$N_{\rm SF}^{\rm PUCCH} = 5$	$N_{\rm SF}^{\rm PUCCH} = 4$
0	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 & +1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$
1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{j2\pi/5} & e^{j4\pi/5} & e^{j6\pi/5} & e^{j8\pi/5} \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & +1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
2	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{j4\pi/5} & e^{j8\pi/5} & e^{j2\pi/5} & e^{j6\pi/5} \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
3	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{j6\pi/5} & e^{j2\pi/5} & e^{j8\pi/5} & e^{j4\pi/5} \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & -1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$
4	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{j8\pi/5} & e^{j6\pi/5} & e^{j4\pi/5} & e^{j2\pi/5} \end{bmatrix}$	-

Table 5.4.2A-1: The orthogonal sequence  $w_{n_{oc}}(i)$ .

### 5.4.3 Mapping to physical resources

The block of complex-valued symbols  $z^{(\tilde{p})}(i)$  shall be multiplied with the amplitude scaling factor  $\beta_{PUCCH}$  in order to conform to the transmit power  $P_{PUCCH}$  specified in Section 5.1.2.1 in [4], and mapped in sequence starting with  $z^{(\tilde{p})}(0)$  to resource elements. PUCCH uses one resource block in each of the two slots in a subframe. Within the physical resource block used for transmission, the mapping of  $z^{(\tilde{p})}(i)$  to resource elements (k,l) on antenna port p and not used for transmission of reference signals shall be in increasing order of first k, then l and finally the slot number, starting with the first slot in the subframe. The relation between the index  $\tilde{p}$  and the antenna port number p is given by Table 5.2.1-1.

The physical resource blocks to be used for transmission of PUCCH in slot  $n_s$  are given by

$$n_{\text{PRB}} = \begin{cases} \left\lfloor \frac{m}{2} \right\rfloor & \text{if } (m + n_{\text{s}} \mod 2) \mod 2 = 0\\ \\ N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} - 1 - \left\lfloor \frac{m}{2} \right\rfloor & \text{if } (m + n_{\text{s}} \mod 2) \mod 2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

where the variable m depends on the PUCCH format. For formats 1, 1a and 1b

$$m = \begin{cases} N_{\text{RB}}^{(2)} & \text{if } n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p})} < c \cdot N_{\text{cs}}^{(1)} / \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}} \\ \frac{n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(1,\tilde{p})} - c \cdot N_{\text{cs}}^{(1)} / \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}}}{c \cdot N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} / \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}}} \end{bmatrix} + N_{\text{RB}}^{(2)} + \left\lceil \frac{N_{\text{cs}}^{(1)}}{8} \right\rceil \quad \text{otherwise} \\ c = \begin{cases} 3 \quad \text{normal cyclic prefix} \\ 2 \quad \text{extended cyclic prefix} \end{cases}$$

and for formats 2, 2a and 2b

$$m = \left\lfloor n_{\rm PUCCH}^{(2,\tilde{p})} \left/ N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} \right\rfloor$$

and for format 3

$$m = \left\lfloor n_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(3,\tilde{p})} / N_{\text{SF},0}^{\text{PUCCH}} \right\rfloor$$

Mapping of modulation symbols for the physical uplink control channel is illustrated in Figure 5.4.3-1.

In case of simultaneous transmission of sounding reference signal and PUCCH format 1, 1a, 1b or 3 when there is one serving cell configured, a shortened PUCCH format shall be used where the last SC-FDMA symbol in the second slot of a subframe shall be left empty.

$n_{\rm PRB} = N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} - 1$	<i>m</i> = 1	m = 0
:	m = 3	m = 2
	m = 2	<i>m</i> = 3
$n_{\rm PRB} = 0$	m = 0	m = 1
	One su	bframe

Figure 5.4.3-1: Mapping to physical resource blocks for PUCCH.

### 5.5 Reference signals

Two types of uplink reference signals are supported:

- Demodulation reference signal, associated with transmission of PUSCH or PUCCH
- Sounding reference signal, not associated with transmission of PUSCH or PUCCH

The same set of base sequences is used for demodulation and sounding reference signals.

#### 5.5.1 Generation of the reference signal sequence

Reference signal sequence  $r_{u,v}^{(\alpha)}(n)$  is defined by a cyclic shift  $\alpha$  of a base sequence  $\overline{r}_{u,v}(n)$  according to

$$r_{u,v}^{(\alpha)}(n) = e^{j\alpha n} \overline{r}_{u,v}(n), \quad 0 \le n < M_{\rm sc}^{\rm RS}$$

where  $M_{sc}^{RS} = mN_{sc}^{RB}$  is the length of the reference signal sequence and  $1 \le m \le N_{RB}^{max,UL}$ . Multiple reference signal sequences are defined from a single base sequence through different values of  $\alpha$ .

Base sequences  $\bar{r}_{u,v}(n)$  are divided into groups, where  $u \in \{0,1,...,29\}$  is the group number and v is the base sequence number within the group, such that each group contains one base sequence (v = 0) of each length  $M_{sc}^{RS} = mN_{sc}^{RB}$ ,  $1 \le m \le 5$  and two base sequences (v = 0,1) of each length  $M_{sc}^{RS} = mN_{sc}^{RB}$ ,  $6 \le m \le N_{RB}^{max,UL}$ . The sequence group number u and the number v within the group may vary in time as described in Sections 5.5.1.3 and 5.5.1.4, respectively. The definition of the base sequence  $\bar{r}_{u,v}(0),...,\bar{r}_{u,v}(M_{sc}^{RS} - 1)$  depends on the sequence length  $M_{sc}^{RS}$ .

#### 5.5.1.1 Base sequences of length $3N_{sc}^{RB}$ or larger

For  $M_{sc}^{RS} \ge 3N_{sc}^{RB}$ , the base sequence  $\overline{r}_{u,v}(0), ..., \overline{r}_{u,v}(M_{sc}^{RS} - 1)$  is given by

$$\overline{r}_{u,v}(n) = x_a (n \mod N_{\text{ZC}}^{\text{RS}}), \quad 0 \le n < M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RS}}$$

where the  $q^{\text{th}}$  root Zadoff-Chu sequence is defined by

$$x_q(m) = e^{-j\frac{\pi q m(m+1)}{N_{ZC}^{RS}}}, \quad 0 \le m \le N_{ZC}^{RS} - 1$$

with q given by

$$q = \left\lfloor \overline{q} + 1/2 \right\rfloor + v \cdot (-1)^{\lfloor 2\overline{q}}$$
$$\overline{q} = N_{7C}^{\text{RS}} \cdot (u+1)/31$$

The length  $N_{ZC}^{RS}$  of the Zadoff-Chu sequence is given by the largest prime number such that  $N_{ZC}^{RS} < M_{sc}^{RS}$ .

#### 5.5.1.2 Base sequences of length less than $3N_{sc}^{RB}$

For  $M_{sc}^{RS} = N_{sc}^{RB}$  and  $M_{sc}^{RS} = 2N_{sc}^{RB}$ , base sequence is given by

$$\bar{r}_{\mu\nu}(n) = e^{j\varphi(n)\pi/4}, \quad 0 \le n \le M_{sc}^{RS} - 1$$

where the value of  $\varphi(n)$  is given by Table 5.5.1.2-1 and Table 5.5.1.2-2 for  $M_{sc}^{RS} = N_{sc}^{RB}$  and  $M_{sc}^{RS} = 2N_{sc}^{RB}$ , respectively.

и					φ(	0),	, <i>φ</i> (1	1)				
0	-1	1	3	-3	3	3	1	1	3	1	-3	3
1	1	1	3	3	3	-1	1	-3	-3	1	-3	3
2	1	1	-3	-3	-3	-1	-3	-3	1	-3	1	-1
3	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-3	-3	1	-3	3	-1
4	-1	3	1	-1	1	-1	-3	-1	1	-1	1	3
5	1	-3	3	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	3	-3	1
6	-1	3	-3	-3	-3	3	1	-1	3	3	-3	1
7	-3	-1	-1	-1	1	-3	3	-1	1	-3	3	1
8	1	-3	3	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	3	-1	1
9	1	-3	-1	3	3	-1	-3	1	1	1	1	1
10	-1	3	-1	1	1	-3	-3	-1	-3	-3	3	-1
11	3	1	-1	-1	3	3	-3	1	3	1	3	3
12	1	-3	1	1	-3	1	1	1	-3	-3	-3	1
13	3	3	-3	3	-3	1	1	3	-1	-3	3	3
14	-3	1	-1	-3	-1	3	1	3	3	3	-1	1
15	3	-1	1	-3	-1	-1	1	1	3	1	-1	-3
16	1	3	1	-1	1	3	3	3	-1	-1	3	-1
17	-3	1	1	3	-3	3	-3	-3	3	1	3	-1
18	-3	3	1	1	-3	1	-3	-3	-1	-1	1	-3
19	-1	3	1	3	1	-1	-1	3	-3	-1	-3	-1
20	-1	-3	1	1	1	1	3	1	-1	1	-3	-1
21	-1	3	-1	1	-3	-3	-3	-3	-3	1	-1	-3
22	1	1	-3	-3	-3	-3	-1	3	-3	1	-3	3
23	1	1	-1	-3	-1	-3	1	-1	1	3	-1	1
24	1	1	3	1	3	3	-1	1	-1	-3	-3	1
25	1	-3	3	3	1	3	3	1	-3	-1	-1	3
26	1	3	-3	-3	3	-3	1	-1	-1	3	-1	-3
27	-3	-1	-3	-1	-3	3	1	-1	1	3	-3	-3
28	-1	3	-3	3	-1	3	3	-3	3	3	-1	-1
29	3	-3	-3	-1	-1	-3	-1	3	-3	3	1	-1

Table 5.5.1.2-1: Definition of  $\varphi(n)$  for  $M_{sc}^{RS} = N_{sc}^{RB}$ .

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и											$\varphi($	)),	, $\varphi(2$	23)										
0	-1	3	1	-3	3	-1	1	3	-3	3	1	3	-3	3	1	1	-1	1	3	-3	3	-3	-1	-3
1	-3	3	-3	-3	-3	1	-3	-3	3	-1	1	1	1	3	1	-1	3	-3	-3	1	3	1	1	-3
2	3	-1	3	3	1	1	-3	3	3	3	3	1	-1	3	-1	1	1	-1	-3	-1	-1	1	3	3
3	-1	-3	1	1	3	-3	1	1	-3	-1	-1	1	3	1	3	1	-1	3	1	1	-3	-1	-3	-1
4	-1	-1	-1	-3	-3	-1	1	1	3	3	-1	3	-1	1	-1	-3	1	-1	-3	-3	1	-3	-1	-1
5	-3	1	1	3	-1	1	3	1	-3	1	-3	1	1	-1	-1	3	-1	-3	3	-3	-3	-3	1	1
6	1	1	-1	-1	3	-3	-3	3	-3	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-3	-1	1	-1	3	-1	-3
7	-3	3	3	-1	-1	-3	-1	3	1	3	1	3	1	1	-1	3	1	-1	1	3	-3	-1	-1	1
8	-3	1	3	-3	1	-1	-3	3	-3	3	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-3	-3	-3	1	-3	-3	-3	1	-3
9	1	1	-3	3	3	-1	-3	-1	3	-3	3	3	3	-1	1	1	-3	1	-1	1	1	-3	1	1
10	-1	1	-3	-3	3	-1	3	-1	-1	-3	-3	-3	-1	-3	-3	1	-1	1	3	3	-1	1	-1	3
11	1	3	3	-3	-3	1	3	1	-1	-3	-3	-3	3	3	-3	3	3	-1	-3	3	-1	1	-3	1
12	1	3	3	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-3	3	-1	1	1	-3	3	3	-1	-3	3	-3	-1	-3	-1
13	3	-1	-1	-1	-1	-3	-1	3	3	1	-1	1	3	3	3	-1	1	1	-3	1	3	-1	-3	3
14	-3	-3	3	1	3	1	-3	3	1	3	1	1	3	3	-1	-1	-3	1	-3	-1	3	1	1	3
15	-1	-1	1	-3	1	3	-3	1	-1	-3	-1	3	1	3	1	-1	-3	-3	-1	-1	-3	-3	-3	-1
16	-1	-3	3	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-3	3	1	3	3	1	-1	1	-3	1	-3	1	1	-3	-1
17	1	3	-1	3	3	-1	-3	1	-1	-3	3	3	3	-1	1	1	3	-1	-3	-1	3	-1	-1	-1
18	1	1	1	1	1	-1	3	-1	-3	1	1	3	-3	1	-3	-1	1	1	-3	-3	3	1	1	-3
19	1	3	3	1	-1	-3	3	-1	3	3	3	-3	1	-1	1	-1	-3	-1	1	3	-1	3	-3	-3
20	-1	-3	3	-3	-3	-3	-1	-1	-3	-1	-3	3	1	3	-3	-1	3	-1	1	-1	3	-3	1	-1
21	-3	-3	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	3	1	-3	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	3	3	-3	-1	1	-3
22	-3	-1	-3	3	1	-1	-3	-1	-3	-3	3	-3	3	-3	-1	1	3	1	-3	1	3	3	-1	-3
23	-1	-1	-1	-1	3	3	3	1	3	3	-3	1	3	-1	3	-1	3	3	-3	3	1	-1	3	3
24	1	-1	3	3	-1	-3	3	-3	-1	-1	3	-1	3	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-3	-1	3
25	1	-1	1	-1	3	-1	3	1	1	-1	-1	-3	1	1	-3	1	3	-3	1	1	-3	-3	-1	-1
26	-3	-1	1	3	1	1	-3		-1	-3	3	-3	3	1	-3	3	-3	1	-1	1	-3	1	1	1
27	-1	-3	3	3	1	1	3	-1	-3	-1	-1	-1	3	1	-3	-3	-1	3	-3	-1	-3	-1	-3	-1
28	-1	-3	-1	-1	1	-3	-1	-1	1	-1	-3	1	1	-3	1	-3	-3	3	1	1	-1	3	-1	-1
29	1	1	-1	-1	-3	-1	3	-1	3	-1	1	3	1	-1	3	1	3	-3	-3	1	-1	-1	1	3

Table 5.5.1.2-2: Definition of  $\varphi(n)$  for  $M_{sc}^{RS} = 2N_{sc}^{RB}$ .

#### 5.5.1.3 Group hopping

The sequence-group number u in slot  $n_s$  is defined by a group hopping pattern  $f_{gh}(n_s)$  and a sequence-shift pattern  $f_{\rm ss}$  according to

$$u = \left(f_{gh}(n_s) + f_{ss}\right) \mod 30$$

There are 17 different hopping patterns and 30 different sequence-shift patterns. Sequence-group hopping can be enabled or disabled by means of the cell-specific parameter Group-hopping-enabled provided by higher layers. Sequence-group hopping for PUSCH can be disabled for a certain UE through the higher-layer parameter Disablesequence-group-hopping despite being enabled on a cell basis unless the PUSCH transmission corresponds to a Random Access Response Grant or a retransmission of the same transport block as part of the contention based random access procedure. PUCCH and PUSCH have the same hopping pattern but may have different sequence-shift patterns.

The group-hopping pattern  $f_{\rm gh}(n_{\rm s})$  is the same for PUSCH and PUCCH and given by

$$f_{\rm gh}(n_{\rm s}) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if group hopping is disabled} \\ \left(\sum_{i=0}^{7} c(8n_{\rm s}+i) \cdot 2^{i}\right) \mod 30 & \text{if group hopping is enabled} \end{cases}$$

where the pseudo-random sequence c(i) is defined by section 7.2. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialized with  $c_{\text{init}} = \left| \frac{N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}}}{30} \right|$  at the beginning of each radio frame.

The sequence-shift pattern  $f_{ss}$  definition differs between PUCCH and PUSCH.

For PUCCH, the sequence-shift pattern  $f_{ss}^{PUCCH}$  is given by  $f_{ss}^{PUCCH} = N_{ID}^{cell} \mod 30$ .

For PUSCH, the sequence-shift pattern  $f_{ss}^{PUSCH}$  is given by  $f_{ss}^{PUSCH} = (f_{ss}^{PUSCH} + \Delta_{ss}) \mod 30$ , where  $\Delta_{ss} \in \{0,1,...,29\}$  is configured by higher layers.

#### 5.5.1.4 Sequence hopping

Sequence hopping only applies for reference-signals of length  $M_{sc}^{RS} \ge 6N_{sc}^{RB}$ .

For reference-signals of length  $M_{sc}^{RS} < 6N_{sc}^{RB}$ , the base sequence number v within the base sequence group is given by v = 0.

For reference-signals of length  $M_{sc}^{RS} \ge 6N_{sc}^{RB}$ , the base sequence number v within the base sequence group in slot  $n_s$  is defined by

$$v = \begin{cases} c(n_s) & \text{if group hopping is disabled and sequence hopping is enabled} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where the pseudo-random sequence c(i) is given by section 7.2. The parameter *Sequence-hopping-enabled* provided by higher layers determines if sequence hopping is enabled or not. Sequence hopping for PUSCH can be disabled for a certain UE through the higher-layer parameter *Disable-sequence-group-hopping* despite being enabled on a cell basis unless the PUSCH transmission corresponds to a Random Access Response Grant or a retransmission of the same transport block as part of the contention based random access procedure.

The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialized with  $c_{\text{init}} = \left[\frac{N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}}}{30}\right] \cdot 2^5 + f_{\text{ss}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$  at the beginning of each

radio frame.

### 5.5.2 Demodulation reference signal

#### 5.5.2.1 Demodulation reference signal for PUSCH

#### 5.5.2.1.1 Reference signal sequence

The PUSCH demodulation reference signal sequence  $r_{\text{PUSCH}}^{(\lambda)}(\cdot)$  associated with layer  $\lambda \in \{0,1,...,\upsilon-1\}$  is defined by

$$r_{\text{PUSCH}}^{(\lambda)}\left(m \cdot M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RS}} + n\right) = w^{(\lambda)}(m)r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\lambda})}(n)$$

where

$$m = 0,1$$
  
 $n = 0,..., M_{sc}^{RS} - 1$ 

and

$$M_{\rm sc}^{\rm RS} = M_{\rm sc}^{\rm PUSCH}$$

Section 5.5.1 defines the sequence  $r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\lambda})}(0),...,r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\lambda})}(M_{sc}^{RS}-1)$ . The orthogonal sequence  $w^{(\lambda)}(m)$  is given by

 $\begin{bmatrix} w^{\lambda}(0) & w^{\lambda}(1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  for DCI format 0 if the higher-layer parameter *Activate-DMRS-with OCC* is not set or if the temporary C-RNTI was used to transmit the most recent uplink-related DCI for the transport block associated with the corresponding PUSCH transmission, otherwise it is given by Table 5.5.2.1.1-1 using the cyclic shift field in most recent uplink-related DCI [3] for the transport block associated with the corresponding PUSCH transmission.

The cyclic shift  $\alpha_{\lambda}$  in a slot  $n_s$  is given as  $\alpha_{\lambda} = 2\pi n_{cs,\lambda}/12$  with

$$n_{\mathrm{cs},\lambda} = \left(n_{\mathrm{DMRS}}^{(1)} + n_{\mathrm{DMRS},\lambda}^{(2)} + n_{\mathrm{PN}}(n_{\mathrm{s}})\right) \mod 12$$

where the values of  $n_{\text{DMRS}}^{(1)}$  is given by Table 5.5.2.1.1-2 according to the parameter *cyclicShift* provided by higher layers,  $n_{\text{DMRS},\lambda}^{(2)}$  is given by the cyclic shift for DMRS field in most recent uplink-related DCI [3] for the transport block associated with the corresponding PUSCH transmission where the value of  $n_{\text{DMRS},\lambda}^{(2)}$  is given in Table 5.5.2.1.1-1.

The first row of Table 5.5.2.1.1-1 shall be used to obtain  $n_{\text{DMRS},0}^{(2)}$  and  $w^{(\lambda)}(m)$  if there is no uplink-related DCI for the same transport block associated with the corresponding PUSCH transmission, and

- if the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is semi-persistently scheduled, or
- if the initial PUSCH for the same transport block is scheduled by the random access response grant.

The quantity  $n_{\rm PN}(n_{\rm s})$  is given by

$$n_{\rm PN}(n_{\rm s}) = \sum_{i=0}^{7} c(8N_{\rm symb}^{\rm UL} \cdot n_{\rm s} + i) \cdot 2^{i}$$

where the pseudo-random sequence c(i) is defined by section 7.2. The application of c(i) is cell-specific. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialized with  $c_{\text{init}} = \left[\frac{N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}}}{30}\right] \cdot 2^5 + f_{\text{ss}}^{\text{PUSCH}}$  at the beginning of each radio frame.

The vector of reference signals shall be precoded according to

$$\begin{bmatrix} \tilde{r}_{\text{PUSCH}}^{(0)} \\ \vdots \\ \tilde{r}_{\text{PUSCH}}^{(P-1)} \end{bmatrix} = W \begin{bmatrix} r_{\text{PUSCH}}^{(0)} \\ \vdots \\ r_{\text{PUSCH}}^{(\nu-1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

where P is the number of antenna ports used for PUSCH transmission.

For PUSCH transmission using a single antenna port, P = 1, W = 1 and v = 1.

For spatial multiplexing, P = 2 or P = 4 and the precoding matrix W shall be identical to the precoding matrix used in Section 5.3.3A.2 for precoding of the PUSCH in the same subframe.

#### Table 5.5.2.1.1-1: Mapping of Cyclic Shift Field in uplink-related DCI format to $n_{\text{DMRS},\lambda}^{(2)}$ and

$$w^{(\lambda)}(0) \quad w^{(\lambda)}(1)$$

Cyclic Shift Field in		$n_{\rm DN}^{(2)}$	IRS,λ		$\begin{bmatrix} w^{(\lambda)}(0) & w^{(\lambda)}(1) \end{bmatrix}$				
uplink-related DCI format [3]	$\lambda = 0$	$\lambda = 1$	$\lambda = 2$	$\lambda = 3$	$\lambda = 0$	$\lambda = 1$	$\lambda = 2$	$\lambda = 3$	
000	0	6	3	9	[1 1]	[1 1]	[1 -1]	[1 -1]	
001	6	0	9	3	[1 -1]	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$	[1 1]	[1 1]	
010	3	9	6	0	[1 -1]	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$	[1 1]	[1 1]	
011	4	10	7	1	[1 1]	[1 1]	[1 1]	[1 1]	
100	2	8	5	11	[1 1]	[1 1]	[1 1]	[1 1]	
101	8	2	11	5	[1 -1]	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$	[1 -1]	[1 -1]	
110	10	4	1	7	[1 -1]	[1 -1]	[1 -1]	[1 -1]	
111	9	3	0	6	[1 1]	[1 1]	[1 -1]	[1 -1]	

cyclicShift	$n_{\rm DMRS}^{(1)}$
0	0
1	2
2	3
3	4
4	6
5	8
6	9
7	10

Table 5.5.2.1.1-2: Mapping of *cyclicShift* to  $n_{\text{DMRS}}^{(1)}$  values.

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#### 5.5.2.1.2 Mapping to physical resources

For each antenna port used for transmission of the PUSCH, the sequence  $\tilde{r}_{PUSCH}^{(\tilde{p})}(\cdot)$  shall be multiplied with the amplitude scaling factor  $\beta_{PUSCH}$  and mapped in sequence starting with  $\tilde{r}_{PUSCH}^{(\tilde{p})}(0)$  to the resource blocks. The set of physical resource blocks used in the mapping process and the relation between the index  $\tilde{p}$  and the antenna port number p shall be identical to the corresponding PUSCH transmission as defined in Section 5.3.4. The mapping to resource elements (k, l), with l = 3 for normal cyclic prefix and l = 2 for extended cyclic prefix, in the subframe shall be in increasing order of first k, then the slot number.

#### 5.5.2.2 Demodulation reference signal for PUCCH

#### 5.5.2.2.1 Reference signal sequence

The PUCCH demodulation reference signal sequence  $r_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(\tilde{p})}(\cdot)$  is defined by

$$r_{\text{PUCCH}}^{(\tilde{p})}\left(m'N_{\text{RS}}^{\text{PUCCH}}M_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RS}} + mM_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RS}} + n\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{P}}\overline{w}^{(\tilde{p})}(m)z(m)r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\tilde{p}})}(n)$$

where

$$m = 0,..., N_{RS}^{PUCCH} - 1$$
  
 $n = 0,..., M_{sc}^{RS} - 1$   
 $m' = 0,1$ 

and *P* is the number of antenna ports used for PUCCH transmission. For PUCCH formats 2a and 2b, z(m) equals d(10) for m = 1, where d(10) is defined in Section 5.4.2. For all other cases, z(m) = 1.

The sequence  $r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\tilde{p}})}(n)$  is given by Section 5.5.1 with  $M_{sc}^{RS} = 12$  where the expression for the cyclic shift  $\alpha_{\tilde{p}}$  is determined by the PUCCH format.

For PUCCH formats 1, 1a and 1b,  $\alpha_{\tilde{p}}(n_s, l)$  is given by

$$\begin{split} \overline{n}_{\text{oc}}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\text{s}}) &= \left[ n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\text{s}}) \cdot \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}} / N' \right] \\ \alpha_{\tilde{p}}(n_{\text{s}}, l) &= 2\pi \cdot \overline{n}_{\text{cs}}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\text{s}}, l) / N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} \\ \overline{n}_{\text{cs}}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\text{s}}, l) &= \begin{cases} \left[ n_{\text{cs}}^{\text{cell}}(n_{\text{s}}, l) + \left( n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\text{s}}) \cdot \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}} + \left( \overline{n}_{\text{oc}}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\text{s}}) \mod \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}} \right) \right) \mod N' \right] \mod N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} & \text{for normal cyclic prefix} \\ \left[ n_{\text{cs}}^{\text{cell}}(n_{\text{s}}, l) + \left( n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\text{s}}) \cdot \Delta_{\text{shift}}^{\text{PUCCH}} + \overline{n}_{\text{oc}}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\text{s}}) \right) \mod N' \right] \mod N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} & \text{for extended cyclic prefix} \end{cases} \end{split}$$

where  $n'_{\tilde{p}}(n_s)$ , N',  $\Delta^{\text{PUCCH}}_{\text{shift}}$  and  $n^{\text{cell}}_{\text{cs}}(n_s, l)$  are defined by Section 5.4.1. The number of reference symbols per slot  $N^{\text{PUCCH}}_{\text{RS}}$  and the sequence  $\overline{w}(n)$  are given by Table 5.5.2.2.1-1 and 5.5.2.2.1-2, respectively.

For PUCCH formats 2, 2a and 2b,  $\alpha_{\tilde{p}}(n_s, l)$  is defined by Section 5.4.2. The number of reference symbols per slot  $N_{\text{RS}}^{\text{PUCCH}}$  and the sequence  $\overline{w}^{(\tilde{p})}(n)$  are given by Table 5.5.2.2.1-1 and 5.5.2.2.1-3, respectively.

For PUCCH format 3,  $\alpha_{\tilde{p}}(n_s, l)$  is given by

$$\alpha_{\tilde{p}}(n_{\rm s},l) = 2\pi \cdot n_{\rm cs}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\rm s},l) / N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$$
$$n_{\rm cs}^{(\tilde{p})}(n_{\rm s},l) = \left( n_{\rm cs}^{\rm cell}(n_{\rm s},l) + n_{\tilde{p}}'(n_{\rm s}) \right) \mod N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$$

where  $n'_{\tilde{p}}(n_s)$  is given by Table 5.5.2.2.1-4 and  $n_{oc,0}^{(\tilde{p})}$  and  $n_{oc,1}^{(\tilde{p})}$  for the first and second slot in a subframe, respectively, are obtained from Section 5.4.2A. The number of reference symbols per slot  $N_{RS}^{PUCCH}$  and the sequence  $\overline{w}(n)$  are given by Table 5.5.2.2.1-1 and 5.5.2.2.1-3, respectively.

Table 5.5.2.2.1-1: Number of PUCCH demodulation reference symbols per slot  $N_{RS}^{PUCCH}$ .

PUCCH format	Normal cyclic prefix	Extended cyclic prefix
1, 1a, 1b	3	2
2, 3	2	1
2a, 2b	2	N/A

Table 5.5.2.2.1-2: Orthogonal sequences  $\left[\overline{w}^{(\tilde{p})}(0) \cdots \overline{w}^{(\tilde{p})}(N_{RS}^{PUCCH} - 1)\right]$  for PUCCH formats 1, 1a and 1b.

Sequence index $\overline{n}_{\rm oc}^{(\widetilde{p})}(n_{\rm s})$	Normal cyclic prefix	Extended cyclic prefix
0	[1 1 1]	[1 1]
1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{j2\pi/3} & e^{j4\pi/3} \end{bmatrix}$	[1 -1]
2	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{j4\pi/3} & e^{j2\pi/3} \end{bmatrix}$	N/A

Table 5.5.2.2.1-3: Orthogonal sequences  $\left[\overline{w}^{(\tilde{p})}(0) \cdots \overline{w}^{(\tilde{p})}(N_{RS}^{PUCCH}-1)\right]$  for PUCCH formats 2, 2a, 2b and 3.

Normal cyclic prefix	Extended cyclic prefix
[1 1]	[1]

Table 5.5.2.2.1-4: Relation between  $n_{oc}^{(\tilde{p})}$  and  $n'_{\tilde{p}}(n_s)$  for PUCCH format 3.

$n_{\rm oc}^{(\widetilde{p})}$	$n'_{\widetilde{p}}(n_{\rm s})$	
	$N_{\rm SF,1}=5$	$N_{\rm SF,1}=4$
0	0	0
1	3	3
2	6	6
3	8	9
4	10	N/A

#### 5.5.2.2.2 Mapping to physical resources

The sequence  $r_{PUCCH}^{(\tilde{p})}(\cdot)$  shall be multiplied with the amplitude scaling factor  $\beta_{PUCCH}$  and mapped in sequence starting with  $r_{PUCCH}^{(\tilde{p})}(0)$  to resource elements (k, l) on antenna port p. The mapping shall be in increasing order of first k, then l and finally the slot number. The set of values for k and the relation between the index  $\tilde{p}$  and the antenna port number p shall be identical to the values used for the corresponding PUCCH transmission. The values of the symbol index l in a slot are given by Table 5.5.2.2.2.1.

Table 5.5.2.2.2-1: Demodulation reference signal location for different PUCCH formats.

PUCCH format	Set of values for <i>l</i>	
1 0001101mat	Normal cyclic prefix	Extended cyclic prefix
1, 1a, 1b	2, 3, 4	2, 3
2, 3	1, 5	3
2a, 2b	1, 5	N/A

### 5.5.3 Sounding reference signal

#### 5.5.3.1 Sequence generation

The sounding reference signal sequence  $r_{\text{SRS}}^{(\tilde{p})}(n) = r_{u,v}^{(\alpha_{\tilde{p}})}(n)$  is defined by Section 5.5.1, where *u* is the PUCCH sequence-group number defined in Section 5.5.1.3 and *v* is the base sequence number defined in Section 5.5.1.4. The cyclic shift  $\alpha_{\tilde{p}}$  of the sounding reference signal is given as

$$\alpha_{\tilde{p}} = 2\pi \frac{n_{\text{SRS}}^{\text{cs},\tilde{p}}}{8}$$
$$n_{\text{SRS}}^{\text{cs},\tilde{p}} = \left(n_{\text{SRS}}^{\text{cs}} + \frac{8\tilde{p}}{N_{\text{ap}}}\right) \mod 8$$
$$\tilde{p} \in \{0, 1, \dots, N_{\text{ap}} - 1\}$$

where  $n_{SRS}^{cs} = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$  is configured separately for periodic and each configuration of aperiodic sounding by the higher-layer parameters *cyclicShift* and *cyclicShift-ap*, respectively, for each UE and  $N_{ap}$  is the number of antenna ports used for sounding reference signal transmission.

#### 5.5.3.2 Mapping to physical resources

The sequence shall be multiplied with the amplitude scaling factor  $\beta_{SRS}$  in order to conform to the transmit power  $P_{SRS}$  specified in Section 5.1.3.1 in [4], and mapped in sequence starting with  $r_{SRS}^{(\tilde{p})}(0)$  to resource elements (k, l) on antenna port p according to

$$a_{2k'+k_0^{(p)},l}^{(p)} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{\text{ap}}}} \beta_{\text{SRS}} r_{\text{SRS}}^{(\tilde{p})}(k') & k' = 0, 1, \dots, M_{\text{sc},b}^{\text{RS}} - 1\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where  $N_{ap}$  is the number of antenna ports used for sounding reference signal transmission and the relation between the index  $\tilde{p}$  and the antenna port p is given by Table 5.2.1-1. The set of antenna ports used for sounding reference signal transmission is configured independently for periodic and each configuration of aperiodic sounding. The quantity  $k_0^{(p)}$  is the frequency-domain starting position of the sounding reference signal and for  $b = B_{SRS}$  and  $M_{sc,b}^{RS}$  is the length of the sounding reference signal sequence defined as

$$M_{\rm sc,b}^{\rm RS} = m_{{\rm SRS},b} N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} / 2$$

where  $m_{\text{SRS},b}$  is given by Table 5.5.3.2-1 through Table 5.5.3.2-4 for each uplink bandwidth  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}$ . The cell-specific parameter *srs-BandwidthConfig*,  $C_{\text{SRS}} \in \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$  and the UE-specific parameter *srs-Bandwidth*,  $B_{\text{SRS}} \in \{0,1,2,3\}$  are given by higher layers. For UpPTS,  $m_{\text{SRS},0}$  shall be reconfigured to  $m_{\text{SRS},0}^{\text{max}} = \max_{c \in C} \left\{ m_{\text{SRS},0}^{c} \right\} \leq \left( N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} - 6N_{\text{RA}} \right)$  if this reconfiguration is enabled by the cell-specific parameter *srsMaxUpPts* given by higher layers, otherwise if the reconfiguration is disabled  $m_{\text{SRS},0}^{\text{max}} = m_{\text{SRS},0}$ , where *c* is a SRS BW configuration and  $C_{\text{SRS}}$  is the set of SRS BW configurations from the Tables 5.5.3.2-1 to 5.5.3.2-4 for each uplink bandwidth  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}$ ,  $N_{\text{RA}}$  is the number of format 4 PRACH in the addressed UpPTS and derived from Table 5.7.1-4.

The frequency-domain starting position  $k_0^{(p)}$  is defined by

$$k_0^{(p)} = \bar{k}_0^{(p)} + \sum_{b=0}^{B_{\text{SRS}}} 2M_{\text{sc},b}^{\text{RS}} n_b$$

where for normal uplink subframes  $\overline{k}_0^{(p)}$  is defined by

$$\overline{k}_{0}^{(p)} = \left( N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} / 2 \right) - m_{\text{SRS},0} / 2 N_{\text{SC}}^{\text{RB}} + k_{\text{TC}}^{(p)}$$

and for UpPTS by

$$\bar{k}_{0}^{(p)} = \begin{cases} (N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} - m_{\text{SRS},0}^{\text{max}}) N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} + k_{\text{TC}}^{(p)} & \text{if } ((n_{\text{f}} \mod 2) \cdot (2 - N_{\text{SP}}) + n_{\text{hf}}) \mod 2 = 0 \\ k_{\text{TC}}^{(p)} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The quantity  $k_{TC}^{(p)} \in \{0,1\}$  is given by

$$k_{\rm TC}^{(p)} = \begin{cases} 1 - \bar{k}_{\rm TC} & \text{if } n_{\rm SRS}^{\rm cs} \in \{4, 5, 6, 7\} \text{ and } \tilde{p} \in \{1, 3\} \text{ and } N_{\rm ap} = 4\\ \bar{k}_{\rm TC} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where the relation between the index  $\tilde{p}$  and the antenna port p is given by Table 5.2.1-1,  $\bar{k}_{TC} \in \{0,1\}$  is given by the UE-specific parameter *transmissionComb* or *transmissionComb-ap* for periodic and each configuration of aperiodic transmission, respectively, provided by higher layers for the UE, and  $n_b$  is frequency position index. The variable  $n_{hf}$  is equal to 0 for UpPTS in the first half frame and equal to 1 for UpPTS in the second half frame of a radio frame.

The frequency hopping of the sounding reference signal is configured by the parameter  $b_{hop} \in \{0,1,2,3\}$ , provided by higher-layer parameter *srs-HoppingBandwidth*. Frequency hopping is not supported for aperiodic transmission.. If frequency hopping of the sounding reference signal is not enabled (i.e.,  $b_{hop} \ge B_{SRS}$ ), the frequency position index  $n_b$  remains constant (unless re-configured) and is defined by  $n_b = \lfloor 4n_{RRC}/m_{SRS,b} \rfloor \mod N_b$  where the parameter  $n_{RRC}$  is given by higher-layer parameters *freqDomainPosition* and *freqDomainPosition-ap* for periodic and each configuration of aperiodic transmission, respectively. If frequency hopping of the sounding reference signal is enabled (i.e.,  $b_{hop} < B_{SRS}$ ), the frequency position indexes  $n_b$  are defined by

$$n_b = \begin{cases} \lfloor 4n_{\text{RRC}}/m_{\text{SRS},b} \rfloor \mod N_b & b \le b_{\text{hop}} \\ \{F_b(n_{\text{SRS}}) + \lfloor 4n_{\text{RRC}}/m_{\text{SRS},b} \rfloor \} \mod N_b & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where  $N_b$  is given by Table 5.5.3.2-1 through Table 5.5.3.2-4 for each uplink bandwidth  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}$ ,
$$F_{b}(n_{\text{SRS}}) = \begin{cases} (N_{b}/2) \left\lfloor \frac{n_{\text{SRS}} \mod \prod_{b=b_{\text{hop}}}^{b} N_{b'}}{\prod_{b=b_{\text{hop}}}^{b-1} N_{b'}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{n_{\text{SRS}} \mod \prod_{b=b_{\text{hop}}}^{b} N_{b'}}{2\prod_{b=b_{\text{hop}}}^{b-1} N_{b'}} \right\rfloor & \text{if } N_{b} \text{ even} \\ \left\lfloor N_{b}/2 \right\rfloor \left\lfloor n_{\text{SRS}} / \prod_{b=b_{\text{hop}}}^{b-1} N_{b'} \right\rfloor & \text{if } N_{b} \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

where  $N_{b_{hop}} = 1$  regardless of the  $N_b$  value on Table 5.5.3.2-1 through Table 5.5.3.2-4, and

$$n_{\text{SRS}} = \begin{cases} 2N_{\text{SP}}n_{\text{f}} + 2(N_{\text{SP}} - 1)\left\lfloor \frac{n_{\text{s}}}{10} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{T_{\text{offset}}}{T_{\text{offset}\_\text{max}}} \right\rfloor, & \text{for 2 ms SRS periodicity of frame structure type 2} \\ \left\lfloor (n_{\text{f}} \times 10 + \lfloor n_{\text{s}} / 2 \rfloor) / T_{\text{SRS}} \rfloor, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

counts the number of UE-specific SRS transmissions, where  $T_{SRS}$  is UE-specific periodicity of SRS transmission defined in section 8.2 of [4],  $T_{offset}$  is SRS subframe offset defined in Table 8.2-2 of [4] and  $T_{offset}$  is the maximum value of  $T_{offset}$  for a certain configuration of SRS subframe offset.

For all subframes other than special subframes, the sounding reference signal shall be transmitted in the last symbol of the subframe.

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SRS bandwidth configuration	SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 0$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 1$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 2$		<b>SRS-Bandwidth</b> $B_{SRS} = 3$	
$C_{\rm SRS}$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},0}$	$N_0$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},1}$	$N_1$	$m_{\rm SRS,2}$	$N_2$	m <sub>SRS,3</sub>	$N_3$
0	36	1	12	3	4	3	4	1
1	32	1	16	2	8	2	4	2
2	24	1	4	6	4	1	4	1
3	20	1	4	5	4	1	4	1
4	16	1	4	4	4	1	4	1
5	12	1	4	3	4	1	4	1
6	8	1	4	2	4	1	4	1
7	4	1	4	1	4	1	4	1

Table 5.5.3.2-2:  $m_{{\rm SRS},b}\,$  and  $\,N_b$  ,  $b=0,\!1,\!2,\!3$  , values for the uplink bandwidth of  $\,40 < N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} \le 60$  .

SRS bandwidth configuration	<b>SRS-Bandwidth</b> $B_{SRS} = 0$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 1$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 2$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 3$	
$C_{\rm SRS}$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},0}$	$N_0$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},1}$	$N_1$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},2}$	$N_2$	m <sub>SRS,3</sub>	$N_3$
0	48	1	24	2	12	2	4	3
1	48	1	16	3	8	2	4	2
2	40	1	20	2	4	5	4	1
3	36	1	12	3	4	3	4	1
4	32	1	16	2	8	2	4	2
5	24	1	4	6	4	1	4	1
6	20	1	4	5	4	1	4	1
7	16	1	4	4	4	1	4	1

Table 5.5.3.2-3:  $m_{{\rm SRS},b}\,$  and  $\,N_b$  ,  $b=0,\!1,\!2,\!3$  , values for the uplink bandwidth of  $\,60 < N_{\rm RB}^{\rm UL} \le 80$  .

SRS bandwidth configuration	<b>SRS-Bandwidth</b> $B_{SRS} = 0$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 1$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 2$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 3$	
$C_{\rm SRS}$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},0}$	$N_0$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},1}$	$N_1$	m <sub>SRS,2</sub>	$N_2$	m <sub>SRS,3</sub>	$N_3$
0	72	1	24	3	12	2	4	3
1	64	1	32	2	16	2	4	4
2	60	1	20	3	4	5	4	1
3	48	1	24	2	12	2	4	3
4	48	1	16	3	8	2	4	2
5	40	1	20	2	4	5	4	1
6	36	1	12	3	4	3	4	1
7	32	1	16	2	8	2	4	2

Table 5.5.3.2-4:  $m_{{\rm SRS},b}$  and  $N_b$ , b = 0,1,2,3, values for the uplink bandwidth of  $80 < N_{{\rm RB}}^{{\rm UL}} \le 110$ .

SRS bandwidth configuration	<b>SRS-Bandwidth</b> $B_{SRS} = 0$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 1$		SRS-Bandwidth $B_{SRS} = 2$		<b>SRS-Bandwidth</b> $B_{SRS} = 3$	
$C_{\rm SRS}$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},0}$	$N_0$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},1}$	$N_1$	$m_{\mathrm{SRS},2}$	$N_2$	$m_{\rm SRS,3}$	$N_3$
0	96	1	48	2	24	2	4	6
1	96	1	32	3	16	2	4	4
2	80	1	40	2	20	2	4	5
3	72	1	24	3	12	2	4	3
4	64	1	32	2	16	2	4	4
5	60	1	20	3	4	5	4	1
6	48	1	24	2	12	2	4	3
7	48	1	16	3	8	2	4	2

### 5.5.3.3 Sounding reference signal subframe configuration

The cell-specific subframe configuration period  $T_{SFC}$  and the cell-specific subframe offset  $\Delta_{SFC}$  for the transmission of sounding reference signals are listed in Tables 5.5.3.3-1 and 5.5.3.3-2, for frame structures type 1 and 2 respectively, where the parameter *srs-SubframeConfig* is provided by higher layers. Sounding reference signal subframes are the subframes satisfying  $\lfloor n_s/2 \rfloor$  mod  $T_{SFC} \in \Delta_{SFC}$ . For frame structure type 2, sounding reference signal is transmitted only in configured UL subframes or UpPTS.

srs-SubframeConfig Binary		Configuration Period $T_{\rm SFC}$ (subframes)	Transmission offset $\Delta_{SFC}$ (subframes)		
0	0000	1	{0}		
1	0001	2	{0}		
2	0010	2	{1}		
3	0011	5	{0}		
4	0100	5	{1}		
5	0101	5	{2}		
6	0110	5	{3}		
7	0111	5	{0,1}		
8	1000	5	{2,3}		
9	1001	10	{0}		
10	1010	10	{1}		
11	1011	10	{2}		
12	1100	10	{3}		
13	1101	10	{0,1,2,3,4,6,8}		
14	1110	10	{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,8}		
15	1111	reserved	reserved		

Table 5.5.3.3-1: Frame structure type 1 sounding reference signal subframe configuration.

#### Table 5.5.3.3-2: Frame structure type 2 sounding reference signal subframe configuration.

srs-SubframeConfig	s-SubframeConfig Binary		Transmission offset $\Delta_{\rm SFC}$ (subframes)		
0	0000	5	{1}		
1	0001	5	{1, 2}		
2	0010	5	{1, 3}		
3	0011	5	{1, 4}		
4	0100	5	{1, 2, 3}		
5	0101	5	{1, 2, 4}		
6	0110	5	{1, 3, 4}		
7	0111	5	{1, 2, 3, 4}		
8	1000	10	{1, 2, 6}		
9	1001	10	{1, 3, 6}		
10	1010	10	{1, 6, 7}		
11	1011	10	{1, 2, 6, 8}		
12	1100	10	{1, 3, 6, 9}		
13	1101	10	{1, 4, 6, 7}		
14	1110	reserved	reserved		
15	1111	reserved	reserved		

# 5.6 SC-FDMA baseband signal generation

This section applies to all uplink physical signals and physical channels except the physical random access channel. The time-continuous signal  $s_l^{(p)}(t)$  for antenna port p in SC-FDMA symbol l in an uplink slot is defined by

$$s_{l}^{(p)}(t) = \sum_{k=-\left\lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} / 2 \right\rfloor}^{\left\lceil N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} / 2 \right\rfloor} a_{k^{(-)},l}^{(p)} \cdot e^{j2\pi(k+1/2)\Delta f(t-N_{\text{CP},l}T_{\text{s}})}$$

for  $0 \le t < (N_{CP,l} + N) \times T_s$  where  $k^{(-)} = k + \lfloor N_{RB}^{UL} N_{sc}^{RB} / 2 \rfloor$ , N = 2048,  $\Delta f = 15$  kHz and  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$  is the content of resource element (k,l) on antenna port p.

The SC-FDMA symbols in a slot shall be transmitted in increasing order of l, starting with l = 0, where SC-FDMA symbol l > 0 starts at time  $\sum_{l'=0}^{l-1} (N_{CP,l'} + N)T_s$  within the slot.

Table 5.6-1 lists the values of  $N_{\text{CP},l}$  that shall be used.

Table 5.6-1: SC-FDMA	a parameters.
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Configuration	Cyclic prefix length $N_{{ m CP},l}$
Normal cyclic prefix	160 for $l = 0$ 144 for $l = 1, 2,, 6$
Extended cyclic prefix	512 for $l = 0, 1, \dots, 5$

# 5.7 Physical random access channel

## 5.7.1 Time and frequency structure

The physical layer random access preamble, illustrated in Figure 5.7.1-1, consists of a cyclic prefix of length  $T_{CP}$  and a sequence part of length  $T_{SEQ}$ . The parameter values are listed in Table 5.7.1-1 and depend on the frame structure and the random access configuration. Higher layers control the preamble format.



Figure 5.7.1-1: Random access preamble format.

Preamble format	T <sub>CP</sub>	$T_{ m SEQ}$
0	$3168 \cdot T_s$	$24576 \cdot T_{s}$
1	$21024 \cdot T_{s}$	$24576 \cdot T_{s}$
2	$6240 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$2 \cdot 24576 \cdot T_{\rm s}$
3	$21024 \cdot T_{s}$	$2 \cdot 24576 \cdot T_{\rm s}$
4*	$448 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4096 \cdot T_{s}$

#### Table 5.7.1-1: Random access preamble parameters.

\* Frame structure type 2 and special subframe configurations with UpPTS lengths  $4384 \cdot T_s$  and  $5120 \cdot T_s$  only.

The transmission of a random access preamble, if triggered by the MAC layer, is restricted to certain time and frequency resources. These resources are enumerated in increasing order of the subframe number within the radio frame and the physical resource blocks in the frequency domain such that index 0 correspond to the lowest numbered physical resource block and subframe within the radio frame. PRACH resources within the radio frame are indicated by a PRACH Resource Index, where the indexing is in the order of appearance in Table 5.7.1-2 and Table 5.7.1-4.

For frame structure type 1 with preamble format 0-3, there is at most one random access resource per subframe. Table 5.7.1-2 lists the preamble formats according to Table 5.7.1-1 and the subframes in which random access preamble transmission is allowed for a given configuration in frame structure type 1. The parameter *prach-ConfigurationIndex* is

given by higher layers. The start of the random access preamble shall be aligned with the start of the corresponding uplink subframe at the UE assuming  $N_{TA} = 0$ , where  $N_{TA}$  is defined in section 8.1. For PRACH configurations 0, 1, 2, 15, 16, 17, 18, 31, 32, 33, 34, 47, 48, 49, 50 and 63 the UE may for handover purposes assume an absolute value of the relative time difference between radio frame *i* in the current cell and the target cell of less than 153600  $\cdot T_s$ . The first physical resource block  $n_{PRB}^{RA}$  allocated to the PRACH opportunity considered for preamble formats 0, 1, 2 and 3 is defined as  $n_{PRB}^{RA} = n_{PRB offset}^{RA}$ , where the parameter *prach-FrequencyOffset*,  $n_{PRB offset}^{RA}$  is expressed as a physical resource block number configured by higher layers and fulfilling  $0 \le n_{PRB offset}^{RA} \le N_{RB}^{UL} - 6$ .

PRACH	Preamble	System	Subframe	PRACH	Preamble	System	Subframe
Configuration	Format	frame	number	Configuration	Format	frame	number
Index		number		Index		number	
0	0	Even	1	32	2	Even	1
1	0	Even	4	33	2	Even	4
2	0	Even	7	34	2	Even	7
3	0	Any	1	35	2	Any	1
4	0	Any	4	36	2	Any	4
5	0	Any	7	37	2	Any	7
6	0	Any	1, 6	38	2	Any	1, 6
7	0	Any	2 ,7	39	2	Any	2 ,7
8	0	Any	3, 8	40	2	Any	3, 8
9	0	Any	1, 4, 7	41	2	Any	1, 4, 7
10	0	Any	2, 5, 8	42	2	Any	2, 5, 8
11	0	Any	3, 6, 9	43	2	Any	3, 6, 9
12	0	Any	0, 2, 4, 6, 8	44	2	Any	0, 2, 4, 6,
							8
13	0	Any	1, 3, 5, 7, 9	45	2	Any	1, 3, 5, 7,
							9
14	0	Any	0, 1, 2, 3, 4,	46	N/A	N/A	N/A
			5, 6, 7, 8, 9				
15	0	Even	9	47	2	Even	9
16	1	Even	1	48	3	Even	1
17	1	Even	4	49	3	Even	4
18	1	Even	7	50	3	Even	7
19	1	Any	1	51	3	Any	1
20	1	Any	4	52	3	Any	4
21	1	Any	7	53	3	Any	7
22	1	Any	1, 6	54	3	Any	1, 6
23	1	Any	2 ,7	55	3	Any	2 ,7
24	1	Any	3, 8	56	3	Any	3, 8
25	1	Any	1, 4, 7	57	3	Any	1, 4, 7
26	1	Any	2, 5, 8	58	3	Any	2, 5, 8
27	1	Any	3, 6, 9	59	3	Any	3, 6, 9
28	1	Any	0, 2, 4, 6, 8	60	N/A	N/Â	N/A
29	1	Any	1, 3, 5, 7, 9	61	N/A	N/A	N/A
30	N/A	N/Á	N/A	62	N/A	N/A	N/A
31	1	Even	9	63	3	Even	9

Table 5.7.1-2: Frame structure type	random access configuration	for preamble formats 0-3.
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For frame structure type 2 with preamble formats 0-4, there might be multiple random access resources in an UL subframe (or UpPTS for preamble format 4) depending on the UL/DL configuration [see table 4.2-2]. Table 5.7.1-3 lists PRACH configurations allowed for frame structure type 2 where the configuration index corresponds to a certain combination of preamble format, PRACH density value,  $D_{RA}$  and version index,  $r_{RA}$ . The parameter *prach-ConfigurationIndex* is given by higher layers. For frame structure type 2 with PRACH configuration 0, 1, 2, 20, 21, 22, 30, 31, 32, 40, 41, 42, 48, 49, 50, or with PRACH configuration 51, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57 in UL/DL configuration 3, 4, 5, the UE may for handover purposes assume an absolute value of the relative time difference between radio frame *i* in the current cell and the target cell is less than 153600  $\cdot T_s$ .

PRACH	Preamble	Density	Version	PRACH	Preamble	Density	Version
configuration	Format	Per 10 ms	$r_{\rm RA}$	configuration	Format	Per 10 ms	$r_{\rm RA}$
Index		$D_{\mathrm{RA}}$	KA	Index		$D_{\mathrm{RA}}$	KA
0	0	0.5	0	32	2	0.5	2
1	0	0.5	1	33	2	1	0
2	0	0.5	2	34	2	1	1
3	0	1	0	35	2	2	0
4	0	1	1	36	2	3	0
5	0	1	2	37	2	4	0
6	0	2	0	38	2	5	0
7	0	2	1	39	2	6	0
8	0	2	2	40	3	0.5	0
9	0	3	0	41	3	0.5	1
10	0	3	1	42	3	0.5	2
11	0	3	2	43	3	1	0
12	0	4	0	44	3	1	1
13	0	4	1	45	3	2	0
14	0	4	2	46	3	3	0
15	0	5	0	47	3	4	0
16	0	5	1	48	4	0.5	0
17	0	5	2	49	4	0.5	1
18	0	6	0	50	4	0.5	2
19	0	6	1	51	4	1	0
20	1	0.5	0	52	4	1	1
21	1	0.5	1	53	4	2	0
22	1	0.5	2	54	4	3	0
23	1	1	0	55	4	4	0
24	1	1	1	56	4	5	0
25	1	2	0	57	4	6	0
26	1	3	0	58	N/A	N/A	N/A
27	1	4	0	59	N/A	N/A	N/A
28	1	5	0	60	N/A	N/A	N/A
29	1	6	0	61	N/A	N/A	N/A
30	2	0.5	0	62	N/A	N/A	N/A
31	2	0.5	1	63	N/A	N/A	N/A

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Table 5.7.1-4 lists the mapping to physical resources for the different random access opportunities needed for a certain PRACH density value,  $D_{\text{RA}}$ . Each quadruple of the format  $(f_{\text{RA}}, t_{\text{RA}}^{(0)}, t_{\text{RA}}^{(1)}, t_{\text{RA}}^{(2)})$  indicates the location of a specific random access resource, where  $f_{\text{RA}}$  is a frequency resource index within the considered time instance,  $t_{\text{RA}}^{(0)} = 0,1,2$  indicates whether the resource is reoccurring in all radio frames, in even radio frames, or in odd radio frames, respectively,  $t_{\text{RA}}^{(1)} = 0,1$  indicates whether the random access resource is located in first half frame or in second half frame, respectively, and where  $t_{\text{RA}}^{(2)}$  is the uplink subframe number where the preamble starts, counting from 0 at the first uplink subframe between 2 consecutive downlink-to-uplink switch points, with the exception of preamble format 4 where  $t_{\text{RA}}^{(2)}$  is denoted as (\*). The start of the random access preamble formats 0-3 shall be aligned with the start of the corresponding uplink subframe at the UE assuming  $N_{\text{TA}} = 0$  and the random access preamble format 4 shall start 4832  $\cdot T_{\text{s}}$  before the end of the UpPTS at the UE, where the UpPTS is referenced to the UE's uplink frame timing assuming  $N_{\text{TA}} = 0$ .

The random access opportunities for each PRACH configuration shall be allocated in time first and then in frequency if and only if time multiplexing is not sufficient to hold all opportunities of a PRACH configuration needed for a certain density value  $D_{\text{RA}}$  without overlap in time. For preamble format 0-3, the frequency multiplexing shall be done according to

$$n_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{RA}} = \begin{cases} n_{\text{PRB offset}}^{\text{RA}} + 6 \left\lfloor \frac{f_{\text{RA}}}{2} \right\rfloor, & \text{if } f_{\text{RA}} \mod 2 = 0\\ \\ N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} - 6 - n_{\text{PRB offset}}^{\text{RA}} - 6 \left\lfloor \frac{f_{\text{RA}}}{2} \right\rfloor, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}}$  is the number of uplink resource blocks,  $n_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{RA}}$  is the first physical resource block allocated to the PRACH opportunity considered and where the parameter *prach-FrequencyOffset*,  $n_{\text{PRB offset}}^{\text{RA}}$  is the first physical resource block available for PRACH expressed as a physical resource block number configured by higher layers and fulfilling  $0 \le n_{\text{PRB offset}}^{\text{RA}} \le N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} - 6$ .

For preamble format 4, the frequency multiplexing shall be done according to

$$n_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{RA}} = \begin{cases} 6f_{\text{RA}}, & \text{if } \left( (n_{\text{f}} \mod 2) \times (2 - N_{\text{SP}}) + t_{\text{RA}}^{(1)} \right) \mod 2 = 0\\ N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} - 6(f_{\text{RA}} + 1), & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where  $n_{\rm f}$  is the system frame number and where  $N_{\rm SP}$  is the number of DL to UL switch points within the radio frame.

Each random access preamble occupies a bandwidth corresponding to 6 consecutive resource blocks for both frame structures.

# Table 5.7.1-4: Frame structure type 2 random access preamble mapping in time and frequency.

PRACH		UL/DL configuration (See Table 4.2-2)								
configuration Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6			
(See Table 5.7.1-3)										
0	(0,1,0,2)	(0,1,0,1)	(0,1,0,0)	(0,1,0,2)	(0,1,0,1)	(0,1,0,0)	(0,1,0,2)			
1	(0,2,0,2)	(0,2,0,1)	(0,2,0,0)	(0,2,0,2)	(0,2,0,1)	(0,2,0,0)	(0,2,0,2)			
2 3	(0,1,1,2)	(0,1,1,1)	(0,1,1,0)	(0,1,0,1)	(0,1,0,0)	N/A	(0,1,1,1)			
4	(0,0,0,2) (0,0,1,2)	(0,0,0,1) (0,0,1,1)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,1,0)	(0,0,0,2) (0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,1) (0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0) N/A	(0,0,0,2) (0,0,1,1)			
5	(0,0,1,2)	(0,0,1,1)	(0,0,1,0) N/A	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0) N/A	N/A	(0,0,1,1)			
6	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,2)			
U U	(0,0,1,2)	(0,0,1,1)	(0,0,1,0)	(0,0,0,2)	(0,0,0,0)	(1,0,0,0)	(0,0,1,1)			
7	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	N/A	(0,0,0,1)			
	(0,0,1,1)	(0,0,1,0)		(0,0,0,2)			(0,0,1,0)			
8	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	N/A	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	N/A	(0,0,0,0)			
	(0,0,1,0)			(0,0,0,1)	(0, 0, 0, 0)		(0,0,1,1)			
9	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,1)			
	(0,0,0,2) (0,0,1,2)	(0,0,0,1) (0,0,1,1)	(0,0,1,0) (1,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,1) (0,0,0,2)	(0,0,0,1) (1,0,0,1)	(1,0,0,0) (2,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,2) (0,0,1,1)			
10	(0,0,1,2)	(0,0,1,1)	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	(1,0,0,1) (0,0,0,0)	N/A	(0,0,1,1)			
10	(0,0,1,0)	(0,0,1,0)	(0,0,1,0)		(0,0,0,0)		(0,0,0,2)			
	(0,0,1,1)	(0,0,1,1)	(1,0,1,0)		(1,0,0,0)		(0,0,1,0)			
11	N/A	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(0,0,0,1)			
		(0,0,0,1)					(0,0,1,0)			
		(0,0,1,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)			(0,0,1,1)			
12	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,1)			
	(0,0,0,2) (0,0,1,1)	(0,0,0,1) (0,0,1,0)	(0,0,1,0) (1,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,1) (0,0,0,2)	(0,0,0,1) (1,0,0,0)	(1,0,0,0) (2,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,2) (0,0,1,0)			
	(0,0,1,1)	(0,0,1,0) (0,0,1,1)	(1,0,0,0) (1,0,1,0)	(0,0,0,2) (1,0,0,2)	(1,0,0,0) (1,0,0,1)	(2,0,0,0) (3,0,0,0)	(0,0,1,0) (0,0,1,1)			
13	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	N/A	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	N/A	(0,0,0,0)			
	(0,0,0,2)			(0,0,0,1)			(0,0,0,1)			
	(0,0,1,0)			(0,0,0,2)			(0,0,0,2)			
	(0,0,1,2)			(1,0,0,1)			(0,0,1,1)			
14	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	N/A	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	N/A	(0,0,0,0)			
	(0,0,0,1)			(0,0,0,1)			(0,0,0,2)			
	(0,0,1,0) (0,0,1,1)			(0,0,0,2) (1,0,0,0)			(0,0,1,0) (0,0,1,1)			
15	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)			
	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,1,0)	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,1)	(1,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,1)			
	(0,0,0,2)	(0,0,1,0)	(1,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,2)	(1,0,0,0)	(2,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,2)			
	(0,0,1,1)	(0,0,1,1)	(1,0,1,0)	(1,0,0,1)	(1,0,0,1)	(3,0,0,0)	(0,0,1,0)			
40	(0,0,1,2)	(1,0,0,1)	(2,0,0,0)	(1,0,0,2)	(2,0,0,1)	(4,0,0,0)	(0,0,1,1)			
16	(0,0,0,1) (0,0,0,2)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,1,0)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,0,1)	N/A	N/A			
	(0,0,0,2) (0,0,1,0)	(0,0,1,0)	(0,0,1,0) (1,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,1) (0,0,0,2)	(0,0,0,1) (1,0,0,0)					
	(0,0,1,1)	(0,0,1,1)	(1,0,1,0)	(1,0,0,0)	(1,0,0,1)					
	(0,0,1,2)	(1,0,1,1)	(2,0,1,0)	(1,0,0,2)	(2,0,0,0)					
17	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	(0,0,0,0)	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,1)		(0,0,0,1)						
	(0,0,0,2)	(0,0,1,0)		(0,0,0,2)						
	(0,0,1,0) (0,0,1,2)	(0,0,1,1) (1,0,0,0)		(1,0,0,0) (1,0,0,1)						
18	(0,0,1,2) (0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0)			
	(0,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,1,0)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0) (1,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,0,1)			
	(0,0,0,2)	(0,0,1,0)	(1,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,2)	(1,0,0,0)	(2,0,0,0)	(0,0,0,2)			
	(0,0,1,0)	(0,0,1,1)	(1,0,1,0)	(1,0,0,0)	(1,0,0,1)	(3,0,0,0)	(0,0,1,0)			
	(0,0,1,1)	(1,0,0,1)	(2,0,0,0)	(1,0,0,1)	(2,0,0,0)	(4,0,0,0)	(0,0,1,1)			
19	(0,0,1,2) N/A	(1,0,1,1)	(2,0,1,0) N/A	(1,0,0,2) N/A	(2,0,0,1) N/A	(5,0,0,0) N/A	(1,0,0,2)			
19	IN/A	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,0,1)	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	(0,0,0,0) (0,0,0,1)			
		(0,0,0,1) (0,0,1,0)					(0,0,0,1) (0,0,0,2)			
		(0,0,1,1)					(0,0,0,2) (0,0,1,0)			
		(1,0,0,0)					(0,0,1,1)			
		(1,0,1,0)					(1,0,1,1)			
20/30	(0,1,0,1)	(0,1,0,0)	N/A	(0,1,0,1)	(0,1,0,0)	N/A	(0,1,0,1)			
21 / 31	(0,2,0,1)	(0,2,0,0)	N/A	(0,2,0,1)	(0,2,0,0)	N/A	(0,2,0,1)			

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23 / 33         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         NAA         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         NAA         NAA         NAA         NAA         (00.0.1)           25 / 35         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         NAA         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         (00.0.0)         (00.0.0)         (00.0.0)	22/32	(0,1,1,1)	(0,1,1,0)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	(0,1,1,0)
24/34         (0.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         NA         NA         NA         (NA         (0.0.0)           25/35         (0.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         (0.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.1)           26/36         (0.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         (0.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.1)           27/37         (0.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         NA         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.0.0)         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.1.0)         (3.0.0.1)         (3.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (2.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         NA         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (2.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         NA         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         NA           (1.0.1.1)		( , , , , ,	( / / / /					( , , , , ,
25 / 35         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.0)         NA         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)           26 / 36         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.0)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)           27 / 37         (0.0.1)         (0.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)           27 / 37         (0.0.1)         (0.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)           (1.0.1)         (1.0.0.0)         NA         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1)         (1.0.0.0)         NA         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (1.0.1)           (1.0.1)         (1.0.0.0)         NA         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1)         (1.0.0.0)         NA         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (4.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.0.0)         NA         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (4.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (2.0.1.1)         (2.0.0.0)         NA         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         NA         (1.0.0.1)           (2.0.1.1)         (2.0.0.0)         NA         NA         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.0		( , , , , ,			,			( , , , , ,
(0.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)           26 / 36         (0.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         NA         (1.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)           27 / 37         (0.0.1.1)         (0.0.0.0)         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (1.0.0.1)           27 / 37         (0.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.0)         NA         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.1.0)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.1.0)         (3.0.0.1)         (3.0.0.0)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.1.0)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.1.0)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.1.0)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.1.1)         (0.0.1.1)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.1)           (2.0.1.1)         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (4.0.0.1)         (4.0.0.0)         (2.0.0.1)           (2.0.1.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (4.0.0.1)         (4.0.0.0)         (2.0.0.1)           (2.0.1.1)         (0.0.0		( , , , , ,						
26 / 36         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,0)           27 / 37         (0.0,1)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,1)           27 / 37         (0.0,1,1)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,1)           (1.0,1,1)         (1.0,0,0)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)           (1.0,1,1)         (0.0,1,1)         (0.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)           (1.0,1,1)         (0.0,1,1)         (0.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)           (1.0,1,1)         (0.0,1,1)         (0.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)           (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,0)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,0)           (1.0,1,1)         (0.0,1,0)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)         (0.0,0,0)           (1.0,1,1)         (1.0,1,0)         (3.0,0,1)         (3.0,0,0)         (1.0,1,0)           (2.0,1)         (2.0,0,0)         N/A         N/A         (0.0,1,0)         (0.0,1,0)								
(1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           27 / 37         (0.0.11)         (0.0.1.0)         NA         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           10.0.11)         (0.0.1.0)         NA         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           11.0.11)         (1.0.1.0)         (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.1.0)         (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.1.0)           28 / 38         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.0)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)         (0.0.0.1)           (1.0.11)         (1.0.0.0)         NA         (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (1.0.11)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)         (1.0.0.1)           (2.0.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         (4.0.0.1)         (4.0.0.0)         (2.0.0.1)           (2.0.1.1)         (2.0.0.0)         NA         (1.0.1.1)         (1.0.1.0)         (2.0.0.1)           (2.0.1)         (2.0.0.0)         NA         NA         NA         NA         (1.0.0.0)           (0.0.1.1)         (2.0.0.0)         NA         NA         NA         (1.0.0.0)         (2.0.0.1) <td>26 / 36</td> <td>(0,0,0,1)</td> <td>(0,0,0,0)</td> <td></td> <td>(0,0,0,1)</td> <td>(0,0,0,0)</td> <td></td> <td>(0,0,0,1)</td>	26 / 36	(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0)		(0,0,0,1)	(0,0,0,0)		(0,0,0,1)
27/37         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         (00.0.1)         (00.0.1)         (00.0.1)           (10.0.1)         (10.0.0)         NA         (10.0.0)         (10.0.0)         (10.0.0)           28/38         (00.0.1)         (00.0.0)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)           (10.1.1)         (10.1.0)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)           (10.1.1)         (10.1.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)           (10.1.1)         (10.1.1)         (10.0.1)         (20.0.1)         (20.0.0)         (20.0.1)           (20.0.1)         (20.0.0)         (40.0.1)         (40.0.0)         (20.0.1)         (20.0.1)           (10.1.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)         (10.0.1)           (10.1.1)         (10.0.1)         (20.0.1)         (20.0.1)         (20.0.1)         (20.0.1)           (20.11)         (20.0.0)         NA         (01.0.0)         NA         (01.0.0)         NA           (20.1)         (20.0.1)         (20.0.0)         NA         NA         (02.0.0)         (20.0.1)           (20.1)         (20.0.0)         NA         NA         N			(0,0,1,0)	N/A	(1,0,0,1)	(1,0,0,0)	N/A	(0,0,1,0)
(0.0.1,1)         (0.0.1,0)         NA         (1.0.0,1)         (1.0.0,1)         (1.0.0,1)         (1.0.0,1)           28 / 38         (0.0.0,1)         (0.0.0,0)         (0.0.1)         (0.0.0,1)         (0.0.0,1)         (0.0.0,1)           (1.0,1)         (1.0,1)         (0.0.1,1)         (0.0.0,0)         (1.0.0,1)         (1.0.0,1)           (1.0,1)         (1.0,0)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)           (1.0,1)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)           (1.0,1)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,1)           (1.0,1,1)         (1.0,1,0)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,0)         (0.0,0,1)           (1.0,1,1)         (1.0,1,0)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,0)         (1.0,0,1)           (1.0,1,1)         (1.0,1,0)         (1.0,0,1)         (1.0,0,0)         (1.0,0,1)           (2.0,1,1)         (2.0,1,0)         (2.0,0,1)         (2.0,0,1)         (2.0,0,1)           (2.0,0,1)         (2.0,0,0)         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           (1.0,0,0)         N/A         N/A         (0.0,0,0)         N/A         N/A           (2.0,0,0)         N/A         N/A		(1,0,0,1)	(1,0,0,0)					
(10.0,1)         (10.0,0)         (20.0,1)         (20.0,0)         (10.0,1)           28/38         (00.0,1)         (00.0,0)         (00.0,1)         (00.0,0)         (00.0,1)           (10.1,1)         (10.1,0)         (10.0,1)         (10.0,1)         (10.0,1)         (10.0,1)           (10.1,1)         (10.1,1)         (10.0,1)         (10.0,1)         (10.0,1)         (10.0,1)           (20.1)         (20.0)         (40.0,1)         (40.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,1)           (20.1)         (20.0,0)         (40.0,1)         (40.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)           (10.1,1)         (00.1,0)         (10.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)           (10.1,1)         (20.1,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)           (20.1,1)         (20.0,0)         N/A         N/A         (01.0,0)         N/A         N/A           (20.1,1)         (20.1,0)         N/A         N/A         (01.0,0)         N/A         N/A           (20.0,1)         (20.0,0)         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         (0.0,0,0)           (40.0,0,0)         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/	27 / 37							
(1,0,1,1)         (1,0,1,0)         (3,0,0,1)         (3,0,0,0)         (1,0,1,0)           28 / 38         (0,0,1)         (0,0,0)         (0,0,0,1)         (1,0,0,0)         (1,0,0,1)         (1,0,0,1)           (1,0,1,1)         (1,0,0,0)         N/A         (2,0,0,1)         (2,0,0,0)         (2,0,0,1)           (2,0,0,1)         (2,0,0,1)         (2,0,0,1)         (2,0,0,1)         (2,0,0,1)         (2,0,0,1)           (2,0,0,1)         (0,0,0,1)         (0,0,0,0)         (0,0,0,1)         (0,0,0,0)         (0,0,0,1)           (1,0,1,1)         (0,0,1,0)         (1,0,0,1)         (1,0,0,0)         (1,0,0,0)         (1,0,0,1)           (1,0,1,1)         (1,0,1,0)         N/A         (2,0,0,0)         (2,0,0,0)         (2,0,0,1)           (2,0,0,1)         (2,0,0,0)         (4,0,0,1)         (3,0,0,0)         (2,0,1,0)         (2,0,1,0)           (2,0,1,1)         (2,0,1,0)         (3,0,0,0)         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         (0,0,0,0)           (41         (0,2,0,0)         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         (0,0,0,0)           42         (0,1,0)         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         (0,0,0,0)				N/A			N/A	
28/38         (00.0,1)         (00.0,0)         (00.0,1)         (00.0,0)         (00.0,1)           (00.11)         (00.0,0)         N/A         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)           (20.0,1)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,0)           29/39         (00.0,1)         (00.0,1)         (00.0,1)         (00.0,0)         (00.0,1)         (00.0,0)           (10.0,1)         (00.0,1)         (00.0,1)         (00.0,1)         (00.0,0)         (20.0,0)           (10.0,1)         (10.0,0)         N/A         (20.0,0)         (20.0,1)         (20.0,0)         (20.0,1)           (20.1,1)         (20.0,0)         N/A         N/A         (01.0,0)         N/A         (0.1,0,0)           40         (01.1,0)         N/A         N/A         (01.0,0)         N/A         N/A         (02.0,0)           41         (02.0,0)         N/A         N/A         (00.0,0)         N/A         N/A         N/A           43         (00.0,0)         N/A         N/A         (00.0,0)         N/A         N/A         N/A           44         (00.1,0)         N/A         N/A         (00.0,0)         N/A         N/A         (0								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	20 / 20							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	28/38							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				Ν/Δ			Ν/Δ	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				1 1/7 (			11/7	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			(2.0.0.0)					
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	29 /39							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		(1,0,0,1)		N/A	(2,0,0,1)	(2,0,0,0)	N/A	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$							N1/A	
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	-							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $								
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		( , , , , ,						
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	10			10// (		1.1/7 (	1.1/7 (	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	46							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	(1,0,0,0)
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		(1,0,0,0)			(2,0,0,0)			(2,0,0,0)
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	47							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	19	$\langle \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \rangle$	(0 1 0 *)	(0 1 0 *)		(0 1 0 *)	(0 1 0 *)	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				$\langle \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \rangle$				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								(0,0,1,*)
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				(0,0,0,*)				
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		(0,0,1,*)	(0,0,1,*)	(0,0,1,*)	(1,0,0,*)		(1,0,0,*)	(0,0,1,*)
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	54							
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
(0,0,1,*)         (0,0,1,*)         (0,0,1,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)           56         (0,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*)         (0,0,0,*) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	55							
(1,0,1,*)         (1,0,1,*)         (1,0,1,*)         (3,0,0,*)         (3,0,0,*)         (3,0,0,*)         (1,0,1,*)           56         (0,0,0,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	56							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				(1,0,0,*)				
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		(1,0,1,*)		(1,0,1,*)				
(0,0,1,*)         (0,0,1,*)         (0,0,1,*)         (1,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,1,*)         (2,0,1,*) <t< td=""><td></td><td>(2,0,0,*)</td><td>(2,0,0,*)</td><td>(2,0,0,*)</td><td>(4,0,0,*)</td><td>(4,0,0,*)</td><td>(4,0,0,*)</td><td>(2,0,0,*)</td></t<>		(2,0,0,*)	(2,0,0,*)	(2,0,0,*)	(4,0,0,*)	(4,0,0,*)	(4,0,0,*)	(2,0,0,*)
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	57							
(1,0,1,*)         (1,0,1,*)         (1,0,1,*)         (3,0,0,*)         (3,0,0,*)         (3,0,0,*)         (1,0,1,*)           (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (4,0,0,*)         (4,0,0,*)         (4,0,0,*)         (4,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)           (2,0,1,*)         (2,0,1,*)         (2,0,1,*)         (5,0,0,*)         (5,0,0,*)         (5,0,0,*)         (2,0,1,*)           58         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           59         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           60         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           61         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A								
(2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (4,0,0,*)         (4,0,0,*)         (4,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,0,*)         (2,0,1,*) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
(2,0,1,*)         (2,0,1,*)         (2,0,1,*)         (5,0,0,*)         (5,0,0,*)         (2,0,1,*)           58         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           59         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           60         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           61         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A								
58         N/A								
59         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           60         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           61         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A	58							
60         N/A								
61 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A								
<u> </u>	62	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

63 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A								
	63	N/A						

\* UpPTS

## 5.7.2 Preamble sequence generation

The random access preambles are generated from Zadoff-Chu sequences with zero correlation zone, generated from one or several root Zadoff-Chu sequences. The network configures the set of preamble sequences the UE is allowed to use.

There are 64 preambles available in each cell. The set of 64 preamble sequences in a cell is found by including first, in the order of increasing cyclic shift, all the available cyclic shifts of a root Zadoff-Chu sequence with the logical index RACH\_ROOT\_SEQUENCE, where RACH\_ROOT\_SEQUENCE is broadcasted as part of the System Information. Additional preamble sequences, in case 64 preambles cannot be generated from a single root Zadoff-Chu sequence, are obtained from the root sequences with the consecutive logical indexes until all the 64 sequences are found. The logical root sequence order is cyclic: the logical index 0 is consecutive to 837. The relation between a logical root sequence index and physical root sequence index u is given by Tables 5.7.2-4 and 5.7.2-5 for preamble formats 0 - 3 and 4, respectively.

The  $u^{th}$  root Zadoff-Chu sequence is defined by

$$x_u(n) = e^{-j\frac{\pi u n(n+1)}{N_{ZC}}}, \quad 0 \le n \le N_{ZC} - 1$$

where the length  $N_{ZC}$  of the Zadoff-Chu sequence is given by Table 5.7.2-1. From the  $u^{\text{th}}$  root Zadoff-Chu sequence, random access preambles with zero correlation zones of length  $N_{CS}$  – 1 are defined by cyclic shifts according to

$$x_{u,v}(n) = x_u((n+C_v) \mod N_{\rm ZC})$$

where the cyclic shift is given by

$$C_{v} = \begin{cases} vN_{\text{CS}} & v = 0, 1, ..., \lfloor N_{\text{ZC}} / N_{\text{CS}} \rfloor - 1, N_{\text{CS}} \neq 0 & \text{for unrestricted sets} \\ 0 & N_{\text{CS}} = 0 & \text{for unrestricted sets} \\ d_{\text{start}} \lfloor v/n_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}} \rfloor + (v \mod n_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}})N_{\text{CS}} & v = 0, 1, ..., n_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}} n_{\text{group}}^{\text{RA}} + \overline{n}_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}} - 1 & \text{for restricted sets} \end{cases}$$

and  $N_{CS}$  is given by Tables 5.7.2-2 and 5.7.2-3 for preamble formats 0-3 and 4, respectively, where the parameter *zeroCorrelationZoneConfig* is provided by higher layers. The parameter *High-speed-flag* provided by higher layers determines if unrestricted set or restricted set shall be used.

The variable  $d_u$  is the cyclic shift corresponding to a Doppler shift of magnitude  $1/T_{SEQ}$  and is given by

$$d_u = \begin{cases} p & 0 \le p < N_{\rm ZC}/2 \\ N_{\rm ZC} - p & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where p is the smallest non-negative integer that fulfils  $(pu) \mod N_{ZC} = 1$ . The parameters for restricted sets of cyclic shifts depend on  $d_u$ . For  $N_{CS} \le d_u < N_{ZC}/3$ , the parameters are given by

$$n_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}} = \lfloor d_u / N_{\text{CS}} \rfloor$$
  

$$d_{\text{start}} = 2d_u + n_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}} N_{\text{CS}}$$
  

$$n_{\text{group}}^{\text{RA}} = \lfloor N_{\text{ZC}} / d_{\text{start}} \rfloor$$
  

$$\overline{n}_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}} = \max \left( \left( N_{\text{ZC}} - 2d_u - n_{\text{group}}^{\text{RA}} d_{\text{start}} \right) / N_{\text{CS}} \rfloor 0 \right)$$

For  $N_{\rm ZC}/3 \le d_u \le (N_{\rm ZC} - N_{\rm CS})/2$ , the parameters are given by

$$n_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}} = \lfloor (N_{\text{ZC}} - 2d_u) / N_{\text{CS}} \rfloor$$
  

$$d_{\text{start}} = N_{\text{ZC}} - 2d_u + n_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}} N_{\text{CS}}$$
  

$$n_{\text{group}}^{\text{RA}} = \lfloor d_u / d_{\text{start}} \rfloor$$
  

$$\overline{n}_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}} = \min(\max(\lfloor (d_u - n_{\text{group}}^{\text{RA}} d_{\text{start}}) / N_{\text{CS}} \rfloor 0), n_{\text{shift}}^{\text{RA}})$$

For all other values of  $d_u$ , there are no cyclic shifts in the restricted set.

#### Table 5.7.2-1: Random access preamble sequence length.

Preamble format	N <sub>ZC</sub>
0 - 3	839
4	139

<b>Table 5.7.2-2:</b> <i>N</i> <sub>CS</sub>	for preamble gei	neration (preamble	formats 0-3).
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zeroCorrelationZoneConfig	N <sub>CS</sub> v	alue
	Unrestricted set	Restricted set
0	0	15
1	13	18
2	15	22
3	18	26
4	22	32
5	26	38
6	32	46
7	38	55
8	46	68
9	59	82
10	76	100
11	93	128
12	119	158
13	167	202
14	279	237
15	419	-

Table 5.7.2-3:  $\mathit{N}_{\rm CS}$  for preamble generation (preamble format 4).

zeroCorrelationZoneConfig	$N_{\rm CS}$ value
0	2
1	4
2	6
3	8
4	10
5	12
6	15
7	N/A
8	N/A
9	N/A
10	N/A
11	N/A
12	N/A
13	N/A
14	N/A
15	N/A

Logical root	Developed root approach without a
Logical root sequence number	Physical root sequence number $u$
0–23	(in increasing order of the corresponding logical sequence number)
0-23	129, 710, 140, 699, 120, 719, 210, 629, 168, 671, 84, 755, 105, 734, 93, 746, 70, 769, 60, 779 2, 837, 1, 838
24–29	56, 783, 112, 727, 148, 691
30–35	80, 759, 42, 797, 40, 799
36–41	35, 804, 73, 766, 146, 693
42–51	31, 808, 28, 811, 30, 809, 27, 812, 29, 810
52-63	24, 815, 48, 791, 68, 771, 74, 765, 178, 661, 136, 703
64–75	86, 753, 78, 761, 43, 796, 39, 800, 20, 819, 21, 818
76–89	95, 744, 202, 637, 190, 649, 181, 658, 137, 702, 125, 714, 151, 688
90–115	217, 622, 128, 711, 142, 697, 122, 717, 203, 636, 118, 721, 110, 729, 89, 750, 103, 736, 61, 778, 55, 784, 15, 824, 14, 825
116–135	12, 827, 23, 816, 34, 805, 37, 802, 46, 793, 207, 632, 179, 660, 145, 694, 130, 709, 223, 616
136–167	228, 611, 227, 612, 132, 707, 133, 706, 143, 696, 135, 704, 161, 678, 201, 638, 173, 666, 106,
	733, 83, 756, 91, 748, 66, 773, 53, 786, 10, 829, 9, 830
168–203	7, 832, 8, 831, 16, 823, 47, 792, 64, 775, 57, 782, 104, 735, 101, 738, 108, 731, 208, 631, 184,
204–263	655, 197, 642, 191, 648, 121, 718, 141, 698, 149, 690, 216, 623, 218, 621 152, 687, 144, 695, 134, 705, 138, 701, 199, 640, 162, 677, 176, 663, 119, 720, 158, 681, 164,
207-200	675, 174, 665, 171, 668, 170, 669, 87, 752, 169, 670, 88, 751, 107, 732, 81, 758, 82, 757, 100,
	739, 98, 741, 71, 768, 59, 780, 65, 774, 50, 789, 49, 790, 26, 813, 17, 822, 13, 826, 6, 833
264–327	5, 834, 33, 806, 51, 788, 75, 764, 99, 740, 96, 743, 97, 742, 166, 673, 172, 667, 175, 664, 187,
	652, 163, 676, 185, 654, 200, 639, 114, 725, 189, 650, 115, 724, 194, 645, 195, 644, 192, 647,
	182, 657, 157, 682, 156, 683, 211, 628, 154, 685, 123, 716, 139, 700, 212, 627, 153, 686, 213,
	626, 215, 624, 150, 689
328–383	225, 614, 224, 615, 221, 618, 220, 619, 127, 712, 147, 692, 124, 715, 193, 646, 205, 634, 206,
	633, 116, 723, 160, 679, 186, 653, 167, 672, 79, 760, 85, 754, 77, 762, 92, 747, 58, 781, 62,
	777, 69, 770, 54, 785, 36, 803, 32, 807, 25, 814, 18, 821, 11, 828, 4, 835
384–455	3, 836, 19, 820, 22, 817, 41, 798, 38, 801, 44, 795, 52, 787, 45, 794, 63, 776, 67, 772, 72
	767, 76, 763, 94, 745, 102, 737, 90, 749, 109, 730, 165, 674, 111, 728, 209, 630, 204, 635, 117,
	722, 188, 651, 159, 680, 198, 641, 113, 726, 183, 656, 180, 659, 177, 662, 196, 643, 155, 684, 214, 625, 126, 713, 131, 708, 219, 620, 222, 617, 226, 613
456–513	230, 609, 232, 607, 262, 577, 252, 587, 418, 421, 416, 423, 413, 426, 411, 428, 376, 463, 395,
	444, 283, 556, 285, 554, 379, 460, 390, 449, 363, 476, 384, 455, 388, 451, 386, 453, 361, 478,
	387, 452, 360, 479, 310, 529, 354, 485, 328, 511, 315, 524, 337, 502, 349, 490, 335, 504, 324,
	515
514–561	323, 516, 320, 519, 334, 505, 359, 480, 295, 544, 385, 454, 292, 547, 291, 548, 381, 458, 399,
	440, 380, 459, 397, 442, 369, 470, 377, 462, 410, 429, 407, 432, 281, 558, 414, 425, 247, 592,
	277, 562, 271, 568, 272, 567, 264, 575, 259, 580
562–629	237, 602, 239, 600, 244, 595, 243, 596, 275, 564, 278, 561, 250, 589, 246, 593, 417, 422, 248,
	591, 394, 445, 393, 446, 370, 469, 365, 474, 300, 539, 299, 540, 364, 475, 362, 477, 298, 541, 312, 527, 313, 526, 314, 525, 353, 486, 352, 487, 343, 496, 327, 512, 350, 489, 326, 513, 319,
630–659	520, 332, 507, 333, 506, 348, 491, 347, 492, 322, 517 330, 509, 338, 501, 341, 498, 340, 499, 342, 497, 301, 538, 366, 473, 401, 438, 371, 468, 408,
000-009	431, 375, 464, 249, 590, 269, 570, 238, 601, 234, 605
660–707	257, 582, 273, 566, 255, 584, 254, 585, 245, 594, 251, 588, 412, 427, 372, 467, 282, 557, 403,
	436, 396, 443, 392, 447, 391, 448, 382, 457, 389, 450, 294, 545, 297, 542, 311, 528, 344, 495,
	345, 494, 318, 521, 331, 508, 325, 514, 321, 518
708–729	346, 493, 339, 500, 351, 488, 306, 533, 289, 550, 400, 439, 378, 461, 374, 465, 415, 424, 270,
	569, 241, 598
730–751	231, 608, 260, 579, 268, 571, 276, 563, 409, 430, 398, 441, 290, 549, 304, 535, 308, 531, 358,
	481, 316, 523
752-765	293, 546, 288, 551, 284, 555, 368, 471, 253, 586, 256, 583, 263, 576
766–777	242, 597, 274, 565, 402, 437, 383, 456, 357, 482, 329, 510
778–789	317, 522, 307, 532, 286, 553, 287, 552, 266, 573, 261, 578
790-795	236, 603, 303, 536, 356, 483
796–803 804–809	355, 484, 405, 434, 404, 435, 406, 433 235, 604, 267, 572, 302, 537
810-815	235, 604, 267, 572, 302, 537 309, 530, 265, 574, 233, 606
816–819	367, 472, 296, 543
820-837	336, 503, 305, 534, 373, 466, 280, 559, 279, 560, 419, 420, 240, 599, 258, 581, 229, 610

Table 5.7.2-4: Root Zadoff-Chu sequence order for preamble formats 0 – 3.

Logical root sequence number				(in	incre	asing				ot seq orresp					ence	numl	per)			
0 – 19	1	138	2	137	3	136	4	135	5	134	6	133	7	132	8	131	9	130	10	129
20 – 39	11	128	12	127	13	126	14	125	15	124	16	123	17	122	18	121	19	120	20	119
40 - 59	21	118	22	117	23	116	24	115	25	114	26	113	27	112	28	111	29	110	30	109
60 – 79	31	108	32	107	33	106	34	105	35	104	36	103	37	102	38	101	39	100	40	99
80 - 99	41	98	42	97	43	96	44	95	45	94	46	93	47	92	48	91	49	90	50	89
100 – 119	51	88	52	87	53	86	54	85	55	84	56	83	57	82	58	81	59	80	60	79
120 – 137	61	78	62	77	63	76	64	75	65	74	66	73	67	72	68	71	69	70	-	-
138 – 837										N	/A									

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## 5.7.3 Baseband signal generation

The time-continuous random access signal s(t) is defined by

$$s(t) = \beta_{\text{PRACH}} \sum_{k=0}^{N_{\text{ZC}}-1} \sum_{n=0}^{N_{\text{ZC}}-1} x_{u,v}(n) \cdot e^{-j\frac{2\pi nk}{N_{\text{ZC}}}} \cdot e^{j2\pi (k+\varphi+K(k_0+\frac{1}{2}))\Delta f_{\text{RA}}(t-T_{\text{CP}})}$$

where  $0 \le t < T_{\text{SEQ}} + T_{\text{CP}}$ ,  $\beta_{\text{PRACH}}$  is an amplitude scaling factor in order to conform to the transmit power  $P_{\text{PRACH}}$ specified in Section 6.1 in [4], and  $k_0 = n_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{RA}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} - N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{UL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} / 2$ . The location in the frequency domain is controlled by the parameter  $n_{\text{PRB}}^{\text{RA}}$  is derived from section 5.7.1. The factor  $K = \Delta f / \Delta f_{\text{RA}}$  accounts for the difference in subcarrier spacing between the random access preamble and uplink data transmission. The variable  $\Delta f_{\text{RA}}$ , the subcarrier spacing for the random access preamble, and the variable  $\varphi$ , a fixed offset determining the frequency-domain location of the random access preamble within the physical resource blocks, are both given by Table 5.7.3-1.

Preamble format	$\Delta f_{\rm RA}$	arphi
0-3	1250 Hz	7
4	7500 Hz	2

# 5.8 Modulation and upconversion

Modulation and upconversion to the carrier frequency of the complex-valued SC-FDMA baseband signal for each antenna port or the complex-valued PRACH baseband signal is shown in Figure 5.8-1. The filtering required prior to transmission is defined by the requirements in [7].



Figure 5.8-1: Uplink modulation.

# 6 Downlink

# 6.1 Overview

The smallest time-frequency unit for downlink transmission is denoted a resource element and is defined in Section 6.2.2.

A subset of the downlink subframes in a radio frame on a carrier supporting PDSCH transmission can be configured as MBSFN subframes by higher layers. Each MBSFN subframe is divided into a non-MBSFN region and an MBSFN region.

- The non-MBSFN region spans the first one or two OFDM symbols in an MBSFN subframe where the length of the non-MBSFN region is given by Table 6.7-1.
- The MBSFN region in an MBSFN subframe is defined as the OFDM symbols not used for the non-MBSFN region.

Unless otherwise specified, transmission in each downlink subframe shall use the same cyclic prefix length as used for downlink subframe #0.

# 6.1.1 Physical channels

A downlink physical channel corresponds to a set of resource elements carrying information originating from higher layers and is the interface defined between 36.212 and 36.211. The following downlink physical channels are defined:

- Physical Downlink Shared Channel, PDSCH
- Physical Broadcast Channel, PBCH
- Physical Multicast Channel, PMCH
- Physical Control Format Indicator Channel, PCFICH
- Physical Downlink Control Channel, PDCCH
- Physical Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel, PHICH

## 6.1.2 Physical signals

A downlink physical signal corresponds to a set of resource elements used by the physical layer but does not carry information originating from higher layers. The following downlink physical signals are defined:

- Reference signal
- Synchronization signal

# 6.2 Slot structure and physical resource elements

# 6.2.1 Resource grid

The transmitted signal in each slot is described by one or several resource grids of  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}$  subcarriers and  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{DL}}$ OFDM symbols. The resource grid structure is illustrated in Figure 6.2.2-1. The quantity  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$  depends on the downlink transmission bandwidth configured in the cell and shall fulfil

$$N_{\rm RB}^{\rm min, DL} \le N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} \le N_{\rm RB}^{\rm max, DL}$$

where  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{min,DL}} = 6$  and  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max,DL}} = 110$  are the smallest and largest downlink bandwidths, respectively, supported by the current version of this specification.

The set of allowed values for  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$  is given by [6]. The number of OFDM symbols in a slot depends on the cyclic prefix length and subcarrier spacing configured and is given in Table 6.2.3-1.

An antenna port is defined such that the channel over which a symbol on the antenna port is conveyed can be inferred from the channel over which another symbol on the same antenna port is conveyed. There is one resource grid per antenna port. The set of antenna ports supported depends on the reference signal configuration in the cell:

- Cell-specific reference signals support a configuration of one, two, or four antenna ports and are transmitted on antenna ports p = 0,  $p \in \{0,1\}$ , and  $p \in \{0,1,2,3\}$ , respectively.
- MBSFN reference signals are transmitted on antenna port p = 4.
- UE-specific reference signals are transmitted on antenna port(s) p = 5, p = 7, p = 8, or one or several of  $p \in \{7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14\}$ ..
- Positioning reference signals are transmitted on antenna port p = 6.
- CSI reference signals support a configuration of one, two, four or eight antenna ports and are transmitted on antenna ports p = 15, p = 15,16, p = 15,...,18 and p = 15,...,22, respectively..

## 6.2.2 Resource elements

Each element in the resource grid for antenna port p is called a resource element and is uniquely identified by the index pair (k, l) in a slot where  $k = 0, ..., N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} - 1$  and  $l = 0, ..., N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{DL}} - 1$  are the indices in the frequency and time domains, respectively. Resource element (k, l) on antenna port p corresponds to the complex value  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$ . When there is no risk for confusion, or no particular antenna port is specified, the index p may be dropped.



Figure 6.2.2-1: Downlink resource grid.

# 6.2.3 Resource blocks

Resource blocks are used to describe the mapping of certain physical channels to resource elements. Physical and virtual resource blocks are defined.

A physical resource block is defined as  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{DL}}$  consecutive OFDM symbols in the time domain and  $N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}$  consecutive subcarriers in the frequency domain, where  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{DL}}$  and  $N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}$  are given by Table 6.2.3-1. A physical resource block thus consists of  $N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{DL}} \times N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}$  resource elements, corresponding to one slot in the time domain and 180 kHz in the frequency domain.

Physical resource blocks are numbered from 0 to  $N_{RB}^{DL} - 1$  in the frequency domain. The relation between the physical resource block number  $n_{PRB}$  in the frequency domain and resource elements (k, l) in a slot is given by

$$n_{\rm PRB} = \left\lfloor \frac{k}{N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}} \right\rfloor$$

Configuration		$N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$	$N_{ m symb}^{ m DL}$
Normal cyclic prefix	$\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$	10	7
Extended evolie profix	$\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$	12	6
Extended cyclic prefix	$\Delta f = 7.5 \mathrm{kHz}$	24	3

Table 6.2.3-1: Physical resource blocks parameters.

A virtual resource block is of the same size as a physical resource block. Two types of virtual resource blocks are defined:

- Virtual resource blocks of localized type
- Virtual resource blocks of distributed type

For each type of virtual resource blocks, a pair of virtual resource blocks over two slots in a subframe is assigned together by a single virtual resource block number,  $n_{\rm VRB}$ .

#### 6.2.3.1 Virtual resource blocks of localized type

Virtual resource blocks of localized type are mapped directly to physical resource blocks such that virtual resource block  $n_{\text{VRB}}$  corresponds to physical resource block  $n_{\text{PRB}} = n_{\text{VRB}}$ . Virtual resource blocks are numbered from 0 to  $N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1$ , where  $N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} = N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$ .

#### 6.2.3.2 Virtual resource blocks of distributed type

Virtual resource blocks of distributed type are mapped to physical resource blocks as described below.

Queters DW(A)	Gap ( $N_{\rm gap}$ )		
System BW ( $N_{ m RB}^{ m DL}$ )	1 <sup>st</sup> Gap ( $N_{\text{gap},1}$ )	$2^{nd}$ Gap ( $N_{gap,2}$ )	
6-10	$\left[N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{DL}}/2\right]$	N/A	
11	4	N/A	
12-19	8	N/A	
20-26	12	N/A	
27-44	18	N/A	
45-49	27	N/A	
50-63	27	9	
64-79	32	16	
80-110	48	16	

Table 6.2.3.2-1: RB gap values.

The parameter  $N_{\text{gap}}$  is given by Table 6.2.3.2-1. For  $6 \le N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \le 49$ , only one gap value  $N_{\text{gap},1}$  is defined and  $N_{\text{gap}} = N_{\text{gap},1}$ . For  $50 \le N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \le 110$ , two gap values  $N_{\text{gap},1}$  and  $N_{\text{gap},2}$  are defined. Whether  $N_{\text{gap}} = N_{\text{gap},1}$  or  $N_{\text{gap}} = N_{\text{gap},2}$  is signaled as part of the downlink scheduling assignment as described in [3].

Virtual resource blocks of distributed type are numbered from 0 to  $N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1$ , where

 $N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} = N_{\text{VRB,gap1}}^{\text{DL}} = 2 \cdot \min(N_{\text{gap}}, N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - N_{\text{gap}}) \text{ for } N_{\text{gap}} = N_{\text{gap,1}} \text{ and } N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} = N_{\text{VRB,gap2}}^{\text{DL}} = \left\lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} / 2N_{\text{gap}} \right\rfloor \cdot 2N_{\text{gap}} \text{ for } N_{\text{gap}} = N_{\text{gap,2}}.$ 

Consecutive  $\tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}$  VRB numbers compose a unit of VRB number interleaving, where  $\tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} = N_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}$  for  $N_{\text{gap}} = N_{\text{gap},1}$ and  $\tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} = 2N_{\text{gap}}$  for  $N_{\text{gap}} = N_{\text{gap},2}$ . Interleaving of VRB numbers of each interleaving unit is performed with 4 columns and  $N_{\text{row}}$  rows, where  $N_{\text{row}} = \left[ \tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} / (4P) \right] \cdot P$ , and *P* is RBG size as described in [4]. VRB numbers are written row by row in the rectangular matrix, and read out column by column.  $N_{\text{null}}$  nulls are inserted in the last  $N_{\text{null}}/2$  rows of the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> column, where  $N_{\text{null}} = 4N_{\text{row}} - \tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}$ . Nulls are ignored when reading out. The VRB numbers mapping to PRB numbers including interleaving is derived as follows:

For even slot number  $n_s$ ;

$$\widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) = \begin{cases} \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}' - N_{\text{row}} & , N_{\text{null}} \neq 0 \text{ and } \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} \geq \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} - N_{\text{null}} & \text{and } \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} \mod 2 = 1 \\ \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}' - N_{\text{row}} + N_{\text{null}}/2 & , N_{\text{null}} \neq 0 \text{ and } \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} \geq \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} - N_{\text{null}} & \text{and } \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} \mod 2 = 0 \\ \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}' - N_{\text{null}}/2 & , N_{\text{null}} \neq 0 \text{ and } \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} < \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} - N_{\text{null}} & \text{and } \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} \mod 2 = 0 \\ \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}' - N_{\text{null}}/2 & , N_{\text{null}} \neq 0 \text{ and } \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} < \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} - N_{\text{null}} & \text{and } \widetilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} \mod 4 \geq 2 \end{cases},$$

where 
$$\tilde{n}'_{\text{PRB}} = 2N_{\text{row}} \cdot (\tilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} \mod 2) + \lfloor \tilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} / 2 \rfloor + \tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} \cdot \lfloor n_{\text{VRB}} / \tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} \rfloor,$$
  
and  $\tilde{n}''_{\text{PRB}} = N_{\text{row}} \cdot (\tilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} \mod 4) + \lfloor \tilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} / 4 \rfloor + \tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} \cdot \lfloor n_{\text{VRB}} / \tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} \rfloor,$ 

where  $\tilde{n}_{\text{VRB}} = n_{\text{VRB}} \mod \tilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}$  and  $n_{\text{VRB}}$  is obtained from the downlink scheduling assignment as described in [4]. For odd slot number  $n_s$ ;

$$\widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) = \left(\widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}-1) + \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}/2\right) \mod \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} + \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} \cdot \left\lfloor n_{\text{VRB}} / \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}} \right\rfloor$$

Then, for all  $n_s$ ;

$$n_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) = \begin{cases} \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}), & \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) < \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}/2\\ \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) + N_{\text{gap}} - \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}/2, & \widetilde{n}_{\text{PRB}}(n_{\text{s}}) \ge \widetilde{N}_{\text{VRB}}^{\text{DL}}/2 \end{cases}$$

# 6.2.4 Resource-element groups

Resource-element groups are used for defining the mapping of control channels to resource elements.

A resource-element group is represented by the index pair (k', l') of the resource element with the lowest index k in the group with all resource elements in the group having the same value of l. The set of resource elements (k, l) in a resource-element group depends on the number of cell-specific reference signals configured as described below with  $k_0 = n_{\text{PRB}} \cdot N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}$ ,  $0 \le n_{\text{PRB}} < N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}$ .

- In the first OFDM symbol of the first slot in a subframe the two resource-element groups in physical resource block  $n_{\text{PRB}}$  consist of resource elements (k, l = 0) with  $k = k_0 + 0, k_0 + 1, ..., k_0 + 5$  and  $k = k_0 + 6, k_0 + 7, ..., k_0 + 11$ , respectively.
- In the second OFDM symbol of the first slot in a subframe in case of one or two cell-specific reference signals configured, the three resource-element groups in physical resource block  $n_{PRB}$  consist of resource elements (k, l = 1) with  $k = k_0 + 0, k_0 + 1, ..., k_0 + 3, k = k_0 + 4, k_0 + 5, ..., k_0 + 7$  and  $k = k_0 + 8, k_0 + 9, ..., k_0 + 11$ , respectively.
- In the second OFDM symbol of the first slot in a subframe in case of four cell-specific reference signals configured, the two resource-element groups in physical resource block  $n_{PRB}$  consist of resource elements (k, l = 1) with  $k = k_0 + 0, k_0 + 1, ..., k_0 + 5$  and  $k = k_0 + 6, k_0 + 7, ..., k_0 + 11$ , respectively.
- In the third OFDM symbol of the first slot in a subframe, the three resource-element groups in physical resource block  $n_{\text{PRB}}$  consist of resource elements (k, l = 2) with  $k = k_0 + 0, k_0 + 1, ..., k_0 + 3, k = k_0 + 4, k_0 + 5, ..., k_0 + 7$  and  $k = k_0 + 8, k_0 + 9, ..., k_0 + 11$ , respectively.

- In the fourth OFDM symbol of the first slot in a subframe in case of normal cyclic prefix, the three resourceelement groups in physical resource block  $n_{PRB}$  consist of resource elements (k, l = 3) with  $k = k_0 + 0, k_0 + 1, ..., k_0 + 3, k = k_0 + 4, k_0 + 5, ..., k_0 + 7$  and  $k = k_0 + 8, k_0 + 9, ..., k_0 + 11$ , respectively.
- In the fourth OFDM symbol of the first slot in a subframe in case of extended cyclic prefix, the two resourceelement groups in physical resource block  $n_{PRB}$  consist of resource elements (k, l = 3) with  $k = k_0 + 0, k_0 + 1, ..., k_0 + 5$  and  $k = k_0 + 6, k_0 + 7, ..., k_0 + 11$ , respectively.

Mapping of a symbol-quadruplet  $\langle z(i), z(i+1), z(i+2), z(i+3) \rangle$  onto a resource-element group represented by resourceelement (k',l') is defined such that elements z(i) are mapped to resource elements (k,l) of the resource-element group not used for cell-specific reference signals in increasing order of i and k. In case a single cell-specific reference signal is configured, cell-specific reference signals shall be assumed to be present on antenna ports 0 and 1 for the purpose of mapping a symbol-quadruplet to a resource-element group, otherwise the number of cell-specific reference signals shall be assumed equal to the actual number of antenna ports used for cell-specific reference signals. The UE shall not make any assumptions about resource elements assumed to be reserved for reference signals but not used for transmission of a reference signal.

# 6.2.5 Guard period for half-duplex FDD operation

For half-duplex FDD operation, a guard period is created by the UE by not receiving the last part of a downlink subframe immediately preceding an uplink subframe from the same UE.

# 6.2.6 Guard Period for TDD Operation

For frame structure type 2, the GP field in Figure 4.2-1 serves as a guard period.

# 6.3 General structure for downlink physical channels

This section describes a general structure, applicable to more than one physical channel.

The baseband signal representing a downlink physical channel is defined in terms of the following steps:

- scrambling of coded bits in each of the codewords to be transmitted on a physical channel
- modulation of scrambled bits to generate complex-valued modulation symbols
- mapping of the complex-valued modulation symbols onto one or several transmission layers
- precoding of the complex-valued modulation symbols on each layer for transmission on the antenna ports
- mapping of complex-valued modulation symbols for each antenna port to resource elements
- generation of complex-valued time-domain OFDM signal for each antenna port



Figure 6.3-1: Overview of physical channel processing.

#### 6.3.1 Scrambling

For each codeword q, the block of bits  $b^{(q)}(0),...,b^{(q)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(q)}-1)$ , where  $M_{\text{bit}}^{(q)}$  is the number of bits in codeword q transmitted on the physical channel in one subframe, shall be scrambled prior to modulation, resulting in a block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}^{(q)}(0),...,\tilde{b}^{(q)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(q)}-1)$  according to

$$\tilde{b}^{(q)}(i) = (b^{(q)}(i) + c^{(q)}(i)) \mod 2$$

where the scrambling sequence  $c^{(q)}(i)$  is given by Section 7.2. The scrambling sequence generator shall be initialised at the start of each subframe, where the initialisation value of  $c_{init}$  depends on the transport channel type according to

$$c_{\text{init}} = \begin{cases} n_{\text{RNTI}} \cdot 2^{14} + q \cdot 2^{13} + \lfloor n_{\text{s}}/2 \rfloor \cdot 2^9 + N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} & \text{for PDSCH} \\ \left| n_{\text{s}}/2 \rfloor \cdot 2^9 + N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{MBSFN}} & \text{for PMCH} \end{cases}$$

where  $n_{RNTI}$  corresponds to the RNTI associated with the PDSCH transmission as described in Section 7.1[4].

Up to two codewords can be transmitted in one subframe, i.e.,  $q \in \{0,1\}$ . In the case of single codeword transmission, q is equal to zero.

## 6.3.2 Modulation

For each codeword q, the block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}^{(q)}(0),...,\tilde{b}^{(q)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(q)}-1)$  shall be modulated as described in Section 7.1 using one of the modulation schemes in Table 6.3.2-1, resulting in a block of complex-valued modulation symbols  $d^{(q)}(0),...,d^{(q)}(M_{\text{symb}}^{(q)}-1)$ .

Table 6.3.2-1: Modulation schemes.

Physical channel	Modulation schemes
PDSCH	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
PMCH	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM

# 6.3.3 Layer mapping

The complex-valued modulation symbols for each of the codewords to be transmitted are mapped onto one or several layers. Complex-valued modulation symbols  $d^{(q)}(0), ..., d^{(q)}(M_{symb}^{(q)} - 1)$  for codeword q shall be mapped onto the layers  $x(i) = \left[x^{(0)}(i) \dots x^{(\nu-1)}(i)\right]^T$ ,  $i = 0, 1, ..., M_{symb}^{layer} - 1$  where v is the number of layers and  $M_{symb}^{layer}$  is the number of modulation symbols per layer.

#### 6.3.3.1 Layer mapping for transmission on a single antenna port

For transmission on a single antenna port, a single layer is used, v = 1, and the mapping is defined by

$$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(i)$$

with  $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}} = M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)}$ .

#### 6.3.3.2 Layer mapping for spatial multiplexing

For spatial multiplexing, the layer mapping shall be done according to Table 6.3.3.2-1. The number of layers v is less than or equal to the number of antenna ports P used for transmission of the physical channel. The case of a single codeword mapped to multiple layers is only applicable when the number of cell-specific reference signals is four or when the number of UE-specific reference signals is two or larger.

Number of layers Number of codewords		Codeword-to-layer mapping $i = 0, 1,, M_{symb}^{layer} - 1$	
1	1	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(i)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)}$
2	1	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i+1)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)}/2$
2	2	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(1)}(i)$	$M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}} = M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)} = M_{\text{symb}}^{(1)}$
3	1	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(3i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(3i+1)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(0)}(3i+2)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)} / 3$
3	2	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(1)}(2i)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(1)}(2i+1)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)} = M_{\rm symb}^{(1)} / 2$
4	1	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i+1)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i+2)$ $x^{(3)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i+3)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)} / 4$
4	2	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i+1)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(1)}(2i)$ $x^{(3)}(i) = d^{(1)}(2i+1)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)} / 2 = M_{\rm symb}^{(1)} / 2$
5	2	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i+1)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(1)}(3i)$ $x^{(3)}(i) = d^{(1)}(3i+1)$ $x^{(4)}(i) = d^{(1)}(3i+2)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)} / 2 = M_{\rm symb}^{(1)} / 3$
6	2	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(3i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(3i+1)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(0)}(3i+2)$ $x^{(3)}(i) = d^{(1)}(3i)$ $x^{(4)}(i) = d^{(1)}(3i+1)$ $x^{(5)}(i) = d^{(1)}(3i+2)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)} / 3 = M_{\rm symb}^{(1)} / 3$
7	2	$\begin{aligned} x^{(0)}(i) &= d^{(0)}(3i) \\ x^{(1)}(i) &= d^{(0)}(3i+1) \\ x^{(2)}(i) &= d^{(0)}(3i+2) \\ x^{(3)}(i) &= d^{(1)}(4i) \\ x^{(4)}(i) &= d^{(1)}(4i+1) \\ x^{(5)}(i) &= d^{(1)}(4i+2) \\ x^{(6)}(i) &= d^{(1)}(4i+3) \end{aligned}$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)} / 3 = M_{\rm symb}^{(1)} / 4$
8	2	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i+1)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i+2)$ $x^{(3)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i+3)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)} / 4 = M_{\rm symb}^{(1)} / 4$

 Table 6.3.3.2-1: Codeword-to-layer mapping for spatial multiplexing.

	$x^{(4)}(i) = d^{(1)}(4i)$ $x^{(5)}(i) = d^{(1)}(4i+1)$	
	$x^{(6)}(i) = d^{(1)}(4i+1)$ $x^{(6)}(i) = d^{(1)}(4i+2)$	
	$x^{(7)}(i) = d^{(1)}(4i+3)$	

### 6.3.3.3 Layer mapping for transmit diversity

For transmit diversity, the layer mapping shall be done according to Table 6.3.3.3-1. There is only one codeword and the number of layers v is equal to the number of antenna ports P used for transmission of the physical channel.

Number of layers	Number of codewords	Co	deword-to-layer mapping $i = 0,1,,M_{symb}^{layer} - 1$
2	1	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(2i+1)$	$M_{\rm symb}^{\rm layer} = M_{\rm symb}^{(0)} / 2$
4	1	$x^{(0)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i)$ $x^{(1)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i+1)$ $x^{(2)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i+2)$ $x^{(3)}(i) = d^{(0)}(4i+3)$	$M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}} = \begin{cases} M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)} / 4 & \text{if } M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)} \mod 4 = 0\\ \left(M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)} + 2\right) / 4 & \text{if } M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)} \mod 4 \neq 0 \end{cases}$ If $M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)} \mod 4 \neq 0$ two null symbols shall be appended to $d^{(0)} (M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)} - 1)$

 Table 6.3.3.3-1: Codeword-to-layer mapping for transmit diversity.

# 6.3.4 Precoding

The precoder takes as input a block of vectors  $x(i) = \begin{bmatrix} x^{(0)}(i) & \dots & x^{(\nu-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ ,  $i = 0, 1, \dots, M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}} - 1$  from the layer mapping and generates a block of vectors  $y(i) = \begin{bmatrix} \dots & y^{(p)}(i) & \dots \end{bmatrix}^T$ ,  $i = 0, 1, \dots, M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} - 1$  to be mapped onto resources on each of the antenna ports, where  $y^{(p)}(i)$  represents the signal for antenna port p.

#### 6.3.4.1 Precoding for transmission on a single antenna port

For transmission on a single antenna port, precoding is defined by

$$y^{(p)}(i) = x^{(0)}(i)$$

where  $p \in \{0,4,5,7,8\}$  is the number of the single antenna port used for transmission of the physical channel and  $i = 0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} - 1$ ,  $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} = M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}}$ .

# 6.3.4.2 Precoding for spatial multiplexing using antenna ports with cell-specific reference signals

Precoding for spatial multiplexing using antenna ports with cell-specific reference signals is only used in combination with layer mapping for spatial multiplexing as described in Section 6.3.3.2. Spatial multiplexing supports two or four antenna ports and the set of antenna ports used is  $p \in \{0,1\}$  or  $p \in \{0,1,2,3\}$ , respectively.

#### 6.3.4.2.1 Precoding without CDD

Without cyclic delay diversity (CDD), precoding for spatial multiplexing is defined by

$$\begin{bmatrix} y^{(0)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y^{(P-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i) \begin{bmatrix} x^{(0)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ x^{(\nu-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}$$

where the precoding matrix W(i) is of size  $P \times v$  and  $i = 0, 1, ..., M_{symb}^{ap} - 1$ ,  $M_{symb}^{ap} = M_{symb}^{layer}$ .

For spatial multiplexing, the values of W(i) shall be selected among the precoder elements in the codebook configured in the eNodeB and the UE. The eNodeB can further confine the precoder selection in the UE to a subset of the elements in the codebook using codebook subset restrictions. The configured codebook shall be selected from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 or 6.3.4.2.3-2.

#### 6.3.4.2.2 Precoding for large delay CDD

For large-delay CDD, precoding for spatial multiplexing is defined by

 $\begin{bmatrix} y^{(0)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y^{(P-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix} = W(i)D(i)U\begin{bmatrix} x^{(0)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ x^{(\nu-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}$ 

where the precoding matrix W(i) is of size  $P \times v$  and  $i = 0, 1, ..., M_{symb}^{ap} - 1$ ,  $M_{symb}^{ap} = M_{symb}^{layer}$ . The diagonal size $v \times v$  matrix D(i) supporting cyclic delay diversity and the size- $v \times v$  matrix U are both given by Table 6.3.4.2.2-1 for different numbers of layers v.

The values of the precoding matrix W(i) shall be selected among the precoder elements in the codebook configured in the eNodeB and the UE. The eNodeB can further confine the precoder selection in the UE to a subset of the elements in the codebook using codebook subset restriction. The configured codebook shall be selected from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 or 6.3.4.2.3-2.

For 2 antenna ports, the precoder is selected according to  $W(i) = C_1$  where  $C_1$  denotes the precoding matrix corresponding to precoder index 0 in Table 6.3.4.2.3-1.

For 4 antenna ports, the UE may assume that the eNodeB cyclically assigns different precoders to different vectors  $[x^{(0)}(i) \dots x^{(\nu-1)}(i)]^T$  on the physical downlink shared channel as follows. A different precoder is used every  $\upsilon$  vectors, where  $\upsilon$  denotes the number of transmission layers in the case of spatial multiplexing. In particular, the precoder is selected according to  $W(i) = C_k$ , where k is the precoder index given by

 $k = \left( \left\lfloor \frac{i}{\upsilon} \right\rfloor \mod 4 \right) + 1 \in \{1, 2, 3, 4\} \text{ and } C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4 \text{ denote precoder matrices corresponding to precoder indices}$ 

12,13,14 and 15, respectively, in Table 6.3.4.2.3-2.

Number of layers v	U	D(i)
2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1\\ 1 & e^{-j2\pi/2} \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-j2\pi i/2} \end{bmatrix}$
3	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1\\ 1 & e^{-j2\pi/3} & e^{-j4\pi/3}\\ 1 & e^{-j4\pi/3} & e^{-j8\pi/3} \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-j2\pi i/3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{-j4\pi i/3} \end{bmatrix}$
4	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & e^{-j2\pi/4} & e^{-j4\pi/4} & e^{-j6\pi/4} \\ 1 & e^{-j4\pi/4} & e^{-j8\pi/4} & e^{-j12\pi/4} \\ 1 & e^{-j6\pi/4} & e^{-j12\pi/4} & e^{-j18\pi/4} \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-j2\pi i/4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{-j4\pi i/4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{-j6\pi i/4} \end{bmatrix}$

#### 6.3.4.2.3 Codebook for precoding and CSI reporting

For transmission on two antenna ports,  $p \in \{0,1\}$ , and for the purpose of CSI reporting based on two antenna ports  $p \in \{0,1\}$  or  $p \in \{15,16\}$ , the precoding matrix W(i) shall be selected from Table 6.3.4.2.3-1 or a subset thereof. For the closed-loop spatial multiplexing transmission mode defined in [4], the codebook index 0 is not used when the number of layers is v = 2.

# Table 6.3.4.2.3-1: Codebook for transmission on antenna ports $\{0,1\}$ and for CSI reporting based on<br/>antenna ports $\{0,1\}$ or $\{15,16\}$ .

Codebook	Number of layers $v$		
index	1	2	
0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$	
2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ j \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ j & -j \end{bmatrix}$	
3	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ -j \end{bmatrix}$	-	

For transmission on four antenna ports,  $p \in \{0,1,2,3\}$ , and for the purpose of CSI reporting based on four antenna ports  $p \in \{0,1,2,3\}$  or  $p \in \{15,16,17,18\}$ , the precoding matrix *W* shall be selected from Table 6.3.4.2.3-2 or a subset thereof. The quantity  $W_n^{\{s\}}$  denotes the matrix defined by the columns given by the set  $\{s\}$  from the expression  $W_n = I - 2u_n u_n^H / u_n^H u_n$  where *I* is the 4×4 identity matrix and the vector  $u_n$  is given by Table 6.3.4.2.3-2.

Codebook	u <sub>n</sub>		Number	of layers $v$	
index	п	1	2	3	4
0	$\boldsymbol{u}_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_0^{\{1\}}$	$W_0^{\{14\}} / \sqrt{2}$	$W_0^{\{124\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_0^{\{1234\}}/2$
1	$u_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -j & 1 & j \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_1^{\{1\}}$	$W_1^{\{12\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_1^{\{123\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_1^{\{1234\}}/2$
2	$u_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_2^{\{1\}}$	$W_2^{\{12\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_2^{\{123\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_2^{\{3214\}}/2$
3	$u_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & j & 1 & -j \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_3^{\{1\}}$	$W_3^{\{12\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_3^{\{123\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_3^{\{3214\}}/2$
4	$u_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & (-1-j)/\sqrt{2} & -j & (1-j)/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_4^{\{1\}}$	$W_4^{\{14\}} / \sqrt{2}$	$W_4^{\{124\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_4^{\{1234\}}/2$
5	$u_{5} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & (1-j)/\sqrt{2} & j & (-1-j)/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}^{T}$	$W_5^{\{1\}}$	$W_5^{\{14\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_5^{\{124\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_5^{\{1234\}}/2$
6	$u_6 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & (1+j)/\sqrt{2} & -j & (-1+j)/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_6^{\{1\}}$	$W_6^{\{13\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_6^{\{134\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_6^{\{1324\}}/2$
7	$u_7 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & (-1+j)/\sqrt{2} & j & (1+j)/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_7^{\{1\}}$	$W_7^{\{13\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_7^{\{134\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_7^{\{1324\}}/2$
8	$u_8 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_8^{\{1\}}$	$W_8^{\{12\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_8^{\{124\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_8^{\{1234\}}/2$
9	$u_9 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -j & -1 & -j \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_9^{\{1\}}$	$W_9^{\{14\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_9^{\{134\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_9^{\{1234\}}/2$
10	$u_{10} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_{10}^{\{1\}}$	$W_{10}^{\{13\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_{10}^{\{123\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_{10}^{\{1324\}}/2$
11	$u_{11} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & j & -1 & j \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_{11}^{\{1\}}$	$W_{11}^{\{13\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_{11}^{\{134\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_{11}^{\{1324\}}/2$
12	$u_{12} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_{12}^{\{1\}}$	$W_{12}^{\{12\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_{12}^{\{123\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_{12}^{\{1234\}}/2$
13	$u_{13} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_{13}^{\{1\}}$	$W_{13}^{\{13\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_{13}^{\{123\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_{13}^{\{1324\}}/2$
14	$u_{14} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_{14}^{\{1\}}$	$W_{14}^{\{13\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_{14}^{\{123\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_{14}^{\{3214\}}/2$
15	$u_{15} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^T$	$W_{15}^{\{1\}}$	$W_{15}^{\{12\}}/\sqrt{2}$	$W_{15}^{\{123\}}/\sqrt{3}$	$W_{15}^{\{1234\}}/2$

Table 6.3.4.2.3-2: Codebook for transmission on antenna ports  $\{0,1,2,3\}$  and for CSI reporting based on<br/>antenna ports  $\{0,1,2,3\}$  or  $\{15,16,17,18\}$ .

For the purpose of CSI reporting for eight CSI reference signals the codebooks are given in section 7.2.4 of [4].

#### 6.3.4.3 Precoding for transmit diversity

Precoding for transmit diversity is only used in combination with layer mapping for transmit diversity as described in Section 6.3.3.3. The precoding operation for transmit diversity is defined for two and four antenna ports.

For transmission on two antenna ports,  $p \in \{0,1\}$ , the output  $y(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y^{(0)}(i) & y^{(1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ ,  $i = 0,1,...,M_{symb}^{ap} - 1$  of the precoding operation is defined by

$\int y^{(0)}(2i)$	[	1	0	j	0	$\left[\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(0)}(i)\right)\right]$
$y^{(1)}(2i)$	_ 1	0	-1	0	j	$\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(1)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(0)}(2i+1)$	$-\overline{\sqrt{2}}$	0	1	0	j	$\operatorname{Im}\left(x^{(0)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(1)}(2i+1)$		1	0	-j	0	$ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{Re}(x^{(1)}(i)) \\ \operatorname{Im}(x^{(0)}(i)) \\ \operatorname{Im}(x^{(1)}(i)) \end{array} \end{array} $

for  $i = 0, 1, ..., M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}} - 1$  with  $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} = 2M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}}$ 

For transmission on four antenna ports,  $p \in \{0,1,2,3\}$ , the output  $y(i) = \begin{bmatrix} y^{(0)}(i) & y^{(1)}(i) & y^{(2)}(i) & y^{(3)}(i) \end{bmatrix}^T$ ,  $i = 0,1,...,M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} - 1$  of the precoding operation is defined by

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$y^{(0)}(4i)$		1	0	0	0	j	0	0	0	
$y^{(1)}(4i)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
$y^{(2)}(4i)$		0	-1	0	0	0	j	0	0	
$y^{(3)}(4i)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
$y^{(0)}(4i+1)$		0	1	0	0	0	j	0	0	$\left[\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(0)}(i)\right)\right]$
$y^{(1)}(4i+1)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(1)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(2)}(4i+1)$		1	0	0	0	-j	0	0	0	$\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(2)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(3)}(4i+1)$	_ 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(3)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(0)}(4i+2)$	$=\overline{\sqrt{2}}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$Im\left(x^{(0)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(1)}(4i+2)$		0	0	1	0	0	0	j	0	$\left \operatorname{Im}\left(x^{(1)}(i)\right)\right $
$y^{(2)}(4i+2)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\left \operatorname{Im}\left(x^{(2)}(i)\right)\right $
$y^{(3)}(4i+2)$		0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	j	$\left \operatorname{Im}\left(x^{(3)}(i)\right)\right $
$y^{(0)}(4i+3)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
$y^{(1)}(4i+3)$		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	j	
$y^{(2)}(4i+3)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
$y^{(3)}(4i+3)$		0	0	1	0	0	0	-j	0	

for  $i = 0, 1, ..., M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}} - 1$  with  $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} = \begin{cases} 4M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}} & \text{if } M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)} \mod 4 = 0\\ \left(4M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}}\right) - 2 & \text{if } M_{\text{symb}}^{(0)} \mod 4 \neq 0 \end{cases}$ .

# 6.3.4.4 Precoding for spatial multiplexing using antenna ports with UE-specific reference signals

Precoding for spatial multiplexing using antenna ports with UE-specific reference signals is only used in combination with layer mapping for spatial multiplexing as described in Section 6.3.3.2. Spatial multiplexing using antenna ports with UE-specific reference signals supports up to eight antenna ports and the set of antenna ports used is p = 7, 8, ..., v + 6.

For transmission on v antenna ports, the precoding operation is defined by

$$\begin{bmatrix} y^{(7)}(i) \\ y^{(8)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ y^{(6+\nu)}(i) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x^{(0)}(i) \\ x^{(1)}(i) \\ \vdots \\ x^{(\nu-1)}(i) \end{bmatrix}$$

where  $i = 0, 1, \dots, M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} - 1$ ,  $M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{ap}} = M_{\text{symb}}^{\text{layer}}$ .

## 6.3.5 Mapping to resource elements

For each of the antenna ports used for transmission of the physical channel, the block of complex-valued symbols  $y^{(p)}(0),...,y^{(p)}(M_{symb}^{ap}-1)$  shall conform to the downlink power allocation specified in Section 5.2 in [4] and be

mapped in sequence starting with  $y^{(p)}(0)$  to resource elements (k,l) which meet all of the following criteria:

- they are in the physical resource blocks corresponding to the virtual resource blocks assigned for transmission, and
- they are not used for transmission of PBCH, synchronization signals, cell-specific reference signals, MBSFN reference signals or UE-specific reference signals, and
- they are assumed by the UE not to be used for transmission of CSI reference signals and the DCI associated with the downlink transmission uses the C-RNTI or semi-persistent C-RNTI, and

- the index l in the first slot in a subframe fulfils  $l \ge l_{\text{DataStart}}$  where  $l_{\text{DataStart}}$  is given by Section 7.1.6.4 of [4].

If the DCI associated with the downlink transmission uses the C-RNTI or semi-persistent C-RNTI and transmit diversity according to section 6.3.4.3 is used, resource elements in an OFDM symbol assumed by the UE to contain CSI-RS shall be used in the mapping above if and only if all of the following criteria are fulfilled:

- there is an even number of resource elements for the OFDM symbol in each resource block assigned for transmission, and
- the complex-valued symbols  $y^{(p)}(i)$  and  $y^{(p)}(i+1)$ , where *i* is an even number, can be mapped to resource elements (k,l) and (k+n,l) in the same OFDM symbol with n < 3.

The mapping to resource elements (k, l) on antenna port p not reserved for other purposes shall be in increasing order of first the index k over the assigned physical resource blocks and then the index l, starting with the first slot in a subframe.

# 6.4 Physical downlink shared channel

The physical downlink shared channel shall be processed and mapped to resource elements as described in Section 6.3 with the following exceptions:

- In resource blocks in which UE-specific reference signals are not transmitted, the PDSCH shall be transmitted on the same set of antenna ports as the PBCH, which is one of  $\{0\}$ ,  $\{0,1\}$ , or  $\{0,1,2,3\}$
- In resource blocks in which UE-specific reference signals are transmitted, the PDSCH shall be transmitted on antenna port(s)  $\{5\}, \{7\}, \{8\}, \text{ or } p \in \{7, 8, ..., v + 6\}$ , where v is the number of layers used for transmission of the PDSCH.
- If PDSCH is transmitted in MBSFN subframes as defined in [4], the PDSCH shall be transmitted on one or several of antenna port(s) p ∈ {7,8,...,v+6}, where v is the number of layers used for transmission of the PDSCH.

# 6.5 Physical multicast channel

The physical multicast channel shall be processed and mapped to resource elements as described in Section 6.3 with the following exceptions:

- No transmit diversity scheme is specified
- Layer mapping and precoding shall be done assuming a single antenna port and the transmission shall use antenna port 4.
- The PMCH can only be transmitted in the MBSFN region of an MBSFN subframe.
- The PMCH shall use extended cyclic prefix.

# 6.6 Physical broadcast channel

## 6.6.1 Scrambling

The block of bits  $b(0),...,b(M_{\text{bit}}-1)$ , where  $M_{\text{bit}}$ , the number of bits transmitted on the physical broadcast channel, equals 1920 for normal cyclic prefix and 1728 for extended cyclic prefix, shall be scrambled with a cell-specific sequence prior to modulation, resulting in a block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(M_{\text{bit}}-1)$  according to

$$\widetilde{b}(i) = (b(i) + c(i)) \mod 2$$

where the scrambling sequence c(i) is given by Section 7.2. The scrambling sequence shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}}$  in each radio frame fulfilling  $n_{\text{f}} \mod 4 = 0$ .

## 6.6.2 Modulation

The block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(M_{\text{bit}}-1)$  shall be modulated as described in Section 7.1, resulting in a block of complex-valued modulation symbols  $d(0),...,d(M_{\text{symb}}-1)$ . Table 6.6.2-1 specifies the modulation mappings applicable for the physical broadcast channel.

Table 6.6.2-1: PBCH modulation schemes.

Physical channel	Modulation schemes
PBCH	QPSK

# 6.6.3 Layer mapping and precoding

The block of modulation symbols  $d(0),...,d(M_{symb}-1)$  shall be mapped to layers according to one of Sections 6.3.3.1 or 6.3.3.3 with  $M_{symb}^{(0)} = M_{symb}$  and precoded according to one of Sections 6.3.4.1 or 6.3.4.3, resulting in a block of vectors  $y(i) = \left[y^{(0)}(i) \dots y^{(P-1)}(i)\right]^T$ ,  $i = 0,...,M_{symb}-1$ , where  $y^{(p)}(i)$  represents the signal for antenna port p and where p = 0,..., P-1 and the number of antenna ports for cell-specific reference signals  $P \in \{1,2,4\}$ .

## 6.6.4 Mapping to resource elements

The block of complex-valued symbols  $y^{(p)}(0),..., y^{(p)}(M_{symb}-1)$  for each antenna port is transmitted during 4 consecutive radio frames starting in each radio frame fulfilling  $n_f \mod 4 = 0$  and shall be mapped in sequence starting with y(0) to resource elements (k, l). The mapping to resource elements (k, l) not reserved for transmission of reference signals shall be in increasing order of first the index k, then the index l in slot 1 in subframe 0 and finally the radio frame number. The resource-element indices are given by

$$k = \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}}{2} - 36 + k', \qquad k' = 0, 1, ..., 71$$
  
$$l = 0, 1, ..., 3$$

where resource elements reserved for reference signals shall be excluded. The mapping operation shall assume cellspecific reference signals for antenna ports 0-3 being present irrespective of the actual configuration. The UE shall assume that the resource elements assumed to be reserved for reference signals in the mapping operation above but not used for transmission of reference signal are not available for PDSCH transmission. The UE shall not make any other assumptions about these resource elements.

# 6.7 Physical control format indicator channel

The physical control format indicator channel carries information about the number of OFDM symbols used for transmission of PDCCHs in a subframe. The set of OFDM symbols possible to use for PDCCH in a subframe is given by Table 6.7-1.

Subframe	Number of OFDM symbols	Number of OFDM symbols for
	for PDCCH when $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}$ >10	PDCCH when $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} \leq 10$
Subframe 1 and 6 for frame structure type 2	1, 2	2
MBSFN subframes on a carrier supporting PDSCH, configured with 1 or 2 cell-specific antenna ports	1, 2	2
MBSFN subframes on a carrier supporting PDSCH, configured with 4 cell-specific antenna ports	2	2
Subframes on a carrier not supporting PDSCH	0	0
Non-MBSFN subframes (except subframe 6 for frame structure type 2) configured with positioning reference signals	1, 2, 3	2, 3
All other cases	1, 2, 3	2, 3, 4

Table 6.7-1: Number of OFDM s	symbols used for PDCCH.
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The PCFICH shall be transmitted when the number of OFDM symbols for PDCCH is greater than zero.

# 6.7.1 Scrambling

The block of bits b(0),...,b(31) transmitted in one subframe shall be scrambled with a cell-specific sequence prior to modulation, resulting in a block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(31)$  according to

$$\widetilde{b}(i) = (b(i) + c(i)) \mod 2$$

where the scrambling sequence c(i) is given by Section 7.2. The scrambling sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = (\lfloor n_s/2 \rfloor + 1) \cdot (2N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} + 1) \cdot 2^9 + N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}}$  at the start of each subframe.

## 6.7.2 Modulation

The block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(31)$  shall be modulated as described in Section 7.1, resulting in a block of complex-valued modulation symbols d(0),...,d(15). Table 6.7.2-1 specifies the modulation mappings applicable for the physical control format indicator channel.

Table 6.7.2-1: PCFICH	modulation schemes.
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Physical channel	Modulation schemes
PCFICH	QPSK

# 6.7.3 Layer mapping and precoding

The block of modulation symbols d(0),...,d(15) shall be mapped to layers according to one of Sections 6.3.3.1 or 6.3.3.3 with  $M_{symb}^{(0)} = 16$  and precoded according to one of Sections 6.3.4.1 or 6.3.4.3, resulting in a block of vectors  $y(i) = \left[y^{(0)}(i) \dots y^{(P-1)}(i)\right]^T$ , i = 0,...,15, where  $y^{(p)}(i)$  represents the signal for antenna port p and where p = 0,..., P-1 and the number of antenna ports for cell-specific reference signals  $P \in \{1,2,4\}$ . The PCFICH shall be transmitted on the same set of antenna ports as the PBCH.

## 6.7.4 Mapping to resource elements

The mapping to resource elements is defined in terms of quadruplets of complex-valued symbols. Let  $z^{(p)}(i) = \langle y^{(p)}(4i), y^{(p)}(4i+1), y^{(p)}(4i+2), y^{(p)}(4i+3) \rangle$  denote symbol quadruplet *i* for antenna port *p*. For each of the antenna ports, symbol quadruplets shall be mapped in increasing order of *i* to the four resource-element groups in

the first OFDM symbol in a downlink subframe with the representative resource-element as defined in Section 6.2.4 given by

 $z^{(p)}(0) \text{ is mapped to the resource - element group represented by } k = \overline{k}$   $z^{(p)}(1) \text{ is mapped to the resource - element group represented by } k = \overline{k} + \lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/2 \rfloor \cdot N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}/2$   $z^{(p)}(2) \text{ is mapped to the resource - element group represented by } k = \overline{k} + \lfloor 2N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/2 \rfloor \cdot N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}/2$  $z^{(p)}(3) \text{ is mapped to the resource - element group represented by } k = \overline{k} + \lfloor 3N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}/2 \rfloor \cdot N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}/2$ 

where the additions are modulo  $N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}$  ,

$$\overline{k} = \left(N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB} / 2\right) \cdot \left(N_{\rm ID}^{\rm cell} \bmod 2N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL}\right)$$

and  $N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}}$  is the physical-layer cell identity as given by Section 6.11.

# 6.8 Physical downlink control channel

## 6.8.1 PDCCH formats

The physical downlink control channel carries scheduling assignments and other control information. A physical control channel is transmitted on an aggregation of one or several consecutive control channel elements (CCEs), where a control channel element corresponds to 9 resource element groups. The number of resource-element groups not assigned to PCFICH or PHICH is  $N_{\text{REG}}$ . The CCEs available in the system are numbered from 0 to  $N_{\text{CCE}} = \lfloor N_{\text{REG}} / 9 \rfloor$ . The PDCCH supports multiple formats as listed in Table 6.8.1-1. A PDCCH consisting of *n* consecutive CCEs may only start on a CCE fulfilling *i* mod n = 0, where *i* is the CCE number.

Multiple PDCCHs can be transmitted in a subframe.

PDCCH format	Number of CCEs	Number of resource- element groups	Number of PDCCH bits
0	1	9	72
1	2	18	144
2	4	36	288
3	8	72	576

Table 6.8.1-1: Supported PDCCH formats.

# 6.8.2 PDCCH multiplexing and scrambling

The block of bits  $b^{(i)}(0),...,b^{(i)}(M_{bit}^{(i)}-1)$  on each of the control channels to be transmitted in a subframe, where  $M_{bit}^{(i)}$  is the number of bits in one subframe to be transmitted on physical downlink control channel number *i*, shall be multiplexed, resulting in a block of bits

 $b^{(0)}(0),...,b^{(0)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(0)}-1),b^{(1)}(0),...,b^{(1)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(1)}-1),...,b^{(n_{\text{PDCCH}}-1)}(0),...,b^{(n_{\text{PDCCH}}-1)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(n_{\text{PDCCH}}-1)}-1)$ , where  $n_{\text{PDCCH}}$  is the number of PDCCHs transmitted in the subframe.

The block of bits  $b^{(0)}(0),...,b^{(0)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(0)}-1),b^{(1)}(0),...,b^{(1)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(1)}-1),...,b^{(n_{\text{PDCCH}}-1)}(0),...,b^{(n_{\text{PDCCH}}-1)}(M_{\text{bit}}^{(n_{\text{PDCCH}}-1)}-1)$  shall be scrambled with a cell-specific sequence prior to modulation, resulting in a block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(M_{\text{tot}}-1)$  according to

$$\widetilde{b}(i) = (b(i) + c(i)) \mod 2$$

where the scrambling sequence c(i) is given by Section 7.2. The scrambling sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = \lfloor n_s/2 \rfloor 2^9 + N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}}$  at the start of each subframe. CCE number *n* corresponds to bits b(72n), b(72n+1), ..., b(72n+71). If necessary, <NIL> elements shall be inserted in the block of bits prior to scrambling to ensure that the PDCCHs starts at the CCE positions as described in [4] and to ensure that the length  $M_{\text{tot}} = 8N_{\text{REG}} \ge \sum_{i=0}^{n_{\text{PDCCH}}-1} M_{\text{bit}}^{(i)}$  of the scrambled block of bits matches the amount of resource-element groups not assigned to PCFICH or PHICH.

#### 6.8.3 Modulation

The block of scrambled bits  $\tilde{b}(0),...,\tilde{b}(M_{tot}-1)$  shall be modulated as described in Section 7.1, resulting in a block of complex-valued modulation symbols  $d(0),...,d(M_{symb}-1)$ . Table 6.8.3-1 specifies the modulation mappings applicable for the physical downlink control channel.

Table 6.8.3-1: PDCCH modulation schemes.

Physical channel	Modulation schemes
PDCCH	QPSK

## 6.8.4 Layer mapping and precoding

The block of modulation symbols  $d(0),...,d(M_{symb}-1)$  shall be mapped to layers according to one of Sections 6.3.3.1 or 6.3.3.3 with  $M_{symb}^{(0)} = M_{symb}$  and precoded according to one of Sections 6.3.4.1 or 6.3.4.3, resulting in a block of vectors  $y(i) = \left[y^{(0)}(i) \dots y^{(P-1)}(i)\right]^T$ ,  $i = 0,...,M_{symb} - 1$  to be mapped onto resources on the antenna ports used for transmission, where  $y^{(p)}(i)$  represents the signal for antenna port p. The PDCCH shall be transmitted on the same set of antenna ports as the PBCH.

## 6.8.5 Mapping to resource elements

The mapping to resource elements is defined by operations on quadruplets of complex-valued symbols. Let  $z^{(p)}(i) = \langle y^{(p)}(4i), y^{(p)}(4i+1), y^{(p)}(4i+2), y^{(p)}(4i+3) \rangle$  denote symbol quadruplet *i* for antenna port *p*.

The block of quadruplets  $z^{(p)}(0),...,z^{(p)}(M_{quad}-1)$ , where  $M_{quad} = M_{symb}/4$ , shall be permuted resulting in  $w^{(p)}(0),...,w^{(p)}(M_{quad}-1)$ . The permutation shall be according to the sub-block interleaver in Section 5.1.4.2.1 of [3] with the following exceptions:

- the input and output to the interleaver is defined by symbol quadruplets instead of bits
- interleaving is performed on symbol quadruplets instead of bits by substituting the terms "bit", "bits" and "bit sequence" in Section 5.1.4.2.1 of [3] by "symbol quadruplet", "symbol quadruplets" and "symbol-quadruplet sequence", respectively

<NULL> elements at the output of the interleaver in [3] shall be removed when forming  $w^{(p)}(0),...,w^{(p)}(M_{quad}-1)$ . Note that the removal of <NULL> elements does not affect any <NIL> elements inserted in Section 6.8.2.

The block of quadruplets  $w^{(p)}(0),...,w^{(p)}(M_{quad}-1)$  shall be cyclically shifted, resulting in  $\overline{w}^{(p)}(0),...,\overline{w}^{(p)}(M_{quad}-1)$  where  $\overline{w}^{(p)}(i) = w^{(p)}((i+N_{ID}^{cell}) \mod M_{quad})$ .

Mapping of the block of quadruplets  $\overline{w}^{(p)}(0),...,\overline{w}^{(p)}(M_{quad}-1)$  is defined in terms of resource-element groups, specified in Section 6.2.4, according to steps 1–10 below:

- 1) Initialize m' = 0 (resource-element group number)
- 2) Initialize k'=0

3) Initialize l'=0

- 4) If the resource element (k', l') represents a resource-element group and the resource-element group is not assigned to PCFICH or PHICH then perform step 5 and 6, else go to step 7
  - 5) Map symbol-quadruplet  $\overline{w}^{(p)}(m')$  to the resource-element group represented by (k', l') for each antenna port p
  - 6) Increase m' by 1
- 7) Increase l' by 1
- 8) Repeat from step 4 if l' < L, where L corresponds to the number of OFDM symbols used for PDCCH transmission as indicated by the sequence transmitted on the PCFICH
- 9) Increase k' by 1
- 10) Repeat from step 3 if  $k' < N_{RB}^{DL} \cdot N_{sc}^{RB}$

# 6.9 Physical hybrid ARQ indicator channel

The PHICH carries the hybrid-ARQ ACK/NACK. Multiple PHICHs mapped to the same set of resource elements constitute a PHICH group, where PHICHs within the same PHICH group are separated through different orthogonal sequences. A PHICH resource is identified by the index pair  $(n_{PHICH}^{group}, n_{PHICH}^{seq})$ , where  $n_{PHICH}^{group}$  is the PHICH group number and  $n_{PHICH}^{seq}$  is the orthogonal sequence index within the group.

For frame structure type 1, the number of PHICH groups  $N_{PHICH}^{group}$  is constant in all subframes and given by

$$N_{\rm PHICH}^{\rm group} = \begin{cases} \left[ N_{\rm g} \left( N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} / 8 \right) \right] & \text{for normal cyclic prefix} \\ 2 \cdot \left[ N_{\rm g} \left( N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} / 8 \right) \right] & \text{for extended cyclic prefix} \end{cases}$$

where  $N_g \in \{1/6, 1/2, 1, 2\}$  is provided by higher layers. The index  $n_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}}$  ranges from 0 to  $N_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}} - 1$ .

For frame structure type 2, the number of PHICH groups may vary between downlink subframes and is given by  $m_i \cdot N_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}}$  where  $m_i$  is given by Table 6.9-1 and  $N_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}}$  by the expression above. The index  $n_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}}$  in a downlink subframe with non-zero PHICH resources ranges from 0 to  $m_i \cdot N_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}} -1$ .

Table 6.9-1: The fact	tor m <sub>i</sub> for t	frame structure	type 2.
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Uplink-downlink	Subframe number <i>i</i>									
configuration	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	2	1	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-
1	0	1	-	-	1	0	1	-	-	1
2	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	-	1	0
3	1	0	-	-	-	0	0	0	1	1
4	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	1	1
5	0	0	ı	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
6	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	1

#### 6.9.1 Modulation

The block of bits  $b(0),...,b(M_{bit} - 1)$  transmitted on one PHICH in one subframe shall be modulated as described in Section 7.1, resulting in a block of complex-valued modulation symbols  $z(0),...,z(M_s - 1)$ , where  $M_s = M_{bit}$ . Table 6.9.1-1 specifies the modulation mappings applicable for the physical hybrid ARQ indicator channel.

Table 6.9.1-1: PHICH modulation schemes.

Physical channel	Modulation schemes
PHICH	BPSK

The block of modulation symbols  $z(0),...,z(M_s - 1)$  shall be symbol-wise multiplied with an orthogonal sequence and scrambled, resulting in a sequence of modulation symbols  $d(0),...,d(M_{symb} - 1)$  according to

$$d(i) = w \left( i \mod N_{\rm SF}^{\rm PHICH} \right) \cdot \left( 1 - 2c(i) \right) \cdot z \left( \frac{i}{N_{\rm SF}^{\rm PHICH}} \right)$$

where

 $i = 0, ..., M_{symb} - 1$  $M_{symb} = N_{SF}^{PHICH} \cdot M_{s}$  $N_{SF}^{PHICH} = \begin{cases} 4 & \text{normal cyclic prefix} \\ 2 & \text{extended cyclic prefix} \end{cases}$ 

and c(i) is a cell-specific scrambling sequence generated according to Section 7.2. The scrambling sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = (\lfloor n_s/2 \rfloor + 1) \cdot (2N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} + 1) \cdot 2^9 + N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}}$  at the start of each subframe.

The sequence  $\left[w(0) \cdots w(N_{\text{SF}}^{\text{PHICH}} - 1)\right]$  is given by Table 6.9.1-2 where the sequence index  $n_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{seq}}$  corresponds to the PHICH number within the PHICH group.

Table 6.9.1-2: Orthogonal sequences  $\left[w(0) \cdots w(N_{SF}^{PHICH} - 1)\right]$  for PHICH.

Sequence index	Orthogonal sequence							
$n_{\rm PHICH}^{\rm seq}$	Normal cyclic prefix							
PHICH	$N_{\rm SF}^{\rm PHICH} = 4$	$N_{\rm SF}^{\rm PHICH} = 2$						
0	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$	[+1 +1]						
1	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & +1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$	[+1 -1]						
2	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} +j & +j \end{bmatrix}$						
3	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & -1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} + j & -j \end{bmatrix}$						
4	$\begin{bmatrix} +j & +j & +j & +j \end{bmatrix}$	-						
5	$\begin{bmatrix} +j & -j & +j & -j \end{bmatrix}$	-						
6	$\begin{bmatrix} +j & +j & -j & -j \end{bmatrix}$	-						
7	$\begin{bmatrix} +j & -j & -j & +j \end{bmatrix}$	-						

## 6.9.2 Resource group alignment, layer mapping and precoding

The block of symbols  $d(0),...,d(M_{symb}-1)$  should be first aligned with resource element group size, resulting in a block of symbols  $d^{(0)}(0),...,d^{(0)}(c \cdot M_{symb}-1)$ , where c = 1 for normal cyclic prefix; and c = 2 for extended cyclic prefix.

For normal cyclic prefix,  $d^{(0)}(i) = d(i)$ , for  $i = 0, ..., M_{\text{symb}} - 1$ .

For extended cyclic prefix,

$$\begin{bmatrix} d^{(0)}(4i) & d^{(0)}(4i+1) & d^{(0)}(4i+2) & d^{(0)}(4i+3) \end{bmatrix}^T = \begin{cases} \begin{bmatrix} d(2i) & d(2i+1) & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^T & n_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}} \mod 2 = 0 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & d(2i) & d(2i+1) \end{bmatrix}^T & n_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}} \mod 2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

for  $i = 0, ..., (M_{symb}/2) - 1$ .

The block of symbols  $d^{(0)}(0),...,d^{(0)}(c \cdot M_{symb} - 1)$  shall be mapped to layers and precoded, resulting in a block of vectors  $y(i) = [y^{(0)}(i) \dots y^{(P-1)}(i)]^T$ ,  $i = 0,...,c \cdot M_{symb} - 1$ , where  $y^{(p)}(i)$  represents the signal for antenna port p, p = 0,..., P-1 and the number of cell-specific reference signals  $P \in \{1,2,4\}$ . The layer mapping and precoding operation depends on the cyclic prefix length and the number of antenna ports used for transmission of the PHICH. The PHICH shall be transmitted on the same set of antenna ports as the PBCH.

For transmission on a single antenna port, P = 1, layer mapping and precoding are defined by Sections 6.3.3.1 and 6.3.4.1, respectively, with  $M_{symb}^{(0)} = c \cdot M_{symb}$ .

For transmission on two antenna ports, P = 2, layer mapping and precoding are defined by Sections 6.3.3.3 and 6.3.4.3, respectively, with  $M_{symb}^{(0)} = c \cdot M_{symb}$ .

For transmission on four antenna ports, P = 4, layer mapping is defined by Section 6.3.3.3 with  $M_{symb}^{(0)} = c \cdot M_{symb}$  and precoding by

F		_							_	
$\int y^{(0)}(4i)$		1	0	0	0	j	0	0	0	
$y^{(1)}(4i)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
$y^{(2)}(4i)$		0	-1	0	0	0	j	0	0	
$y^{(3)}(4i)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
$y^{(0)}(4i+1)$		0	1	0	0	0	j	0	0	$\left[\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(0)}(i)\right)\right]$
$y^{(1)}(4i+1)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(1)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(2)}(4i+1)$		1	0	0	0	-j	0	0	0	$\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(2)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(3)}(4i+1)$	_ 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(3)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(0)}(4i+2)$	$=\overline{\sqrt{2}}$	0	0	1	0	0	0	j	0	$\left \operatorname{Im}\left(x^{(0)}(i)\right)\right $
$y^{(1)}(4i+2)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\operatorname{Im}\left(x^{(1)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(2)}(4i+2)$		0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	j	$Im\left(x^{(2)}(i)\right)$
$y^{(3)}(4i+2)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\left\lfloor \operatorname{Im}\left(x^{(3)}(i)\right)\right\rfloor$
$y^{(0)}(4i+3)$		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	j	_ 、 /-
$y^{(1)}(4i+3)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
$y^{(2)}(4i+3)$		0	0	1	0	0	0	-j	0	
$y^{(3)}(4i+3)$		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

if  $(i + n_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}}) \mod 2 = 0$  for normal cyclic prefix, or  $(i + \lfloor n_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}}/2 \rfloor) \mod 2 = 0$  for extended cyclic prefix, where  $n_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}}$  is the PHICH group number and i = 0,1,2, and by

**Release 10** 

$\begin{bmatrix} y^{(0)}(4i) \\ y^{(1)}(4i) \\ y^{(2)}(4i) \\ y^{(3)}(4i) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & j & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & j & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	
$y^{(2)}(4i) \qquad 0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0$	
$y^{(3)}(4i)$ 0 -1 0 0 0 j 0 0	
$\begin{vmatrix} y^{(0)}(4i+1) \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Re}(x^{(0)}(i)) \end{bmatrix}$	)]
$\begin{bmatrix} y^{(1)}(4i+1) \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & j & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \operatorname{Re}\left(x^{(1)}(i)\right)$	Í
$y^{(2)}(4i+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 &$	)
$\begin{vmatrix} y^{(3)}(4i+1) \end{vmatrix} = 1 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -j & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \operatorname{Re}(x^{(3)}(i))$	
$\left  y^{(0)}(4i+2) \right ^{=} \overline{\sqrt{2}} \left  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  \left  \operatorname{Im} \left( x^{(0)}(i) \right) \right ^{-1} \right ^{-1}$	
$ \begin{vmatrix} y^{(1)}(4i+2) \end{vmatrix} \qquad \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & j & 0 \end{vmatrix} \operatorname{Im} \left( x^{(1)}(i) \right) $	
$y^{(2)}(4i+2) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 &$	)
$ \begin{vmatrix} y^{(3)}(4i+2) \end{vmatrix} \qquad 0  0  0  -1  0  0  0  j \\ \left[ \operatorname{Im} \left( x^{(3)}(i) \right)^{-1} \right] \\ + \left[ \operatorname{Im} \left( x^$	
$\left  y^{(0)}(4i+3) \right  = \left  \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$y^{(1)}(4i+3) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & j \end{bmatrix}$	
$y^{(2)}(4i+3) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	
$\left[ y^{(3)}(4i+3) \right] \qquad \left[ 0  0  1  0  0  0  -j  0 \right]$	

otherwise for i = 0,1,2.

## 6.9.3 Mapping to resource elements

The sequence  $\overline{y}^{(p)}(0),...,\overline{y}^{(p)}(M_{symb}^{(0)}-1)$  for each of the PHICH groups is defined by

$$\overline{y}^{(p)}(n) = \sum y_i^{(p)}(n)$$

where the sum is over all PHICHs in the PHICH group and  $y_i^{(p)}(n)$  represents the symbol sequence from the *i* :th PHICH in the PHICH group.

PHICH groups are mapped to PHICH mapping units.

For normal cyclic prefix, the mapping of PHICH group m to PHICH mapping unit m' is defined by

$$\widetilde{y}_{m'}^{(p)}(n) = \overline{y}_m^{(p)}(n)$$

where

$$m' = m = \begin{cases} 0,1,...,N_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}} - 1 & \text{for frame structure type 1} \\ 0,1,...,m_i \cdot N_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}} - 1 & \text{for frame structure type 2} \end{cases}$$

and where  $m_i$  is given by Table 6.9-1.

For extended cyclic prefix, the mapping of PHICH group m and m+1 to PHICH mapping unit m' is defined by

$$\widetilde{y}_{m'}^{(p)}(n) = \overline{y}_m^{(p)}(n) + \overline{y}_{m+1}^{(p)}(n)$$

where

$$m' = m/2$$

$$m = \begin{cases} 0,2,...,N_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}} - 2 & \text{for frame structure type 1} \\ 0,2,...,m_i \cdot N_{\text{PHICH}}^{\text{group}} - 2 & \text{for frame structure type 2} \end{cases}$$

and where  $m_i$  is given by Table 6.9-1.

Let  $z^{(p)}(i) = \langle \tilde{y}^{(p)}(4i), \tilde{y}^{(p)}(4i+1), \tilde{y}^{(p)}(4i+2), \tilde{y}^{(p)}(4i+3) \rangle$ , i = 0,1,2 denote symbol quadruplet *i* for antenna port *p*. Mapping to resource elements is defined in terms of symbol quadruplets according to steps 1–10 below:

- 1) For each value of l'
  - 2) Let  $n_{l'}$  denote the number of resource element groups not assigned to PCFICH in OFDM symbol l'
  - 3) Number the resource-element groups not assigned to PCFICH in OFDM symbol l' from 0 to  $n_{l'} 1$ , starting from the resource-element group with the lowest frequency-domain index.
- 4) Initialize m' = 0 (PHICH mapping unit number)
- 5) For each value of i = 0,1,2
  - 6) Symbol-quadruplet  $z^{(p)}(i)$  from PHICH mapping unit *m*' is mapped to the resource-element group represented by  $(k',l')_i$  as defined in Section 6.2.4 where the indices  $k'_i$  and  $l'_i$  are given by steps 7 and 8 below:
    - 7) The time-domain index  $l'_i$  is given by

$$l'_{i} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{normal PHICH duration, all subframes} \\ (\underline{m'/2} + i + 1) \text{mod } 2 & \text{extended PHICH duration, MBSFN subframes} \\ (\underline{m'/2} + i + 1) \text{mod } 2 & \text{extended PHICH duration, subframe 1 and 6 in frame structure type 2} \\ i & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

8) Set the frequency-domain index  $k'_i$  to the resource-element group assigned the number  $\overline{n}_i$  in step 3 above, where  $\overline{n}_i$  is given by

$$\overline{n}_{i} = \begin{cases} \left( N_{\mathrm{ID}}^{\mathrm{cell}} \cdot n_{l'_{i}} / n_{1} \rfloor + m' \right) \mathrm{mod} n_{l'_{i}} & i = 0\\ \left( N_{\mathrm{ID}}^{\mathrm{cell}} \cdot n_{l'_{i}} / n_{1} \rfloor + m' + \lfloor n_{l'_{i}} / 3 \rfloor \right) \mathrm{mod} n_{l'_{i}} & i = 1\\ \left( N_{\mathrm{ID}}^{\mathrm{cell}} \cdot n_{l'_{i}} / n_{1} \rfloor + m' + \lfloor 2 n_{l'_{i}} / 3 \rfloor \right) \mathrm{mod} n_{l'_{i}} & i = 2 \end{cases}$$

in case of extended PHICH duration in MBSFN subframes, or extended PHICH duration in subframes 1 and 6 for frame structure type 2 and by

$$\overline{n}_{i} = \begin{cases} \left( N_{\mathrm{ID}}^{\mathrm{cell}} \cdot n_{l'_{i}} / n_{0} \right) + m' \right) \mathrm{mod} n_{l'_{i}} & i = 0\\ \left( N_{\mathrm{ID}}^{\mathrm{cell}} \cdot n_{l'_{i}} / n_{0} \right) + m' + \left| n_{l'_{i}} / 3 \right) \mathrm{mod} n_{l'_{i}} & i = 1\\ \left( N_{\mathrm{ID}}^{\mathrm{cell}} \cdot n_{l'_{i}} / n_{0} \right) + m' + \left| 2 n_{l'_{i}} / 3 \right) \mathrm{mod} n_{l'_{i}} & i = 2 \end{cases}$$

otherwise.

9) Increase m' by 1.

10) Repeat from step 5 until all PHICH mapping units have been assigned.

The PHICH duration is configurable by higher layers according to Table 6.9.3-1.
	Non-MBSFN sub	MBSFN subframes		
PHICH duration	Subframes 1 and 6 in case of frame structure type 2	All other cases	on a carrier supporting PDSCH	
Normal	1	1	1	
Extended	2	3	2	

Table 6.9.3-1: PHICH duration in MBSFN and non-MBSFN subframes.

### 6.10 Reference signals

Five types of downlink reference signals are defined:

- Cell-specific reference signals (CRS)
- MBSFN reference signals
- UE-specific reference signals (DM-RS)
- Positioning reference signals (PRS)
- CSI reference signals (CSI-RS)

There is one reference signal transmitted per downlink antenna port.

#### 6.10.1 Cell-specific reference signals

Cell-specific reference signals shall be transmitted in all downlink subframes in a cell supporting PDSCH transmission.

Cell-specific reference signals are transmitted on one or several of antenna ports 0 to 3.

Cell-specific reference signals are defined for  $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$  only.

#### 6.10.1.1 Sequence generation

The reference-signal sequence  $r_{l,n_s}(m)$  is defined by

$$r_{l,n_{s}}(m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m) \right) + j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m+1) \right), \quad m = 0, 1, \dots, 2N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max,DL}} - 1$$

where  $n_s$  is the slot number within a radio frame and l is the OFDM symbol number within the slot. The pseudo-random sequence c(i) is defined in Section 7.2. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{init} = 2^{10} \cdot (7 \cdot (n_s + 1) + l + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot N_{ID}^{cell} + 1) + 2 \cdot N_{ID}^{cell} + N_{CP}$  at the start of each OFDM symbol where

$$N_{\rm CP} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for normal CP} \\ 0 & \text{for extended CP} \end{cases}$$

#### 6.10.1.2 Mapping to resource elements

The reference signal sequence  $r_{l,n_s}(m)$  shall be mapped to complex-valued modulation symbols  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$  used as reference symbols for antenna port p in slot  $n_s$  according to

$$a_{k,l}^{(p)} = r_{l,n_s}(m')$$

where

$$k = 6m + (v + v_{shift}) \mod 6$$

$$l = \begin{cases} 0, N_{symb}^{DL} - 3 & \text{if } p \in \{0,1\} \\ 1 & \text{if } p \in \{2,3\} \end{cases}$$

$$m = 0, 1, \dots, 2 \cdot N_{RB}^{DL} - 1$$

$$m' = m + N_{RB}^{\max, DL} - N_{RB}^{DL}$$

The variables v and  $v_{shift}$  define the position in the frequency domain for the different reference signals where v is given by

	0	if $p = 0$ and $l = 0$
	3	if $p = 0$ and $l \neq 0$
<i>v</i> = <	3	if $p = 1$ and $l = 0$
$V = \langle$	0	if $p = 1$ and $l \neq 0$
	$3(n_{\rm s} \mod 2)$	if $p = 2$
	$3(n_{\rm s} \mod 2)$ $3 + 3(n_{\rm s} \mod 2)$	if $p = 3$

The cell-specific frequency shift is given by  $v_{\text{shift}} = N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} \mod 6$ .

Resource elements (k, l) used for transmission of cell-specific reference signals on any of the antenna ports in a slot shall not be used for any transmission on any other antenna port in the same slot and set to zero.

In an MBSFN subframe, cell-specific reference signals shall only be transmitted in the non-MBSFN region of the MBSFN subframe.

Figures 6.10.1.2-1 and 6.10.1.2-2 illustrate the resource elements used for reference signal transmission according to the above definition. The notation  $R_p$  is used to denote a resource element used for reference signal transmission on antenna port p.



Figure 6.10.1.2-1. Mapping of downlink reference signals (normal cyclic prefix).



Figure 6.10.1.2-2. Mapping of downlink reference signals (extended cyclic prefix).

### 6.10.2 MBSFN reference signals

MBSFN reference signals shall be transmitted in the MBSFN region of MBSFN subframes only when the PMCH is transmitted. MBSFN reference signals are transmitted on antenna port 4.

MBSFN reference signals are defined for extended cyclic prefix only.

#### 6.10.2.1 Sequence generation

The MBSFN reference-signal sequence  $r_{l,n_s}(m)$  is defined by

$$r_{l,n_{\rm s}}(m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m) \right) + j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m+1) \right), \quad m = 0, 1, \dots, 6N_{\rm RB}^{\rm max, DL} - 1$$

where  $n_s$  is the slot number within a radio frame and l is the OFDM symbol number within the slot. The pseudo-random sequence c(i) is defined in Section 7.2. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{init} = 2^9 \cdot (7 \cdot (n_s + 1) + l + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot N_{ID}^{MBSFN} + 1) + N_{ID}^{MBSFN}$  at the start of each OFDM symbol.

#### 6.10.2.2 Mapping to resource elements

The reference-signal sequence  $r_{l,n_s}(m')$  in OFDM symbol *l* shall be mapped to complex-valued modulation symbols  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$  with p = 4 according to

$$a_{k,l}^{(p)} = r_{l,n_s}(m')$$

where

$$k = \begin{cases} 2m & \text{if } l \neq 0 \text{ and } \Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz} \\ 2m+1 & \text{if } l = 0 \text{ and } \Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz} \\ 4m & \text{if } l \neq 0 \text{ and } \Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz} \\ 4m+2 & \text{if } l = 0 \text{ and } \Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz} \end{cases}$$
$$l = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \text{ mod } 2 = 0 \text{ and } \Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz} \\ 0.4 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \text{ mod } 2 = 1 \text{ and } \Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz} \\ 1 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \text{ mod } 2 = 0 \text{ and } \Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz} \\ 0.2 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \text{ mod } 2 = 0 \text{ and } \Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz} \end{cases}$$
$$m = 0.1, \dots, 6N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1$$
$$m' = m + 3 \left( N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max,DL}} - N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} \right)$$

Figure 6.10.2.2-1 illustrates the resource elements used for MBSFN reference signal transmission in case of  $\Delta f = 15$  kHz. In case of  $\Delta f = 7.5$  kHz for a MBSFN-dedicated cell, the MBSFN reference signal shall be mapped to resource elements according to Figure 6.10.2.2-3. The notation  $R_p$  is used to denote a resource element used for reference signal transmission on antenna port p.



Figure 6.10.2.2-1: Mapping of MBSFN reference signals (extended cyclic prefix,  $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$ ).



Figure 6.10.2.2-3: Mapping of MBSFN reference signals (extended cyclic prefix,  $\Delta f = 7.5$  kHz).

### 6.10.3 UE-specific reference signals

UE-specific reference signals are supported for transmission of PDSCH and are transmitted on antenna port(s) p = 5, p = 7, p = 8 or p = 7,8,...,v+6, where v is the number of layers used for transmission of the PDSCH. UE-specific reference signals are present and are a valid reference for PDSCH demodulation only if the PDSCH transmission is associated with the corresponding antenna port according to Section 7.1 of [4]. UE-specific reference signals are transmitted only on the resource blocks upon which the corresponding PDSCH is mapped. The UE-specific reference signal is not transmitted in resource elements (k, l) in which one of the physical channels or physical signals other than UE-specific reference signal defined in 6.1 are transmitted using resource elements with the same index pair (k, l) regardless of their antenna port p.

#### 6.10.3.1 Sequence generation

For antenna port 5, the UE-specific reference-signal sequence  $r_{n_e}(m)$  is defined by

$$r_{n_{s}}(m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m) \right) + j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m+1) \right), \qquad m = 0, 1, \dots, 12N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{PDSCH}} - 1$$

where  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{PDSCH}}$  denotes the bandwidth in resource blocks of the corresponding PDSCH transmission. The pseudorandom sequence c(i) is defined in Section 7.2. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = (\lfloor n_s/2 \rfloor + 1) \cdot (2N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} + 1) \cdot 2^{16} + n_{\text{RNTI}}$  at the start of each subframe where  $n_{\text{RNTI}}$  is as described in Section 7.1[4]. For any of the antenna ports  $p \in \{7, 8, ..., \nu + 6\}$ , the reference-signal sequence r(m) is defined by

$$r(m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m) \right) + j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m+1) \right), \qquad m = \begin{cases} 0, 1, \dots, 12N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max}, \text{DL}} - 1 & \text{normal cyclic prefix} \\ 0, 1, \dots, 16N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max}, \text{DL}} - 1 & \text{extended cyclic prefix} \end{cases}$$

The pseudo-random sequence c(i) is defined in Section 7.2. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = (\lfloor n_{\text{s}}/2 \rfloor + 1) \cdot (2N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} + 1) \cdot 2^{16} + n_{\text{SCID}}$  at the start of each subframe. The value of  $n_{\text{SCID}}$  is zero unless specified otherwise. For a PDSCH transmission on ports 7 or 8,  $n_{\text{SCID}}$  is given by the DCI format 2B or 2C [3] associated with the PDSCH transmission. In the case of DCI format 2B,  $n_{\text{SCID}}$  is indicated by the scrambling identity field according to Table 6.10.3.1-1. In the case of DCI format 2C,  $n_{\text{SCID}}$  is given by Table 5.3.3.1.5C-1 in [3].

# Table 6.10.3.1-1: Mapping of scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B to $n_{SCID}$ values for antenna ports 7 and 8.

Scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B [3]	$n_{\rm SCID}$
0	0
1	1

#### 6.10.3.2 Mapping to resource elements

For antenna port 5, in a physical resource block with frequency-domain index  $n_{\text{PRB}}$  assigned for the corresponding PDSCH transmission, the reference signal sequence  $r_{n_s}(m)$  shall be mapped to complex-valued modulation symbols  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$  with p = 5 in a subframe according to:

Normal cyclic prefix:

$$a_{k,l}^{(p)} = r_{n_{s}} (3 \cdot l' \cdot N_{RB}^{PDSCH} + m')$$

$$k = (k') \mod N_{sc}^{RB} + N_{sc}^{RB} \cdot n_{PRB}$$

$$k' = \begin{cases} 4m' + v_{shift} & \text{if } l \in \{2,3\} \\ 4m' + (2 + v_{shift}) \mod 4 & \text{if } l \in \{5,6\} \end{cases}$$

$$l = \begin{cases} 3 \quad l' = 0 \\ 6 \quad l' = 1 \\ 2 \quad l' = 2 \\ 5 \quad l' = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$l' = \begin{cases} 0,1 \quad \text{if } n_{s} \mod 2 = 0 \\ 2,3 \quad \text{if } n_{s} \mod 2 = 1 \\ m' = 0,1,...,3N_{PB}^{PDSCH} - 1 \end{cases}$$

Extended cyclic prefix:

$$a_{k,l}^{(p)} = r_{n_{\rm s}} \left( 4 \cdot l' \cdot N_{\rm RB}^{\rm PDSCH} + m' \right)$$

$$\begin{split} k &= (k') \operatorname{mod} N_{\mathrm{sc}}^{\mathrm{RB}} + N_{\mathrm{sc}}^{\mathrm{RB}} \cdot n_{\mathrm{PRB}} \\ k' &= \begin{cases} 3m' + v_{\mathrm{shift}} & \text{if } l = 4 \\ 3m' + (2 + v_{\mathrm{shift}}) \operatorname{mod} 3 & \text{if } l = 1 \end{cases} \\ l &= \begin{cases} 4 \quad l' \in \{0, 2\} \\ 1 \quad l' = 1 \end{cases} \\ l' &= \begin{cases} 0 \quad \text{if } n_{\mathrm{s}} \operatorname{mod} 2 = 0 \\ 1, 2 \quad \text{if } n_{\mathrm{s}} \operatorname{mod} 2 = 1 \end{cases} \\ m' = 0, 1, \dots, 4N_{\mathrm{RB}}^{\mathrm{PDSCH}} - 1 \end{split}$$

where m' is the counter of UE-specific reference signal resource elements within a respective OFDM symbol of the PDSCH transmission.

The cell-specific frequency shift is given by  $v_{\text{shift}} = N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} \mod 3$ .

The mapping shall be in increasing order of the frequency-domain index  $n_{PRB}$  of the physical resource blocks assigned

for the corresponding PDSCH transmission. The quantity  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{PDSCH}}$  denotes the bandwidth in resource blocks of the corresponding PDSCH transmission.

Figure 6.10.3.2-1 illustrates the resource elements used for UE-specific reference signals for normal cyclic prefix for antenna port 5.

Figure 6.10.3.2-2 illustrates the resource elements used for UE-specific reference signals for extended cyclic prefix for antenna port 5.

The notation  $R_p$  is used to denote a resource element used for reference signal transmission on antenna port p.



Figure 6.10.3.2-1: Mapping of UE-specific reference signals, antenna port 5 (normal cyclic prefix).



#### Figure 6.10.3.2-2: Mapping of UE-specific reference signals, antenna port 5 (extended cyclic prefix).

For antenna ports p = 7, p = 8 or p = 7,8,...,v + 6, in a physical resource block with frequency-domain index  $n_{\text{PRB}}$  assigned for the corresponding PDSCH transmission, a part of the reference signal sequence r(m) shall be mapped to complex-valued modulation symbols  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$  in a subframe according to

Normal cyclic prefix:

$$a_{k,l}^{(p)} = w_p(l') \cdot r(3 \cdot l' \cdot N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max,DL}} + 3 \cdot n_{\text{PRB}} + m')$$

where

$$\begin{split} w_{p}(i) &= \begin{cases} \overline{w}_{p}(i) & (m'+n_{\text{PRB}}) \mod 2 = 0 \\ \overline{w}_{p}(3-i) & (m'+n_{\text{PRB}}) \mod 2 = 1 \end{cases} \\ k &= 5m'+N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}n_{\text{PRB}} + k' \\ k' &= \begin{cases} 1 & p \in \{7,8,11,13\} \\ 0 & p \in \{9,10,12,14\} \end{cases} \\ l &= \begin{cases} l' \mod 2+2 & \text{if in a special subframe with configuration 3, 4, or 8 (see Table 4.2-1) \\ l' \mod 2+2+3\lfloor l'/2 \rfloor & \text{if in a special subframe with configuration 1, 2, 6, or 7 (see Table 4.2-1)} \\ l' \mod 2+5 & \text{if not in a special subframe with configuration 1, 2, 6, or 7 (see Table 4.2-1)} \\ l' &= \begin{cases} 0,1,2,3 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \mod 2 = 0 \text{ and in a special subframe with configuration 1, 2, 6, or 7 (see Table 4.2-1) \\ 0,1 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \mod 2 = 0 \text{ and not in special subframe with configuration 1, 2, 6, or 7 (see Table 4.2-1)} \\ 2,3 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \mod 2 = 1 \text{ and not in special subframe with configuration 1, 2, 6, or 7 (see Table 4.2-1)} \\ m' = 0,1,2 \end{cases}$$

The sequence  $\overline{w}_p(i)$  is given by Table 6.10.3.2-1.

Antenna port p	$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{w}_p(0) & \overline{w}_p(1) & \overline{w}_p(2) & \overline{w}_p(3) \end{bmatrix}$
7	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$
8	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & +1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
9	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$
10	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & +1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
11	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
12	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & +1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$
13	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & -1 & -1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$
14	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & +1 & +1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

Table 6.10.3.2-1: The sequence  $\overline{w}_p(i)$  for normal cyclic prefix.

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Extended cyclic prefix:

$$a_{k,l}^{(p)} = w_p(l' \operatorname{mod} 2) \cdot r(4 \cdot l' \cdot N_{RB}^{\max, DL} + 4 \cdot n_{PRB} + m')$$

where

$$w_{p}(i) = \begin{cases} \overline{w}_{p}(i) & m' \mod 2 = 0 \\ \overline{w}_{p}(1-i) & m' \mod 2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$k = 3m' + N_{sc}^{RB} n_{PRB} + k'$$

$$k' = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n_{s} \mod 2 = 0 \text{ and } p \in \{7,8\} \\ 2 & \text{if } n_{s} \mod 2 = 1 \text{ and } p \in \{7,8\} \end{cases}$$

$$l = l' \mod 2 + 4$$

$$l' = \begin{cases} 0,1 & \text{if } n_{s} \mod 2 = 0 \text{ and in a special subframe with configuration } 1, 2, 3, 5 \text{ or } 6 \text{ (see Table 4.2 - 1)} \\ 0,1 & \text{if } n_{s} \mod 2 = 0 \text{ and not in a special subframe} \\ 2,3 & \text{if } n_{s} \mod 2 = 1 \text{ and not in a special subframe} \end{cases}$$

The sequence  $\overline{w}_p(i)$  is given by Table 6.10.3.2-2.

Table 6.10.3.2-2: The sequence  $\overline{w}_p(i)$  for extended cyclic prefix.

Antenna port p	$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{w}_p(0) & \overline{w}_p(1) \end{bmatrix}$
7	$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$
8	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & +1 \end{bmatrix}$

For extended cyclic prefix, UE-specific reference signals are not supported on antenna ports 9 to 14.

Resource elements (k, l) used for transmission of UE-specific reference signals to one UE on any of the antenna ports in the set *S*, where  $S = \{7, 8, 11, 13\}$  or  $S = \{9, 10, 12, 14\}$  shall

- not be used for transmission of PDSCH on any antenna port in the same slot, and
- not be used for UE-specific reference signals to the same UE on any antenna port other than those in *S* in the same slot.

Figure 6.10.3.2-3 illustrates the resource elements used for UE-specific reference signals for normal cyclic prefix for antenna ports 7, 8, 9 and 10. Figure 6.10.3.2-4 illustrates the resource elements used for UE-specific reference signals for extended cyclic prefix for antenna ports 7, 8.



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Figure 6.10.3.2-3: Mapping of UE-specific reference signals, antenna ports 7, 8, 9 and 10 (normal cyclic prefix).



Figure 6.10.3.2-4: Mapping of UE-specific reference signals, antenna ports 7 and 8 (extended cyclic prefix).

### 6.10.4 Positioning reference signals

Positioning reference signals shall only be transmitted in resource blocks in downlink subframes configured for positioning reference signal transmission. If both normal and MBSFN subframes are configured as positioning subframes within a cell, the OFDM symbols in a MBSFN subframe configured for positioning reference signal transmission shall use the same cyclic prefix as used for subframe #0. If only MBSFN subframes are configured as positioning subframes within a cell, the OFDM symbols configured for positioning reference signals in the MBSFN region of these subframes shall use extended cyclic prefix length. In a subframe configured for positioning reference signal transmission, the starting positions of the OFDM symbols configured for positioning reference signal transmission shall be identical to those in a subframe in which all OFDM symbols have the same cyclic prefix length as the OFDM symbols configured for positioning reference signal transmission shall be identical to those in a subframe in which all OFDM symbols have the same cyclic prefix length as the OFDM symbols configured for positioning reference signal transmission.

Positioning reference signals are transmitted on antenna port 6.

The positioning reference signals shall not be mapped to resource elements (k, l) allocated to PBCH, PSS or SSS regardless of their antenna port p.

Positioning reference signals are defined for  $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$  only.

#### 6.10.4.1 Sequence generation

The reference-signal sequence  $r_{l,n_s}(m)$  is defined by

$$r_{l,n_{s}}(m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m) \right) + j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m+1) \right), \quad m = 0, 1, \dots, 2N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max,DL}} - 1$$

where  $n_s$  is the slot number within a radio frame, l is the OFDM symbol number within the slot. The pseudo-random sequence c(i) is defined in Section 7.2. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{\text{init}} = 2^{10} \cdot (7 \cdot (n_s + 1) + l + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} + 1) + 2 \cdot N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} + N_{\text{CP}}$  at the start of each OFDM symbol where

$$N_{\rm CP} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for normal CP} \\ 0 & \text{for extended CP} \end{cases}$$

#### 6.10.4.2 Mapping to resource elements

The reference signal sequence  $r_{l,n_s}(m)$  shall be mapped to complex-valued modulation symbols  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$  used as reference signal for antenna port p = 6 in slot  $n_s$  according to

$$a_{k,l}^{(p)} = r_{l,n_c}(m')$$

where

Normal cyclic prefix:

$$k = 6\left(m + N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{PRS}}\right) + (6 - l + v_{\text{shift}}) \mod 6$$

$$l = \begin{cases} 3,5,6 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \mod 2 = 0 \\ 1,2,3,5,6 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \mod 2 = 1 \text{ and } (1 \text{ or } 2 \text{ PBCH antenna ports}) \\ 2,3,5,6 & \text{if } n_{\text{s}} \mod 2 = 1 \text{ and } (4 \text{ PBCH antenna ports}) \end{cases}$$

$$m = 0,1,\dots,2 \cdot N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{PRS}} - 1$$

$$m' = m + N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max,DL}} - N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{PRS}}$$

Extended cyclic prefix:

$$n = 0,1,\dots,2 \cdot N_{RB}^{PRS} - 1$$
$$n' = m + N_{RB}^{max,DL} - N_{RB}^{PRS}$$

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The bandwidth for positioning reference signals and  $N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{PRS}}$  is configured by higher layers and the cell-specific frequency shift is given by  $v_{\text{shift}} = N_{\text{ID}}^{\text{cell}} \mod 6$ .



Figure 6.10.4.2-1: Mapping of positioning reference signals (normal cyclic prefix)



Figure 6.10.4.2-2: Mapping of positioning reference signals (extended cyclic prefix)

#### 6.10.4.3 Positioning reference signal subframe configuration

The cell specific subframe configuration period  $T_{PRS}$  and the cell specific subframe offset  $\Delta_{PRS}$  for the transmission of positioning reference signals are listed in Table 6.10.4.3-1. The PRS configuration index  $I_{PRS}$  is configured by higher layers. Positioning reference signals are transmitted only in configured DL subframes. Positioning reference signals

shall not be transmitted in special subframes. Positioning reference signals shall be transmitted in  $N_{\text{PRS}}$  consecutive downlink subframes, where  $N_{\text{PRS}}$  is configured by higher layers.

The positioning reference signal instances, for the first subframe of the  $N_{\text{PRS}}$  downlink subframes, shall satisfy  $(10 \times n_{\text{f}} + \lfloor n_{\text{s}} / 2 \rfloor - \Delta_{\text{PRS}}) \mod T_{\text{PRS}} = 0$ .

PRS configuration Index <i>I</i> <sub>PRS</sub>	PRS periodicity $T_{\rm PRS}$ (subframes)	PRS subframe offset $\Delta_{PRS}$ (subframes)
0 – 159	160	I <sub>PRS</sub>
160 – 479	320	$I_{\rm PRS} - 160$
480 – 1119	640	$I_{\rm PRS} - 480$
1120 – 2399	1280	I <sub>PRS</sub> -1120
2400-4095	F	Reserved

Table 6.10.4.3-1: Positioning reference signal subframe configuration

#### 6.10.5 CSI reference signals

CSI reference signals are transmitted on one, two, four or eight antenna ports using p = 15, p = 15,16, p = 15,...,18 and p = 15,...,22, respectively.

CSI reference signals are defined for  $\Delta f = 15$  kHz only.

#### 6.10.5.1 Sequence generation

The reference-signal sequence  $r_{l,n_s}(m)$  is defined by

$$r_{l,n_{\rm s}}(m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m) \right) + j \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( 1 - 2 \cdot c(2m+1) \right), \quad m = 0, 1, \dots, N_{\rm RB}^{\rm max, DL} - 1$$

where  $n_s$  is the slot number within a radio frame and l is the OFDM symbol number within the slot. The pseudo-random sequence c(i) is defined in Section 7.2. The pseudo-random sequence generator shall be initialised with  $c_{init} = 2^{10} \cdot (7 \cdot (n_s + 1) + l + 1) \cdot (2 \cdot N_{ID}^{cell} + 1) + 2 \cdot N_{ID}^{cell} + N_{CP}$  at the start of each OFDM symbol where

$$N_{\rm CP} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for normal CP} \\ 0 & \text{for extended CP} \end{cases}$$

#### 6.10.5.2 Mapping to resource elements

In subframes configured for CSI reference signal transmission, the reference signal sequence  $r_{l,n_s}(m)$  shall be mapped to complex-valued modulation symbols  $a_{k,l}^{(p)}$  used as reference symbols on antenna port p according to

$$a_{k,l}^{(p)} = w_{l''} \cdot r_{l,n_s}(m')$$

where

 $k = k' + 12m + \begin{cases} -0 & \text{for } p \in \{15,16\}, \text{ normal cyclic prefix} \\ -6 & \text{for } p \in \{17,18\}, \text{ normal cyclic prefix} \\ -1 & \text{for } p \in \{19,20\}, \text{ normal cyclic prefix} \\ -7 & \text{for } p \in \{21,22\}, \text{ normal cyclic prefix} \\ -0 & \text{for } p \in \{15,16\}, \text{ extended cyclic prefix} \\ -3 & \text{for } p \in \{15,16\}, \text{ extended cyclic prefix} \\ -6 & \text{for } p \in \{19,20\}, \text{ extended cyclic prefix} \\ -9 & \text{for } p \in \{21,22\}, \text{ extended cyclic prefix} \\ -9 & \text{for } p \in \{21,22\}, \text{ extended cyclic prefix} \\ 2l'' & \text{CSI reference signal configurations 0 - 19, normal cyclic prefix} \\ l'' & \text{CSI reference signal configurations 20 - 31, normal cyclic prefix} \\ l'' & \text{CSI reference signal configurations 0 - 27, extended cyclic prefix} \\ w_{l''} = \begin{cases} 1 & p \in \{15,17,19,21\} \\ (-1)^{l''} & p \in \{16,18,20,22\} \end{cases}$ l'' = 0,1 $m = 0,1,...,N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} - 1$  $m' = m + \left| \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{max,DL}} - N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}}}{2} \right|$ 

The quantity (k', l') and the necessary conditions on  $n_s$  are given by Tables 6.10.5.2-1 and 6.10.5.2-2 for normal and extended cyclic prefix, respectively.

Multiple CSI reference signal configurations can be used in a given cell,

- zero or one configuration for which the UE shall assume non-zero transmission power for the CSI-RS, and
- zero or more configurations for which the UE shall assume zero transmission power.

For each bit set to one in the 16-bit bitmap *ZeroPowerCSI-RS* configured by higher layers, the UE shall assume zero transmission power for the resource elements corresponding to the four CSI reference signal column in Tables 6.10.5.2-1 and 6.10.5.2-2 for normal and extended cyclic prefix, respectively, except for resource elements that overlap with those for which the UE shall assume non-zero transmission power CSI-RS as configured by higher layers. The most significant bit corresponds to the lowest CSI reference signal configuration index and subsequent bits in the bitmap correspond to configurations with indices in increasing order.

CSI reference signals can only occur in

- downlink slots where  $n_s \mod 2$  fulfils the condition in Tables 6.10.5.2-1 and 6.10.5.2-2 for normal and extended cyclic prefix, respectively, and
- where the subframe number fulfils the conditions in Section 6.10.5.3.

The UE shall assume that CSI reference signals are not transmitted

- in the special subframe(s) in case of frame structure type 2,
- in subframes where transmission of a CSI-RS would collide with SystemInformationBlockType1 messages,
- in the primary cell in subframes configured for transmission of paging messages in the primary cell for any UE with the cell-specific paging configuration.

The UE shall assume that none of the CSI reference signals corresponding to a CSI reference signal configuration are transmitted in subframes where transmission of any of those CSI reference signals would collide with transmission of synchronization signals or PBCH.

Resource elements (k, l) used for transmission of CSI reference signals on any of the antenna ports in the set S, where  $S = \{15\}, S = \{15,16\}, S = \{17,18\}, S = \{19,20\}$  or  $S = \{21,22\}$  shall not be used for transmission of PDSCH on any antenna port in the same slot.

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The mapping for CSI reference signal configuration 0 is illustrated in Figures 6.10.5.2-1 and 6.10.5.2-2.

	CSI reference signal	Number of CSI reference signals configured					red
	configuration		or 2		4		8
		(k', l')	$n_{\rm s} \mod 2$	(k', l')	$n_{\rm s} \mod 2$	(k', l')	$n_{\rm s} \mod 2$
	0	(9,5)	0	(9,5)	0	(9,5)	0
	1	(11,2)	1	(11,2)	1	(11,2)	1
	2	(9,2)	1	(9,2)	1	(9,2)	1
	3	(7,2)	1	(7,2)	1	(7,2)	1
2	4	(9,5)	1	(9,5)	1	(9,5)	1
	5	(8,5)	0	(8,5)	0		
ar	6	(10,2)	1	(10,2)	1		
Frame structure type 1 and	7	(8,2)	1	(8,2)	1		
yp	8	(6,2)	1	(6,2)	1		
e	9	(8,5)	1	(8,5)	1		
tu	10	(3,5)	0				
LUC	11	(2,5)	0				
st	12	(5,2)	1				
me	13	(4,2)	1				
La La	14	(3,2)	1				
	15	(2,2)	1				
	16	(1,2)	1				
	17	(0,2)	1				
	18	(3,5)	1				
	19	(2,5)	1				
	20	(11,1)	1	(11,1)	1	(11,1)	1
only	21	(9,1)	1	(9,1)	1	(9,1)	1
50	22	(7,1)	1	(7,1)	1	(7,1)	1
e,	23	(10,1)	1	(10,1)	1		
typ	24	(8,1)	1	(8,1)	1		
le	25	(6,1)	1	(6,1)	1		
ctr	26	(5,1)	1				
tru	27	(4,1)	1				
e s	28	(3,1)	1				
Frame structure type 2	29	(2,1)	1				
Fr	30	(1,1)	1				
	31	(0,1)	1				

Table 6.10.5.2-1: Mapping from CSI reference signal configuration to (k', l') for normal cyclic prefix.

	CSI reference signal	Number of CSI reference signals configured				red	
	configuration	1 or 2			4	8	
		(k', l')	$n_{\rm s} \mod 2$	(k', l')	$n_{\rm s} \mod 2$	(k', l')	$n_{\rm s} \mod 2$
	0	(11,4)	0	(11,4)	0	(11,4)	0
2	1	(9,4)	0	(9,4)	0	(9,4)	0
and	2	(10,4)	1	(10,4)	1	(10,4)	1
-	3	(9,4)	1	(9,4)	1	(9,4)	1
be	4	(5,4)	0	(5,4)	0		
structure type	5	(3,4)	0	(3,4)	0		
ar	6	(4,4)	1	(4,4)	1		
rct	7	(3,4)	1	(3,4)	1		
str	8	(8,4)	0				
ē	9	(6,4)	0				
Frame	10	(2,4)	0				
Ц	11	(0,4)	0				
	12	(7,4)	1				

	13	(6,4)	1					1
	14	(1,4)	1					
	15	(0,4)	1					
	16	(11,1)	1	(11,1)	1	(11,1)	1	
≥	17	(10,1)	1	(10,1)	1	(10,1)	1	
only	18	(9,1)	1	(9,1)	1	(9,1)	1	
9 Z	19	(5,1)	1	(5,1)	1			
ype	20	(4,1)	1	(4,1)	1			
Frame structure type	21	(3,1)	1	(3,1)	1			
uct	22	(8,1)	1					
stri	23	(7,1)	1					
Je	24	(6,1)	1					
ran	25	(2,1)	1					
ш	26	(1,1)	1					
	27	(0,1)	1					
	1 1	I		I	I		I	

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Figure 6.10.5.2-1: Mapping of CSI reference signals (CSI configuration 0, normal cyclic prefix).



Figure 6.10.5.2-2: Mapping of CSI reference signals (CSI configuration 0, extended cyclic prefix).

#### 6.10.5.3 CSI reference signal subframe configuration

The subframe configuration period  $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$  and the subframe offset  $\Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}$  for the occurence of CSI reference signals are listed in Table 6.10.5.3-1. The parameter  $I_{\text{CSI-RS}}$  can be configured separately for CSI reference signals for which the UE shall assume non-zero and zero transmission power. Subframes containing CSI reference signals shall satisfy  $(10n_{\text{f}} + \lfloor n_{\text{s}}/2 \rfloor - \Delta_{\text{CSI-RS}}) \mod T_{\text{CSI-RS}} = 0$ .

CSI-RS-SubframeConfig <i>I</i> <sub>CSI-RS</sub>	CSI-RS periodicity $T_{\text{CSI-RS}}$ (subframes)	CSI-RS subframe offset $\Delta_{CSI-RS}$ (subframes)
0-4	5	I <sub>CSI-RS</sub>
5 – 14	10	$I_{\rm CSI-RS}-5$
15 – 34	20	$I_{\rm CSI-RS}$ –15
35 – 74	40	I <sub>CSI-RS</sub> – 35
75 – 154	80	$I_{\rm CSI-RS}-75$

 Table 6.10.5.3-1: CSI reference signal subframe configuration.

## 6.11 Synchronization signals

There are 504 unique physical-layer cell identities. The physical-layer cell identities are grouped into 168 unique physical-layer cell-identity groups, each group containing three unique identities. The grouping is such that each physical-layer cell identity is part of one and only one physical-layer cell-identity group. A physical-layer cell identity  $N_{\rm ID}^{\rm cell} = 3N_{\rm ID}^{(1)} + N_{\rm ID}^{(2)}$  is thus uniquely defined by a number  $N_{\rm ID}^{(1)}$  in the range of 0 to 167, representing the physical-layer cell-identity group, and a number  $N_{\rm ID}^{(2)}$  in the range of 0 to 2, representing the physical-layer identity within the physical-layer cell-identity group.

### 6.11.1 Primary synchronization signal

#### 6.11.1.1 Sequence generation

The sequence d(n) used for the primary synchronization signal is generated from a frequency-domain Zadoff-Chu sequence according to

$$d_u(n) = \begin{cases} e^{-j\frac{\pi u n(n+1)}{63}} & n = 0,1,...,30\\ e^{-j\frac{\pi u (n+1)(n+2)}{63}} & n = 31,32,...,61 \end{cases}$$

where the Zadoff-Chu root sequence index u is given by Table 6.11.1.1-1.

$N_{ m ID}^{(2)}$	Root index <i>u</i>
0	25
1	29
2	34

#### 6.11.1.2 Mapping to resource elements

The mapping of the sequence to resource elements depends on the frame structure. The UE shall not assume that the primary synchronization signal is transmitted on the same antenna port as any of the downlink reference signals. The UE shall not assume that any transmission instance of the primary synchronization signal is transmitted on the same antenna port, or ports, used for any other transmission instance of the primary synchronization signal.

The sequence d(n) shall be mapped to the resource elements according to

$$a_{k,l} = d(n),$$
  $n = 0,...,61$   
 $k = n - 31 + \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}}{2}$ 

For frame structure type 1, the primary synchronization signal shall be mapped to the last OFDM symbol in slots 0 and 10.

For frame structure type 2, the primary synchronization signal shall be mapped to the third OFDM symbol in subframes 1 and 6. Resource elements (k, l) in the OFDM symbols used for transmission of the primary synchronization signal where

$$k = n - 31 + \frac{N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}}{2}$$
  
n = -5, -4, ..., -1, 62, 63, ... 66

are reserved and not used for transmission of the primary synchronization signal.

#### 6.11.2 Secondary synchronization signal

#### 6.11.2.1 Sequence generation

The sequence d(0),...,d(61) used for the second synchronization signal is an interleaved concatenation of two length-31 binary sequences. The concatenated sequence is scrambled with a scrambling sequence given by the primary synchronization signal.

The combination of two length-31 sequences defining the secondary synchronization signal differs between subframe 0 and subframe 5 according to

$$d(2n) = \begin{cases} s_0^{(m_0)}(n)c_0(n) & \text{in subframe 0} \\ s_1^{(m_1)}(n)c_0(n) & \text{in subframe 5} \end{cases}$$
$$d(2n+1) = \begin{cases} s_1^{(m_1)}(n)c_1(n)z_1^{(m_0)}(n) & \text{in subframe 0} \\ s_0^{(m_0)}(n)c_1(n)z_1^{(m_1)}(n) & \text{in subframe 5} \end{cases}$$

where  $0 \le n \le 30$ . The indices  $m_0$  and  $m_1$  are derived from the physical-layer cell-identity group  $N_{\text{ID}}^{(1)}$  according to

$$m_{0} = m' \mod 31$$
  

$$m_{1} = (m_{0} + \lfloor m'/31 \rfloor + 1) \mod 31$$
  

$$m' = N_{\text{ID}}^{(1)} + q(q+1)/2, \quad q = \left\lfloor \frac{N_{\text{ID}}^{(1)} + q'(q'+1)/2}{30} \right\rfloor, \quad q' = \left\lfloor N_{\text{ID}}^{(1)}/30 \right\rfloor$$

where the output of the above expression is listed in Table 6.11.2.1-1.

The two sequences  $s_0^{(m_0)}(n)$  and  $s_1^{(m_1)}(n)$  are defined as two different cyclic shifts of the m-sequence  $\tilde{s}(n)$  according to

$$s_0^{(m_0)}(n) = \tilde{s}((n+m_0) \mod 31)$$
  
$$s_1^{(m_1)}(n) = \tilde{s}((n+m_1) \mod 31)$$

where  $\tilde{s}(i) = 1 - 2x(i)$ ,  $0 \le i \le 30$ , is defined by

$$x(\bar{i}+5) = (x(\bar{i}+2) + x(\bar{i})) \mod 2, \qquad 0 \le \bar{i} \le 25$$

with initial conditions x(0) = 0, x(1) = 0, x(2) = 0, x(3) = 0, x(4) = 1.

3GPP

The two scrambling sequences  $c_0(n)$  and  $c_1(n)$  depend on the primary synchronization signal and are defined by two different cyclic shifts of the m-sequence  $\tilde{c}(n)$  according to

$$c_0(n) = \tilde{c} ((n + N_{\text{ID}}^{(2)}) \mod{31})$$
  
$$c_1(n) = \tilde{c} ((n + N_{\text{ID}}^{(2)} + 3) \mod{31})$$

where  $N_{\text{ID}}^{(2)} \in \{0,1,2\}$  is the physical-layer identity within the physical-layer cell identity group  $N_{\text{ID}}^{(1)}$  and  $\tilde{c}(i) = 1 - 2x(i)$ ,  $0 \le i \le 30$ , is defined by

 $x(\bar{i}+5) = (x(\bar{i}+3) + x(\bar{i})) \mod 2, \qquad 0 \le \bar{i} \le 25$ 

with initial conditions x(0) = 0, x(1) = 0, x(2) = 0, x(3) = 0, x(4) = 1.

The scrambling sequences  $z_1^{(m_0)}(n)$  and  $z_1^{(m_1)}(n)$  are defined by a cyclic shift of the m-sequence  $\tilde{z}(n)$  according to

$$z_1^{(m_0)}(n) = \tilde{z}((n + (m_0 \mod 8)) \mod 31)$$

$$z_1^{(m_1)}(n) = \tilde{z}((n + (m_1 \mod 8)) \mod 31)$$

where  $m_0$  and  $m_1$  are obtained from Table 6.11.2.1-1 and  $\tilde{z}(i) = 1 - 2x(i)$ ,  $0 \le i \le 30$ , is defined by

 $x(\bar{i}+5) = \left(x(\bar{i}+4) + x(\bar{i}+2) + x(\bar{i}+1) + x(\bar{i})\right) \mod 2, \qquad 0 \le \bar{i} \le 25$ 

with initial conditions x(0) = 0, x(1) = 0, x(2) = 0, x(3) = 0, x(4) = 1.

						1			r			1		
$N_{ m ID}^{(1)}$	$m_0$	$m_1$												
0	0	1	34	4	6	68	9	12	102	15	19	136	22	27
1	1	2	35	5	7	69	10	13	103	16	20	137	23	28
2	2	3	36	6	8	70	11	14	104	17	21	138	24	29
3	3	4	37	7	9	71	12	15	105	18	22	139	25	30
4	4	5	38	8	10	72	13	16	106	19	23	140	0	6
5	5	6	39	9	11	73	14	17	107	20	24	141	1	7
6	6	7	40	10	12	74	15	18	108	21	25	142	2	8
7	7	8	41	11	13	75	16	19	109	22	26	143	3	9
8	8	9	42	12	14	76	17	20	110	23	27	144	4	10
9	9	10	43	13	15	77	18	21	111	24	28	145	5	11
10	10	11	44	14	16	78	19	22	112	25	29	146	6	12
11	11	12	45	15	17	79	20	23	113	26	30	147	7	13
12	12	13	46	16	18	80	21	24	114	0	5	148	8	14
13	13	14	47	17	19	81	22	25	115	1	6	149	9	15
14	14	15	48	18	20	82	23	26	116	2	7	150	10	16
15	15	16	49	19	21	83	24	27	117	3	8	151	11	17
16	16	17	50	20	22	84	25	28	118	4	9	152	12	18
17	17	18	51	21	23	85	26	29	119	5	10	153	13	19
18	18	19	52	22	24	86	27	30	120	6	11	154	14	20
19	19	20	53	23	25	87	0	4	121	7	12	155	15	21
20	20	21	54	24	26	88	1	5	122	8	13	156	16	22
21	21	22	55	25	27	89	2	6	123	9	14	157	17	23
22	22	23	56	26	28	90	3	7	124	10	15	158	18	24
23	23	24	57	27	29	91	4	8	125	11	16	159	19	25
24	24	25	58	28	30	92	5	9	126	12	17	160	20	26
25	25	26	59	0	3	93	6	10	127	13	18	161	21	27
26	26	27	60	1	4	94	7	11	128	14	19	162	22	28
27	27	28	61	2	5	95	8	12	129	15	20	163	23	29
28	28	29	62	3	6	96	9	13	130	16	21	164	24	30
29	29	30	63	4	7	97	10	14	131	17	22	165	0	7
30	0	2	64	5	8	98	11	15	132	18	23	166	1	8
31	1	3	65	6	9	99	12	16	133	19	24	167	2	9
32	2	4	66	7	10	100	13	17	134	20	25	-	-	-
33	3	5	67	8	11	101	14	18	135	21	26	-	-	-

Table 6.11.2.1-1: Mapping between physical-layer cell-identity group  $N_{\text{ID}}^{(1)}$  and the indices  $m_0$  and  $m_1$ .

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#### 6.11.2.2 Mapping to resource elements

The mapping of the sequence to resource elements depends on the frame structure. In a subframe for frame structure type 1 and in a half-frame for frame structure type 2, the same antenna port as for the primary synchronization signal shall be used for the secondary synchronization signal.

The sequence d(n) shall be mapped to resource elements according to

$$a_{k,l} = d(n), \qquad n = 0,...,61$$

$$k = n - 31 + \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}}{2}$$

$$l = \begin{cases} N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{DL}} - 2 & \text{in slots } 0 \text{ and } 10 & \text{for frame structure type } 1 \\ N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{DL}} - 1 & \text{in slots } 1 \text{ and } 11 & \text{for frame structure type } 2 \end{cases}$$

Resource elements (k, l) where

$$k = n - 31 + \frac{N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}}}{2}$$

$$l = \begin{cases} N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{DL}} - 2 & \text{in slots 0 and 10} & \text{for frame structure type 1} \\ N_{\text{symb}}^{\text{DL}} - 1 & \text{in slots 1 and 11} & \text{for frame structure type 2} \end{cases}$$

$$n = -5, -4, \dots, -1, 62, 63, \dots 66$$

are reserved and not used for transmission of the secondary synchronization signal.

### 6.12 OFDM baseband signal generation

The time-continuous signal  $s_l^{(p)}(t)$  on antenna port p in OFDM symbol l in a downlink slot is defined by

$$s_{l}^{(p)}(t) = \sum_{k=-\lfloor N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}/2 \rfloor}^{-1} a_{k^{(-)},l}^{(p)} \cdot e^{j2\pi k\Delta f(t-N_{\rm CP},T_{\rm s})} + \sum_{k=1}^{\lceil N_{\rm RB}^{\rm DL} N_{\rm sc}^{\rm RB}/2 \rceil} a_{k^{(+)},l}^{(p)} \cdot e^{j2\pi k\Delta f(t-N_{\rm CP},T_{\rm s})}$$

for  $0 \le t < (N_{\text{CP},l} + N) \times T_{\text{s}}$  where  $k^{(-)} = k + \lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} / 2 \rfloor$  and  $k^{(+)} = k + \lfloor N_{\text{RB}}^{\text{DL}} N_{\text{sc}}^{\text{RB}} / 2 \rfloor - 1$ . The variable N equals 2048 for  $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$  subcarrier spacing and 4096 for  $\Delta f = 7.5 \text{ kHz}$  subcarrier spacing.

The OFDM symbols in a slot shall be transmitted in increasing order of l, starting with l = 0, where OFDM symbol l > 0 starts at time  $\sum_{l'=0}^{l-1} (N_{CP,l'} + N)T_s$  within the slot. In case the first OFDM symbol(s) in a slot use normal cyclic prefix and the remaining OFDM symbols use extended cyclic prefix, the starting position the OFDM symbols with extended cyclic prefix shall be identical to those in a slot where all OFDM symbols use extended cyclic prefix. Thus there will be a part of the time slot between the two cyclic prefix regions where the transmitted signal is not specified.

Table 6.12-1 lists the value of  $N_{CP,l}$  that shall be used. Note that different OFDM symbols within a slot in some cases have different cyclic prefix lengths.

Configurati	Cyclic prefix length $N_{\text{CP},l}$	
Normal cyclic prefix	$\Delta f = 15 \mathrm{kHz}$	160 for $l = 0$ 144 for $l = 1, 2,, 6$
Extended evalia profix	$\Delta f = 15 \mathrm{kHz}$	512 for $l = 0, 1,, 5$
Extended cyclic prefix	$\Delta f = 7.5 \mathrm{kHz}$	1024 for $l = 0,1,2$

Table 6.12-1: OFDM parameters.

## 6.13 Modulation and upconversion

Modulation and upconversion to the carrier frequency of the complex-valued OFDM baseband signal for each antenna port is shown in Figure 6.13-1. The filtering required prior to transmission is defined by the requirements in [6].



Figure 6.13-1: Downlink modulation.

## 7 Generic functions

## 7.1 Modulation mapper

The modulation mapper takes binary digits, 0 or 1, as input and produces complex-valued modulation symbols, x=I+jQ, as output.

### 7.1.1 BPSK

In case of BPSK modulation, a single bit, b(i), is mapped to a complex-valued modulation symbol x=I+jQ according to Table 7.1.1-1.

b(i)	Ι	Q
0	$1/\sqrt{2}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$
1	$-1/\sqrt{2}$	$-1/\sqrt{2}$

#### Table 7.1.1-1: BPSK modulation mapping.

## 7.1.2 QPSK

In case of QPSK modulation, pairs of bits, b(i), b(i+1), are mapped to complex-valued modulation symbols x=I+jQ according to Table 7.1.2-1.

b(i), b(i+1)	Ι	Q
00	$1/\sqrt{2}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$
01	$1/\sqrt{2}$	$-1/\sqrt{2}$
10	$-1/\sqrt{2}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$
11	$-1/\sqrt{2}$	$-1/\sqrt{2}$

#### Table 7.1.2-1: QPSK modulation mapping.

## 7.1.3 16QAM

In case of 16QAM modulation, quadruplets of bits, b(i), b(i+1), b(i+2), b(i+3), are mapped to complex-valued modulation symbols x=I+jQ according to Table 7.1.3-1.

b(i), b(i+1), b(i+2), b(i+3)	I	Q
0000	$1/\sqrt{10}$	$1/\sqrt{10}$
0001	$1/\sqrt{10}$	$3/\sqrt{10}$
0010	$3/\sqrt{10}$	$1/\sqrt{10}$
0011	$3/\sqrt{10}$	$3/\sqrt{10}$
0100	$1/\sqrt{10}$	$-1/\sqrt{10}$
0101	$1/\sqrt{10}$	$-3/\sqrt{10}$
0110	$3/\sqrt{10}$	$-1/\sqrt{10}$
0111	$3/\sqrt{10}$	$-3/\sqrt{10}$
1000	$-1/\sqrt{10}$	$1/\sqrt{10}$
1001	$-1/\sqrt{10}$	$3/\sqrt{10}$
1010	$-3/\sqrt{10}$	$1/\sqrt{10}$
1011	$-3/\sqrt{10}$	$3/\sqrt{10}$
1100	$-1/\sqrt{10}$	$-1/\sqrt{10}$
1101	$-1/\sqrt{10}$	$-3/\sqrt{10}$
1110	$-3/\sqrt{10}$	$-1/\sqrt{10}$
1111	$-3/\sqrt{10}$	$-3/\sqrt{10}$

Table 7.1.3-1: 16QAM modulation mapping.

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## 7.1.4 64QAM

In case of 64QAM modulation, hextuplets of bits, b(i), b(i+1), b(i+2), b(i+3), b(i+4), b(i+5), are mapped to complex-valued modulation symbols x=I+jQ according to Table 7.1.4-1.

1	Q	b(i), b(i+1), b(i+2), b(i+3), b(i+4), b(i+5)		
$\sqrt{42}$	2/ 12		2/ 12	$\mathbf{Q}$
$3/\sqrt{42}$	3/\[\]	100000	$-3/\sqrt{42}$	3/\[\]
-				1/√42
		100010		3/√42
		100011		1/√42
		100100		$5/\sqrt{42}$
$3/\sqrt{42}$		100101	$-3/\sqrt{42}$	$7/\sqrt{42}$
$1/\sqrt{42}$	-	100110	$-1/\sqrt{42}$	$5/\sqrt{42}$
$1/\sqrt{42}$	$7/\sqrt{42}$	100111	$-1/\sqrt{42}$	$7/\sqrt{42}$
$5/\sqrt{42}$	$3/\sqrt{42}$	101000	$-5/\sqrt{42}$	$3/\sqrt{42}$
$5/\sqrt{42}$	$1/\sqrt{42}$	101001	$-5/\sqrt{42}$	$1/\sqrt{42}$
$7/\sqrt{42}$	$3/\sqrt{42}$	101010	$-7/\sqrt{42}$	$3/\sqrt{42}$
$7/\sqrt{42}$	$1/\sqrt{42}$	101011	$-7/\sqrt{42}$	$1/\sqrt{42}$
$5/\sqrt{42}$	$5/\sqrt{42}$	101100	$-5/\sqrt{42}$	$5/\sqrt{42}$
$5/\sqrt{42}$	$7/\sqrt{42}$	101101	$-5/\sqrt{42}$	$7/\sqrt{42}$
$7/\sqrt{42}$	$5/\sqrt{42}$	101110	$-7/\sqrt{42}$	$5/\sqrt{42}$
$7/\sqrt{42}$	$7/\sqrt{42}$	101111	$-7/\sqrt{42}$	$7/\sqrt{42}$
$3/\sqrt{42}$	$-3/\sqrt{42}$	110000	$-3/\sqrt{42}$	$-3/\sqrt{42}$
$3/\sqrt{42}$		110001	$-3/\sqrt{42}$	$-1/\sqrt{42}$
$1/\sqrt{42}$		110010	$-1/\sqrt{42}$	$-3/\sqrt{42}$
$1/\sqrt{42}$	$-1/\sqrt{42}$	110011	$-1/\sqrt{42}$	$-1/\sqrt{42}$
$3/\sqrt{42}$	$-5/\sqrt{42}$	110100	$-3/\sqrt{42}$	$-5/\sqrt{42}$
$3/\sqrt{42}$	$-7/\sqrt{42}$	110101	$-3/\sqrt{42}$	$-7/\sqrt{42}$
$1/\sqrt{42}$	$-5/\sqrt{42}$	110110	$-1/\sqrt{42}$	$-5/\sqrt{42}$
$1/\sqrt{42}$	$-7/\sqrt{42}$	110111	$-1/\sqrt{42}$	$-7/\sqrt{42}$
$5/\sqrt{42}$	$-3/\sqrt{42}$	111000	$-5/\sqrt{42}$	$-3/\sqrt{42}$
$5/\sqrt{42}$	$-1/\sqrt{42}$	111001	$-5/\sqrt{42}$	$-1/\sqrt{42}$
$7/\sqrt{42}$		111010	$-7/\sqrt{42}$	$-3/\sqrt{42}$
$7/\sqrt{42}$		111011	$-7/\sqrt{42}$	$-1/\sqrt{42}$
$5/\sqrt{42}$		111100	$-5/\sqrt{42}$	$-5/\sqrt{42}$
$5/\sqrt{42}$		111101	-	$-7/\sqrt{42}$
$7/\sqrt{42}$		111110		$-5/\sqrt{42}$
$\frac{7}{\sqrt{42}}$		111111		$-7/\sqrt{42}$
	$     \begin{array}{r}                                     $	$   \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

Table 7.1.4-1: 64QAM modulation mapping	Table 7.1	.4-1: 64QAN	I modulation	mapping.
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## 7.2 Pseudo-random sequence generation

Pseudo-random sequences are defined by a length-31 Gold sequence. The output sequence c(n) of length  $M_{PN}$ , where  $n = 0,1,...,M_{PN} - 1$ , is defined by

$$c(n) = (x_1(n + N_C) + x_2(n + N_C)) \mod 2$$
  

$$x_1(n+31) = (x_1(n+3) + x_1(n)) \mod 2$$
  

$$x_2(n+31) = (x_2(n+3) + x_2(n+2) + x_2(n+1) + x_2(n)) \mod 2$$

where  $N_c = 1600$  and the first m-sequence shall be initialized with  $x_1(0) = 1, x_1(n) = 0, n = 1, 2, ..., 30$ . The initialization of the second m-sequence is denoted by  $c_{\text{init}} = \sum_{i=0}^{30} x_2(i) \cdot 2^i$  with the value depending on the application of the sequence.

## 8 Timing

## 8.1 Uplink-downlink frame timing

Transmission of the uplink radio frame number *i* from the UE shall start  $(N_{TA} + N_{TA \text{ offset}}) \times T_s$  seconds before the start of the corresponding downlink radio frame at the UE, where  $0 \le N_{TA} \le 20512$ ,  $N_{TA \text{ offset}} = 0$  for frame structure type 1 and  $N_{TA \text{ offset}} = 624$  for frame structure type 2. Note that not all slots in a radio frame may be transmitted. One example hereof is TDD, where only a subset of the slots in a radio frame is transmitted.



Figure 8.1-1: Uplink-downlink timing relation.

# Annex A (informative): Change history

Date         TSG #         TSG Doc.         Rev         Subject/Comment         Old         New           2006-10-09         -         -         Dirated sketeton         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.01         0.01         0.01         0.01         0.01         0.01         0.11         0.01         0.01         0.11         0.10         0.11         0.12         0.13         0.02 <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Change history</th><th></th><th></th></td<>						Change history		
2006-10-08         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1         0.01         0.01         0.01           2006-10-13         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1         0.01         0.11           2006-10-13         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1         0.01         0.11         0.12         0.13         0.11         0.12         0.13         0.11         0.12         0.13         0.12         0.13         0.12         0.13         0.12         0.13         0.12         0.13         0.22         0.22         0.23         0.00         0.01         0.12         0.12         0.22         0.23         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.40         0.40         0.40         0.40         0.40         0.40         0.40         0.40         0.32         0.30	Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev		Old	New
2006-10-33         -         -         Inclusion of decision from RAN1#46bis         0.1.1         0.1.1           2006-10-23         -         -         Inclusion of decision from RAN1#46bis         0.1.1         0.1.1           2006-11-06         -         -         Inclusion of decision from RAN1#47         0.2.0         1.3         0.2.0           2006-11-27         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#47         0.2.0         0.2.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.2.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.2.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2	2006-09-24	-	-	-		Draft version created	-	0.0.0
2006-10-023         -         -         Inclusion of decision from RAN1#46bis         0.1.0         0.1.1         0.1.2         0.1.3         0.1.2         0.1.3         0.1.2         0.1.3         0.1.2         0.1.3         0.2.0         0.2.1         0.1.2         0.1.3         0.2.0         0.2.1         0.1.2         0.1.3         0.2.0         0.2.1         0.2.1         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.0         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.1         0.4.2         1.0.0         1.0.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         1.0.4         1.0.1         0.2.2		-	-	-		Updated skeleton	0.0.0	0.0.1
2006.11-06         -         -         Updated editor's version         0.1.1         0.1.2         0.1.3         0.2.0           2006.11-07         -         -         Updated editor's version         0.1.3         0.2.0         0.2.1         0.2.1         0.2.1         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.2.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.2		-	-	-		Endorsed by RAN1	0.0.1	0.1.0
2006.11-00         -         -         Update detior's version, including decisions from RAN1#47         0.13         0.20           2006.11-127         -         -         -         Enforces by RAN1#47         0.2.0         0.2.1         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.0         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.1         0.4.2         1.0.0         1.0.1         1.0.2         1.0.1         1.0.2         1.0.1         1.0.2         1.0.1         1.0.2         1.0.3         1.0.4         1.0.1         1.0.1         1.0.1         1.0.1         1.0.1         1.0.1         1.0.1         1.0.1	2006-10-23	-	-	-			0.1.0	
2006-11-10         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1447         0.1.3         0.2.0         0.2.1           2006-11-27         -         -         Editor's version         0.2.1         0.2.0         0.2.1           2007-01-15         -         -         Updated editor's version         0.2.2         0.2.3         0.3.0         0.3.1           2007-02-11         -         -         Endors version, including decisions from RAN1#47Dis         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.0         0.2.0         0.2.0         0.2.0         0.2.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.0         0.2.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.2.0         0.4.0         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         0.2.0         0.4.1         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.0.2         1.		-	-	-				
2006-11-17         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#47         0.2.0         0.2.1         0.2.2         0.2.0         1.0.2         0.2.0         0.2.2         0.2.0         0.2.2         0.2.0         0.2.2         0.2.0         0.2.0         0.2.2         0.2.0         0.0		-	-	-				
2006-19-14         -         -         Updated editor's version         0.2.1         0.2.2         0.2.3           2007-01-15         -         -         Endoread by RAN147Dis         0.2.3         0.3.0           2007-02-12         -         -         Endoread by RAN147Dis         0.3.0         0.3.1           2007-02-16         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#47Dis         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0           2007-02-16         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#48         0.4.0         0.4.1           2007-02-16         -         -         Editor's version         0.4.1         0.4.2         1.0.4           2007-02-26         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         0.4.2         1.0.4           2007-06-03         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.1         1.0.2         2.0.2           2007-06-11         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.4         1.1.0         1.0.4         1.0.4         1.1.0         1.0.2         2.0.2         2.0.2         1.0.4         1.1.1         1.2.2         2.007-06-15         -         -         -         Editor's version		-	-	-				
2007-01-16         -         -         Updated editor's version         0.22         0.23         0.30           2007-02-01         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#47bis         0.30         0.31         0.32           2007-02-01         -         -         Updated editor's version         0.31         0.32         0.32         0.30         0.31         0.32         0.31         0.32         0.31         0.32         0.31         0.32         0.31         0.32         0.31         0.32         0.31         0.32         0.31         0.32         0.31         0.32         0.40         0.41         0.41         0.42         0.40         0.41         0.42         0.40         0.41         0.42         0.40         4.41         0.42         0.40         4.41         0.42         0.40         4.41         0.41         0.41         0.42         0.40         4.1         0.42         0.40         4.1         0.41         0.42         0.40         4.1         0.41         0.42         0.40         4.1         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41         0.41 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>		-	-	-			-	
2007-01-19         -         Endorsed by RAN1447bis         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.3.0         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2         1.0.0         1.0.1         1.0.2         0.4.2         1.0.0         1.0.1         1.0.4         1.0.		-	-	-				
2007-02-01         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#47bis         0.3.0         0.3.1           2007-02-16         -         -         Editor's version         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0           2007-02-16         -         -         Editor's version         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1           2007-02-33         RAN#35         RP-070169         -         Editor's version         0.4.1         0.4.2         1.0.0           2007-04-25         -         -         Editor's version         1.0.1         1.0.2         2.0.2         2.0.2         1.0.1         1.0.2 <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		-	-	-				
2007-02-12         -         -         Updated editor's version         0.3.1         0.3.2         0.4.0           2007-02-16         -         -         Editor's version         0.4.1         0.4.2         0.4.0         0.4.1           2007-02-33         RAN#35         RP-070169         For information at RAN#35         0.4.2         1.0.0           2007-03-03         RAN#35         RP-070169         For information at RAN#35         0.4.2         1.0.0           2007-04-25         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.1         1.0.2           2007-05-03         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.2         1.0.3           2007-05-11         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.2         1.0.3           2007-05-15         -         -         Editor's version         1.0.4         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-06-05         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.1.1         1.2.2         1.2.2           2007-06-10         -         -         Editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.2           2007-08-10         -         -         Editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.3								
2007-02-16         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1448         0.3.2         0.4.0           2007-02-16         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#48         0.4.0         0.4.1         0.4.2           2007-02-03         RAN#35         RP-070169         -         For information at RAM425         0.4.2         1.0.0           2007-04-26         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.1         1.0.2           2007-05-03         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.2         1.0.2           2007-05-03         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.2         1.0.2           2007-05-16         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.3         1.0.4           2007-05-15         -         -         Editor's version         1.0.1         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-06-25         -         -         Editor's version         1.0.1         1.2.1         1.2.0           2007-08-20         -         -         Editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.0         1.2.1         1.2.3           2007-08-24         -         -         Editor								
2007-02-16         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#48         0.4.0         0.4.1           2007-03-03         RAN#35         RP-070169         For information at RAN#35         0.4.2         1.0.0           2007-03-03         RAN#35         RP-070169         For information at RAN#35         0.4.2         1.0.0           2007-04-25         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.1         1.0.2           2007-05-03         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.2         1.0.3         1.0.4           2007-05-11         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.1         1.1.1         1.0.1         1.1.1         1.0.1         1.1.1         1.0.1         1.1.1         1.1.2         1.2.0         1.0.3         1.0.4         1.1.0         1.1.1         1.2.1         1.2.0         1.0.1         1.1.1         1.2.1         1.2.0         1.2.1         1.2.0         1.2.1         1.2.0         1.2.1         1.2.0         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.0         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.0         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.0         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.1         1.2.2								
2007-02-21         -         -         Updated editor's version         0.4.1         0.4.2           2007-03.03         RAN#35         RP-070169         For information at RAN#35         0.4.2         1.0.0           2007-04-25         -         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.1         1.0.2           2007-05-03         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.2         1.0.2           2007-05-04         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.2         1.0.2           2007-05-11         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.4         1.0.4           2007-05-15         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49         1.0.4         1.1.1           2007-06-15         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.1.2         1.2.1         1.2.2           2007-06-26         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.3         1.3.0         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>+</td> <td></td>							+	
2007-03-03         RAN#35         RP-070169         For information at RAN#35         0.4.2         1.0.0           2007-04-25         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#48bis and RAN1         1.0.0         1.0.1           2007-05-08         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.1         1.0.2           2007-05-08         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.3         1.0.3           2007-05-11         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.1         1.1.1           2007-06-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-06-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.1.1         1.2.1         1.2.0           2007-07-10         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2           2007-08-24         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-08-24         -         -         -         Editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-08-24         -         -		-	-					
2007-04-25         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#48bis and RAN1         1.0.1         1.0.1           2007-05-03         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.1         1.0.2           2007-05-11         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.3         1.0.4           2007-05-15         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49         1.1.0         1.1.0           2007-05-15         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49         1.1.0         1.1.1           2007-06-15         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49bis         1.2.1         1.2.1           2007-06-10         -         -         Editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.2           2007-08-10         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.2.2         1.3.0         1.3.1         1.3.0         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0         1.3.2         2.0.0         1.3.2         2.0.0         1.3.2         2.0.0         1.2.2 </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		-	-	-				
2007-04-25         -         -         -         1.00.4 Hoc         1.0.0         1.0.1           2007-05-08         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.2         1.0.3           2007-05-08         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.2         1.0.3           2007-05-11         -         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1449         1.0.4         1.1.0           2007-05-15         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-06-10         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-07-10         -         -         Editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.1           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-08-27         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-09-28         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-09-29         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1	2007-03-03	RAN#35	RP-070169				0.4.2	1.0.0
2007-05-08         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         10.2         10.3           2007-05-11         -         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#49         10.4         10.4           2007-05-15         -         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#49         11.0         11.1         11.12           2007-06-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         11.1         11.12         12.0         12.0         12.0         12.1         12.0         12.0         12.1         12.0         12.0         12.1         12.0         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.2         12.3         13.0         13.1         13.2         2007-08-27         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         13.3         13.3         13.2         2.00         12.3         13.0         13.3         13.2         2.00         13.3         13.3         13.2         2.0.0         13.3         13.2         2.0.0         12.0         8.0.0         8.1.0         8.0.0         8.1.0         8.0.0         8.1.0	2007-04-25	-	-	-		TDD Ad Hoc	1.0.0	
2007-05-11         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.0.3         1.0.4           2007-05-11         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#49         1.0.4         1.1.0           2007-05-15         -         -         -         Editor's version         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-06-25         -         -         -         Editor's version         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-06-25         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49bis         1.2.0         1.2.1           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.2         1.2.3           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.2         1.3.0           2007-08-27         -         -         Editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-28         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-28         R-         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.2         2.0.0         8.0.0           2109/07         RAN_37         RP-07029         Approved versio		-	-	-	-			
2007-05-11         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#49         1.0.4         1.1.0           2007-06-05         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49         1.1.1         1.1.1           2007-06-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-07-10         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49bis         1.2.1         1.2.2           2007-08-10         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.2         1.2.3           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.2         1.2.3           2007-08-24         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#50         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-09-26         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-09-27         -         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-09-28         RAN_37         RP-070729         -         Approved version         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.1.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></td<>				-	-		-	
2007-06-51         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49         1.1.0         1.1.1           2007-06-25         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-06-25         -         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#49bis         1.2.0         1.2.1         1.2.0           2007-08-10         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.2           2007-08-10         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.3           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2         1.2.3           2007-08-21         -         -         -         Endors version         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-08         RAM#37         RP-07029         -         For approval at RAN#37         1.3.2         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0			-	-				
2007-06-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.1.1         1.1.2           2007-06-25         -         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#49bis         1.2.0         1.2.0           2007-07-10         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49bis         1.2.1         1.2.2           2007-08-20         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.2         1.2.3           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Editor's version         1.2.2         1.3.0           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Editor's version         1.2.2         1.3.0           2007-09-05         -         -         -         Editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.1.0           12/209/07         RAN_37         RP-070729         -         For approval at RAN#37         RP-070729         8.0.0         8.1.0           22/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control channel processing         Correction of the number of subcar								
2007-06-25         -         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#49bis         1.1.2         1.2.0           2007-06         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49bis         1.2.0         1.2.1           2007-08-10         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.3           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.1         1.3.0           2007-08-21         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#50         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-09-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-05         RAN#37         RP-070729         -         Approved version         1.3.2         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0001         -         Introduction of scrambling sequences, uplink reference signal scrambling sequences,								
2007-07-10         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#49bis         1.2.0         1.2.1           2007-08-20         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.1         1.2.2           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.3         1.3.0           2007-08-24         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#50         1.3.0         1.3.1           2007-09-05         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#50         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-09-05         -         -         For approval at RAN%37         RP-07029         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0           12/09/07         RAN_37         RP-07029         Approved version         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-07029         Outpate divers secondary synchronization sequences and control         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/5/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         8.2.0							+	
2007-08-10         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         12.1         12.2         12.2           2007-08-20         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         12.2         12.3           2007-08-24         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#50         13.3         13.0         13.31           2007-09-06         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         13.1         13.2         20.00           2007-09-08         RAN#37         RP-070729         -         F or approval at RAN#37         13.2         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0001         -         Introduction of optimized FS2 for TDD         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         -         sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control channel processing         8.0.0         8.1.0         8.1.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of PUCCH resource index for PUCCH format 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correctio								
2007-08-20         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.2.2         1.2.3           2007-08-24         -         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#50         1.3.0         1.3.0         1.3.0           2007-08-27         -         -         -         Editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-09-05         -         -         -         For approval at RAN#37         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-07         RAN_37         RP-070729         -         For approval at RAN#37         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-07         RAN_37         RP-070799         Output version         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.1.0           22091/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0001         -         Introduction of scrambling sequences, uplink reference signal         sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_39         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of the number of subcarriers in PUSCH transform         sequences, approxed at RAN_40         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0005         -         Correction of PUCCH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0								
2007-08-24         -         -         -         Endorsed by RAN1#50         1.2.3         1.3.0           2007-09-05         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#50         1.3.1         1.3.1           2007-09-05         -         -         -         For approval at RAN#37         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-08         RAN#37         RP-070729         -         For approval at RAN#37         1.3.2         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         -         sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         -         signals, scrambling sequences, pubrick reference signal         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         <								
2007-08-27         -         -         -         Editor's version, including decisions from RAN1#50         1.3.0         1.3.1           2007-09-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2         2.0.0           2007-09-05         -         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.2         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0           2007-09-05         RAN#37         RP-070729         -         Approved version         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         -         sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control channel processing         8.0.0         8.1.0         8.1.0         8.1.0         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         82.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0005         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         82.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PUCCH resource inde								
2007-09-05         -         -         -         Updated editor's version         1.3.1         1.3.2           2007-09-08         RAN#37         RP-070729         -         For approval at RAN#37         1.3.2         2.0.0           12/09/07         RAN 37         RP-070729         -         Approved version         2.0.0         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN 38         RP-070949         0001         -         Introduction of optimized FS2 for TDD         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN 38         RP-070949         0002         -         sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control channel processing         8.0.0         8.1.0           05/03/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of the number of subcarriers in PUSCH transform precoding         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PUCCH resource index for PUCCH format 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN 40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of the predefined hopping pattern for PUSCH frams 1         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN 40         RP-080432         0006         -		_						
2007-09-08         RAN#37         RP-070729         -         For approval at RAN#37         1.3.2         2.0.0         8.0.0           12/09/07         RAN_37         RP-070729         Approved version         2.0.0         8.0.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0001         -         Introduction of optimized FS2 for TDD         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         -         sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control channel processing         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_39         RP-080219         0003         1         update of uplink reference-signal hopping, downlink reference         8.1.0         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of the number of subcarriers in PUSCH transform precoding         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PUICH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of the predefined hopping pattern for PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432			-					
12/09/07         RAN_37         RP-070729         Approved version         2.0.0         8.0.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0001         Introduction of optimized FS2 for TDD         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control channel processing         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/05/08         RAN_39         RP-080219         0003         1         Update of uplink reference-signal hopping, downlink reference signal sequences, such any synchronization sequences and control channel processing         8.1.0         8.1.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         Correction of the number of subcarriers in PUSCH transform precoding         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         Correction of PUCCH resource index for PUCCH format 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0008         Non-binary hashing functions         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0001         1         CR recition to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         R								
28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0001         -         Introduction of optimized FS2 for TDD         8.0.0         8.1.0           28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         -         Introduction of scrambling sequences, uplink reference signal sequences and control channel processing         8.0.0         8.1.0           05/03/08         RAN_39         RP-080219         0003         1         Update of uplink reference-signal hopping, downlink reference signals, scrambling sequences, DwPTS/UPPTS lengths for TDD and control channel processing         8.1.0         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of the number of subcarriers in PUSCH transform precoding         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PUCCH resource index for PUCCH format 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0007         3         Correction of the predefined hopping pattern for PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0001         1         CR or uplink DM RS hopping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0012         1 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				-	-			
28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         -         Introduction of scrambling sequences, uplink reference signal sequences and control channel processing         8.0.0         8.1.0           05/03/08         RAN_39         RP-080219         0003         1         signals, scrambling sequences, DwPTS/UpPTS lengths for TDD and control channel processing         8.1.0         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of the number of subcarriers in PUSCH transform precoding         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0005         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0007         3         Correction of PUCCH resource index for PUSCH format 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0009         1         PUCCH format 1         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0011         1         Correction of PUCCH in absent of mixed format         8.2.0         8.3.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0001</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				0001				
28/11/07         RAN_38         RP-070949         0002         -         sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control channel processing         8.0.0         8.1.0           05/03/08         RAN_39         RP-080219         0003         1         Update of uplink reference-signal hopping, downlink reference signals, scrambling sequences, DwPTS/UpPTS lengths for TDD and control channel processing         8.1.0         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of the number of subcarriers in PUSCH transform precoding         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PUCCH resource index for PUCCH format 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of the predefined hopping pattern for PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0001         1         Correction of the mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0010         1         Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015	26/11/07	RAIN_30	RP-070949	0001	-		8.0.0	0.1.0
05/03/08         RAN_39         RP-080219         0003         1         Update of uplink reference-signal hopping, downlink reference signals, scrambling sequences, DwPTS/UpPTS lengths for TDD and control channel processing         8.1.0         8.2.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         Correction of the number of subcarriers in PUSCH transform precoding         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0007         3         Correction of the predefined hopping pattern for PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0009         1         PUCCH format 1         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0010         1         CR on Uplink DM RS hopping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0	28/11/07	RAN_38	RP-070949	0002	-	sequences, secondary synchronization sequences and control	8.0.0	8.1.0
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0004         -         precoding         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0005         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PUCCH resource index for PUCCH format 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0007         3         Correction of the predefined hopping pattern for PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0009         1         PUCCH format 1         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0010         1         CR on Uplink DM RS hopping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0012         1         Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017	05/03/08	RAN_39	RP-080219	0003	1	Update of uplink reference-signal hopping, downlink reference signals, scrambling sequences, DwPTS/UpPTS lengths for TDD and	8.1.0	8.2.0
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0005         -         Correction of PHICH mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PUCCH resource index for PUCCH format 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0007         3         Correction of the predefined hopping pattern for PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0009         1         PUCCH format 1         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0010         1         CR on Uplink DM RS hopping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0012         1         Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0016         1         Correction of PUCCH in absent of mixed format         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432 <td>28/05/08</td> <td>RAN_40</td> <td>RP-080432</td> <td>0004</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>8.2.0</td> <td>8.3.0</td>	28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432	0004	-		8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0006         -         Correction of PUCCH resource index for PUCCH format 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0007         3         Correction of the predefined hopping pattern for PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0008         -         Non-binary hashing functions         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0009         1         PUCCH format 1         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0010         1         CR on Uplink DM RS hopping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0012         1         Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP	28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432	0005	-		8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0007         3         Correction of the predefined hopping pattern for PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0008         -         Non-binary hashing functions         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0009         1         PUCCH format 1         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0010         1         CR on Uplink DM RS hopping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0012         1         Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0016         1         Correction of PUCCH in absent of mixed format         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432<					-			
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0008         -         Non-binary hashing functions         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0009         1         PUCCH format 1         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0010         1         CR on Uplink DM RS hopping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0012         1         Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0016         1         Correction of PUCCH in absent of mixed format         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0019         -         On Delta^pucch_shift correction         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021 </td <td>28/05/08</td> <td>RAN_40</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	28/05/08	RAN_40			3			
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0009         1         PUCCH format 1         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0010         1         CR on Uplink DM RS hopping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0012         1         Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0016         1         Correction of PUCCH in absent of mixed format         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0018         3         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40					-			
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0010         1         CR on Uplink DM RS hopping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0012         1         Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0016         1         Correction of PUCCH in absent of mixed format         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0018         3         Correction of the description of frame structure type 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0019         -         On Delta^pucch_shift correction         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08	28/05/08				1		8.2.0	
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0012         1         Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in PUSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0016         1         Correction of PUCCH in absent of mixed format         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0018         3         Correction of the description of frame structure type 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0019         -         On Delta^pucch_shift correction         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0022         -         Downlink VRB mapping to PRB for distributed transmission         8.2.0         8.3.0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>RAN_40</td><td>RP-080432</td><td>0010</td><td>1</td><td></td><td>8.2.0</td><td></td></t<>		RAN_40	RP-080432	0010	1		8.2.0	
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0015         1         PHICH mapping for one and two antenna ports in extended CP         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0016         1         Correction of PUCCH in absent of mixed format         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0018         3         Correction of the description of frame structure type 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0019         -         On Delta^pucch_shift correction         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0022         -         Downlink VRB mapping to PRB for distributed transmission         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05	28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432	0012	1	Correction to limitation of constellation size of ACK transmission in	8.2.0	
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0016         1         Correction of PUCCH in absent of mixed format         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0018         3         Correction of the description of frame structure type 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0019         -         On Delta^pucch_shift correction         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0022         -         Downlink VRB mapping to PRB for distributed transmission         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0023         -         Clarification of modulation symbols to REs mapping for DVRB         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/0	28/05/08	RAN 40	RP-080432	0015	1		8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0017         -         Specification of CCE size and PHICH resource indication         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0018         3         Correction of the description of frame structure type 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0019         -         On Delta^pucch_shift correction         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0022         -         Downlink VRB mapping to PRB for distributed transmission         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0023         -         Clarification of modulation symbols to REs mapping for DVRB         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0024         1         Consideration on the scrambling of PDSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08								
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0018         3         Correction of the description of frame structure type 2         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0019         -         On Delta^pucch_shift correction         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0019         -         On Delta^pucch_shift correction         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0022         -         Downlink VRB mapping to PRB for distributed transmission         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0023         -         Clarification of modulation symbols to REs mapping for DVRB         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0024         1         Consideration on the scrambling of PDSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40								
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0019         -         On Delta^pucch_shift correction         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0022         -         Downlink VRB mapping to PRB for distributed transmission         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0023         -         Clarification of modulation symbols to REs mapping for DVRB         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0024         1         Consideration on the scrambling of PDSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0026         1         CR on Downlink RS         8.2.0         8.3.0								
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0021         -         Corrections to Secondary Synchronization Signal Mapping         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0022         -         Downlink VRB mapping to PRB for distributed transmission         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0023         -         Clarification of modulation symbols to REs mapping for DVRB         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0023         -         Clarification of modulation symbols to REs mapping for DVRB         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0024         1         Consideration on the scrambling of PDSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0026         1         CR on Downlink RS         8.2.0         8.3.0		_						
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0022         -         Downlink VRB mapping to PRB for distributed transmission         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0023         -         Clarification of modulation symbols to REs mapping for DVRB         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0024         1         Consideration on the scrambling of PDSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0026         1         CR on Downlink RS         8.2.0         8.3.0								
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0023         -         Clarification of modulation symbols to REs mapping for DVRB         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0024         1         Consideration on the scrambling of PDSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0026         1         CR on Downlink RS         8.2.0         8.3.0								
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0024         1         Consideration on the scrambling of PDSCH         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0026         1         CR on Downlink RS         8.2.0         8.3.0								
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0025         -         Corrections to Initialization of DL RS Scrambling         8.2.0         8.3.0           28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0026         1         CR on Downlink RS         8.2.0         8.3.0					1			
28/05/08         RAN_40         RP-080432         0026         1         CR on Downlink RS         8.2.0         8.3.0					-			
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Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR		Subject/Comment	Old	New
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432		1	Fixed timing advance offset for LTE TDD and half-duplex FDD	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432		1	Timing of random access preamble format 4	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432		1	Uplink sounding RS bandwidth configuration	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432		-	Use of common RS when UE-specific RS are configured	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432		1	Uplink RS Updates	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432		-	Orthogonal cover sequence for shortened PUCCH format 1a and 1b	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432		-	Clarification of PDCCH mapping	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432		-	TDD PRACH time/frequency mapping	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432		-	Cell Specific Uplink Sounding RS Subframe Configuration	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432	0038	-	PDCCH length for carriers with mixed MBSFN and Unicast Traffic	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432	0040	-	Correction to the scrambling sequence generation for PUCCH,	8.2.0	8.3.0
28/05/08	RAN_40	RP-080432	0041	-	PCFICH, PHICH, MBSFN RS and UE specific RS	8.2.0	8.3.0
		RP-080432		-	PDCCH coverage in narrow bandwidths		
28/05/08 28/05/08	RAN_40 RAN_40	RP-080432 RP-080432		-	Closed-Loop and Open-Loop Spatial Multiplexing Removal of small-delay CDD	8.2.0	8.3.0 8.3.0
09/09/08		RP-080432 RP-080668		-		8.2.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41		48		Frequency Shifting of UE-specific RS	8.3.0	
	RAN_41	RP-080668	49	1	Correction of PHICH to RE mapping in extended CP subframe	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41 RAN_41	RP-080668	50	-	Corrections to for handling remaining Res	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08		RP-080668	51 52		PRACH configuration for frame structure type 1	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668		2	Correction of PUCCH index generation formula	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668 RP-080668	53	-	Orthogonal cover sequence for shortened PUCCH format 1a and 1b	8.3.0	8.4.0
	RAN_41		54	-	Correction of mapping of ACK/NAK to binary bit values	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	56	2	Remaining issues on SRS hopping	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	57	1	Correction of n_cs(n_s) and OC/CS remapping for PUCCH formats 1/1a/1b and 2/2a/2b	8.3.0	8.4.0
					Corrections to Rank information scrambling in Uplink Shared		
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	59	-	Channel	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN 41	RP-080668	60	-	Definition on the slot number for frame structure type 2	8.3.0	8.4.0
	_				Correction of the Npucch sequence upper limit for the formats		
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	61	-	1/1a/1b	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	62	1	Clarifications for DMRS parameters	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	63	-	Correction of n_prs	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	64	1	Introducing missing L1 parameters to 36.211	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	65	3	Clarification on reception of synchronization signals	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	66	-	Correction to the downlink/uplink timing	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	67	-	ACK/NACK Scrambling scheme on PUCCH	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN 41	RP-080668	68	-	DCI format1C	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	69	-	Refinement for REG Definition for $n = 4$	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	71	-	Correcting Ncs value for PRACH preamble format 0-3	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	73	-	Correction of the half duplex timing advance offset value	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	74	-	Correction to Precoding for Transmit Diversity	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN 41	RP-080668	75	-	Clarification on number of OFDM symbols used for PDCCH		8.4.0
09/09/08		RP-080668	77	-	Number of antenna ports for PDSCH		8.4.0
					Correction to Type 2 PUSCH predetermined hopping for Nsb=1		
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	78	-	operation	8.3.0	8.4.0
09/09/08	RAN_41	RP-080668	79	-	PRACH frequency location	8.3.0	8.4.0
03/12/08		RP-081074	70	1	Correction for the definition of UE-specific reference signals	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08		RP-081074	72	2	Corrections to precoding for large delay CDD	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08		RP-081074	80	-	Correction to the definition of nbar_oc for extended CP	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	81	1	Specification of reserved REs not used for RS	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	82	2	Clarification of the random access preamble transmission timing	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08		RP-081074	83	1	Indexing of PRACH resources within the radio frame		8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	84	6	Alignment of RAN1/RAN2 specification	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	_	RP-081074	86	-	Clarification on scrambling of ACK/NAK bits for PUCCH format 2a/2b	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08			87	-	Correction of introduction of shortened SR	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	88	-	Corrections to 36.211	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	89	-	Clarification on PUSCH DM RS Cyclic Shift Hopping	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	92	1	Correction to the uplink DM RS assignment	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074		-	Clarify the RNTI used in scrambling sequence initialization	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	94	1	On linkage Among UL Power Control Parameters	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074		-	Clarification on PUSCH pre-determined hopping pattern	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	96	-	Clarification of SRS sequence-group and base sequence number	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	97	1	SRS subframe configuration	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	98	-	Remaining SRS details for TDD	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42 RAN_42	RP-081074		-	Clarifying UL VRB Allocation	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42 RAN_42	RP-081074		-	Clarification on PUCCH resource hopping	8.4.0	8.5.0
00/12/00	1.7.11 42				Correction for definition of Qm and a pseudo code syntax error in		
			1 4 0 4		solution of dominion of dim and a pould code syntax endi m	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	101	-	Scrambling.	0.4.0	0.0.0
03/12/08	RAN_42 RAN_42	RP-081074 RP-081074		-	Scrambling. Remaining Issues on SRS of TDD	8.4.0	8.5.0

					Change history		
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
					bandwidth		
03/12/08		RP-081074		-	General corrections to SRS		8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	109	2	Correction to PCFICH specification	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	110	1	Correction to Layer Mapping for Transmit Diversity with Four Antenna	8.4.0	8.5.0
00/12/00	10.01	14 001074	110	'	Ports	0.4.0	0.0.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	111	-	Correction of the mapping of cyclic shift filed in DCI format 0 to the	8.4.0	8.5.0
	_				dynamic cyclic shift offset		
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	112	-	DRS collision handling	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	113	-	Clarification to enable reuse of non-active PUCCH CQI RBs for	8.4.0	8.5.0
	_				PUSCH		
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	114	1	PUSCH Mirror Hopping operation	8.4.0	8.5.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-081074	108	1	Extended and normal cyclic prefix in DL and UL for LTE TDD	8.4.0	8.5.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234	115	1	Alignment of PRACH configuration index for FS type 1 and type 2	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234	118	1	Clarification for DRS Collision handling	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234	121	1	Removing inverse modulo operation	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234	123	1	Clarification on the use of preamble format 4	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	<b>RAN_43</b>	RP-090234	124	-	Clarification of RNTI used in scrambling sequence	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234	125	1	Clarifying PDCCH RE mapping		8.6.0
04/03/09		RP-090234	126	-	Correction of preamble format 4 timing		8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234	127	2	Corrections to SRS	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234	128	2	Clarification of PDSCH Mapping to Resource Elements		8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234		1	Alignment with correct ASN1 parameter names		8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234	129	-	Correction to PUCCH format 1 mapping to physical resources	8.5.0	8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234	130	-	Correction to type-2 PUSCH hopping		8.6.0
04/03/09	RAN_43	RP-090234 RP-090234		-	Alignment of SRS configuration		8.6.0
27/05/09			134		Correction on UE behavior for PRACH 20ms periodicity		
	RAN_44	RP-090527		-		8.6.0	8.7.0
15/09/09	RAN_45	RP-090888	137	1	Clarification on DMRS sequence for PUSCH	8.7.0	8.8.0
15/09/09	RAN_45	RP-090888	138	1	Correction to PHICH resource mapping for TDD and to PHICH	8.7.0	8.8.0
					scrambling		
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091168	142	-	Clarification of the transmit condition for UE specific reference signals		8.9.0
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091172	139	2	Introduction of LTE positioning	8.9.0	9.0.0
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091177	140	3	Editorial corrections to 36.211	8.9.0	9.0.0
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091257	141	1	Introduction of enhanced dual layer transmission	8.9.0	9.0.0
16/03/10	RAN_47	RP-100209	144	1	Removal of square brackets on positioning subframe periodicities	9.0.0	9.1.0
16/03/10	RAN_47	RP-100209	145	-	Clarification of the CP length of empty OFDM symbols in PRS	9.0.0	9.1.0
10/03/10	KAN_4/	KF-100209			subframes	9.0.0	9.1.0
16/03/10	RAN_47	RP-100210	146	-	Clarification of MBSFN subframe definition	9.0.0	9.1.0
07/12/10	RAN_50	RP-101320	148	-	Introduction of Rel-10 LTE-Advanced features in 36.211	9.1.0	10.0.0
15/03/11	<b>RAN_51</b>	RP-110254	149	1	Correction on UE behavior for PRACH preamble format 4	10.0.0	10.1.0
15/03/11	RAN_51	RP-110256	150	-	Corrections to Rel-10 LTE-Advanced features in 36.211	10.0.0	
01/06/11		RP-110818	153	2	PUSCH interaction with periodic SRS	10.1.0	
01/06/11		RP-110819		1	Correction on describing PUCCH format 3	10.1.0	
			155	3	Correction on codebooks for CSI-RS based feedback for up to 4 CSI-		
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110821	.00		RS ports.	10.1.0	10.2.0
	1		156	-	Correction on overlapping non-zero-power and zero-power CSI-RS		
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110821	150	-	configurations	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110821	157	-	Correction on CSI-RS configuration	10.1.0	10 2 0
01/06/11	RAN_52 RAN_52	RP-110821	157	-	PDSCH transmission in MBSFN subframes	10.1.0	
			158	-	Correction on implicit derivation of transmission comb per antenna		
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110823	159	1 -	port for SRS	10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	DAN 50	DD 110000	160	<u> </u>		10.1.0	10.2.0
01/06/11	RAN_52	RP-110823		-	Uplink DMRS sequence in RACH procedure	10.1.0	
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111229	162	-	Corrections on DMRS for Extended CP	10.2.0	10.3.0
15/09/11	<b>RAN_53</b>	RP-111228	163	-	Clarification of applicability of precoding power scaling factors for	10.2.0	10.3.0
	_	RP-111228			PDSCH DEPARTMENT		
		188-111228	164	-	Correction to modulation and upconversion on PRACH	10.2.0	
15/09/11	RAN_53						10.3.0
15/09/11 15/09/11	RAN_53 RAN_53	RP-111220		-	Clarification on cyclic prefix of PDSCH in MBSFN subframes	10.2.0	
15/09/11	RAN_53	RP-111229	165		Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B		10.3.0
15/09/11 15/09/11	RAN_53 RAN_53	RP-111229 RP-111229	165 166	3	Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B and 2C	10.2.0	
15/09/11 15/09/11 05/12/11	RAN_53 RAN_53 RAN_54	RP-111229 RP-111229 RP-111668	165 166 167		Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B and 2C A correction to PDSCH precoding for CQI calculation	10.2.0 10.3.0	10.4.0
15/09/11 15/09/11 05/12/11 05/12/11	RAN_53 RAN_53 RAN_54 RAN_54	RP-111229 RP-111229 RP-111668 RP-111668	165 166 167 168	3	Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B and 2C A correction to PDSCH precoding for CQI calculation Correction to figure of CSI-RS pattern in extended-CP subframe	10.2.0 10.3.0 10.3.0	10.4.0 10.4.0
15/09/11 15/09/11 05/12/11 05/12/11 13/06/12	RAN_53 RAN_53 RAN_54	RP-111229 RP-111229 RP-111668	165 166 167 168	3	Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B and 2C A correction to PDSCH precoding for CQI calculation	10.2.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.4.0	10.4.0 10.4.0 10.5.0
15/09/11 15/09/11 05/12/11 05/12/11	RAN_53 RAN_53 RAN_54 RAN_54	RP-111229 RP-111229 RP-111668 RP-111668	165 166 167 168 169	3 - -	Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B and 2C A correction to PDSCH precoding for CQI calculation Correction to figure of CSI-RS pattern in extended-CP subframe Correction to resource mapping for PDSCH Correction for DMRS group hopping and sequence hopping	10.2.0 10.3.0 10.3.0	10.4.0 10.4.0 10.5.0
15/09/11 15/09/11 05/12/11 05/12/11 13/06/12 13/06/12	RAN_53           RAN_53           RAN_54           RAN_54           RAN_56           RAN_56	RP-111229 RP-111229 RP-111668 RP-111668 RP-120736 RP-120739	165 166 167 168 169 171	3 - - -	Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B and 2C A correction to PDSCH precoding for CQI calculation Correction to figure of CSI-RS pattern in extended-CP subframe Correction to resource mapping for PDSCH	10.2.0 10.3.0 10.4.0 10.4.0	10.4.0 10.4.0 10.5.0 10.5.0
15/09/11 15/09/11 05/12/11 05/12/11 13/06/12	RAN_53           RAN_53           RAN_54           RAN_54           RAN_54           RAN_54	RP-111229 RP-111229 RP-111668 RP-111668 RP-120736	165 166 167 168 169 171	3	Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B and 2C A correction to PDSCH precoding for CQI calculation Correction to figure of CSI-RS pattern in extended-CP subframe Correction to resource mapping for PDSCH Correction for DMRS group hopping and sequence hopping	10.2.0 10.3.0 10.3.0 10.4.0	10.4.0 10.4.0 10.5.0 10.5.0
15/09/11 15/09/11 05/12/11 05/12/11 13/06/12 13/06/12	RAN_53           RAN_53           RAN_54           RAN_54           RAN_56           RAN_56           RAN_56	RP-111229 RP-111229 RP-111668 RP-111668 RP-120736 RP-120738	165 166 167 168 169 171	3 - - -	Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B and 2C A correction to PDSCH precoding for CQI calculation Correction to figure of CSI-RS pattern in extended-CP subframe Correction to resource mapping for PDSCH Correction for DMRS group hopping and sequence hopping Correction to assumed CSI-RS transmissions in subframes used for paging	10.2.0 10.3.0 10.4.0 10.4.0	10.4.0 10.4.0 10.5.0 10.5.0 10.5.0
15/09/11 15/09/11 05/12/11 05/12/11 13/06/12 13/06/12	RAN_53           RAN_53           RAN_54           RAN_54           RAN_56           RAN_56           RAN_56           RAN_56           RAN_56           RAN_56	RP-111229 RP-111229 RP-111668 RP-111668 RP-120736 RP-120739	165 166 167 168 169 171 172 172	3	Corrections on indication in scrambling identity field in DCI format 2B and 2C A correction to PDSCH precoding for CQI calculation Correction to figure of CSI-RS pattern in extended-CP subframe Correction to resource mapping for PDSCH Correction for DMRS group hopping and sequence hopping Correction to assumed CSI-RS transmissions in subframes used for	10.2.0 10.3.0 10.4.0 10.4.0 10.4.0	10.4.0 10.4.0 10.5.0 10.5.0 10.5.0 10.6.0